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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XVIII. ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26, 1886 PRICE FIVE CENTS

OUR NATIONAL BANKS.

SUGGESTIONS FOR AMENDING THE LAWS.

Comptroller Trenholm, in His Annual Report, Makes a Statement of the Condition of the Banks, the Number of Shares, the Shareholders and the Number—The Debt Reduction.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—The annual report of Hon. William L. Trenholm, comptroller of currency, contains suggestions for the amendment of the national bank laws in about a dozen instances, including the contingent liability of shareholders' requirements as to reserve, limit on loans to individuals, a more thorough examination of banks and their protection against unequal state taxation. The specific character of these suggestions is withheld for the present. Three thousand five hundred and eighty national banks have been organized in all, of which 2,858 are now in operation. Of these 174 have been organized during the past year, with a capital of $9,660,000; bonds $3,700,000; circulation $2,900,000. Twenty-four banks went into voluntary liquidation during the year; one ceased to exist by expiration of charter and eight failed. The failed banks have an aggregate capital of $650,000; surplus and undivided profits $204,000; liabilities, $1,300,000. The creditors of two of these banks have been paid in full, principal and interest. In two cases the dividends have reached fifty per cent; in one case seventy five per cent and one twenty per cent.

Total dividends paid during the year by all solvent banks exceed $1,600,000, and eight banks have been finally wound up and accounts closed, leaving twenty-five insolvent banks still in the hands of receivers. Since the beginning of the system, in 1863, only 112 national banks have failed. Of these, thirty-eight have paid their creditors in full and twenty have paid interest besides, fifteen in full and five in part. An interesting comparison is made between national banks previously existing as state institutions and those originally organized under the national bank law. In each case only three per cent of the number organized became insolvent. Very full tables are given showing the distribution of shares of stock in national banks in every state and territory, distinguishing between the shares held by residents of a state and non residents, by natural persons, and by various classes of corporations.

The total shares are over seven millions; total shareholders 223,000. Over 90 per cent of all national bank stock is held by residents of the state in which the bank is located; more than 91 per cent is held by natural persons, and over 76 per cent of the number of shareholders are natural persons. Among the corporations holding national bank stock, the greatest amount is held by savings banks, trust companies and insurance companies. More than half the entire number of shareholders hold ten shares or less; about one third hold over ten shares, but less than fifty, while those holding more than fifty shares number but little more than one-ninth.

The effect of the reduction of the public debt and the high premium on bonds upon the volume of national bank circulation is very fully illustrated in the report. The contraction in national bank circulation during the year exceeds $56,000,000. Besides the usual tables showing the condition of national banks at various dates, the report this year contains an abstract which specifies each item of their resources and liabilities. Banks in several states, reserve cities and territories; have their conditions stated separately.

A large diagram exhibiting the main features of the national banking system and their variations during the past twenty-one years accompanies the report. From this it appears that the aggregate deposits in the banks have increased from $522 000,000 in January, 1886, to $1,173,000,000 in October, 1886; while loans and discounts have risen from $500,000,000 to $1,443,000,000. Specie held by national banks in 1886 was $19,000 000; in October, 1875, it was only $8,000,000; while in July, 1885, it was $177 000,000, and is now $156,000,000.

Mr. Trenholm declines to say whether his report contains any specific recommendations in regard to the modification of law making United States bonds the basis of national bank currency, but it is made clear at the department that he has presented a strong array of facts and figures, showing how valuable the system has become to the entire country and how important it is that it should be made adaptable to the needs of communities in the west and south where vast natural resources await development by aid of outside capital.

THE POTOMAC FLATS.

Suit to be Instituted to Settle the Title to Them.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—The attorney general tomorrow will institute suit in the supreme court in the District of Columbia to settle the title to the Potomac flats, and especially that portion of them which has been known for years as Kidwell meadows. The list of defendants is very long, numbering forty-nine, distributed over a wide range of territory. The bill to be filed deals only with the Kidwell claim, and it is charged that the patent is null and void for several reasons, the most important being that it was obtained through fraud and collusion between John Wilson, Kidwell's attorney, and his brother, Joseph S. Wilson, who was commissioner of the land office in 1859, when the patent was issued. The other defendants are heirs of Chief Justice Marshall who at the time of his death claimed to have vested in him a title to the Potomac river, its islands, water, fish and everthing else pertaining to it, as granted of Denny Martin Fairfax, devisee of Lord Fairfax, who became owner of what is called the "grant from the British crown in 1709 to a northern neck of Virginia, comprising all land between Rappahannock and Potomac rivers." The government will throw the burden of proof upon these and other claimants, compelling them to come into court and show on what grounds they base their claims. The amount of land involved in the Kidwell claim is forty-seven acres.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

Horrors of the Late Great Blizzard in the West.

MANDAN, Dak., November 25.—Two children, named Meisal, were frozen to death ten miles north of here while looking for lost stock. Two young men, brothers, named Sims, were frozen to death while returning from work.

SANBORN, Dak., November 25.—Mrs. Joseph Bezelliee was lost in the blizzard Monday night and when found was so badly frozen that her recovery is doubtful.

CRUSHED BY SNOW.

A Little Later Dancers Would Have Been Under It.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., November 25.—The Pioneer rink, formerly used for roller skating and lately for various entertainments, collapsed under the heavy burden of snow on its roof, this evening. About seventy persons were in the building at the time, but all escaped. The City Guard band had engaged the rink for a ball this evening, and a crowd of persons were on their way thither when the crash occurred.

Rain, Sleet and Snow.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 25.—It has been snowing and raining here since daylight today. On the mountains east of here a sleet storm has been raging, and all the wires are down for thirty miles between Dorry and Conewaugh, on the Pennsylvania railroad.

THE ANARCHISTS.

A Supersedeas Granted by an Illinois Judge in Their Favor.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., November 25.—At 11 o'clock this morning Judge Scott granted a supersedeas in the anarchists' case. Messrs. Black, Swett and Solomon, counsel for the anarchists, started at once to Ottawa to have the clerk issue an order in pursuance to Judge Scott's instructions. The effect of the order will be to stay the execution at least until the full bench of the supreme court has passed upon the question raised for a new trial. It is estimated that in the ordinary course of procedure, the hearing and decision cannot be reached for six or eight weeks, and that even though the lower court is sustained, the sentence cannot be carried out until some time in March or April.

The points made in brief in behalf of the anarchists, which the attorneys desire to argue before the supreme court, are ones raised during the trial, and argued before Judge Gary on the motion for a new trial—that the judge allowed jurors to try the case who admitted on examination they had formed opinions; that he ruled that a juror under examination was not disqualified, even though he had a fixed opinion at the time of the examination that would require evidence to overcome, provided he would swear he could render a fair and impartial verdict; that where proposed jurors admitted prejudice or bias against socialists, anarchists, or communists, the judge refused to allow counsel for the defendants to ask whether the prejudice was such as to materially affect the weight they would accord to the evidence of defendants if it should appear that they, or some of them, were socialists, anarchists or communists; that they refused to allow challenges for cause on account of such prejudice; that the bailiff selected men unfavorable to the defendants so that their peremptory challenges might be sooner exhausted; that in giving instructions the court proceeded upon the theory that the defendants might be convicted without the state being obliged, by legal evidence, to indemnify the principal or to show that the defendants advised or even had knowledge of the commission of a particular act by the principal; that court refused to give any instruction allowing the jury to consider whether the unknown bomb-thrower might not have thrown the bombs under some sudden provocation by reason of a supposed unlawful attack of the police upon a peaceable and lawful assemblage; that there can be no conviction of an accessory without the identification of the principal, and that the instruction given by Judge Gary of his own motion, in which he undertook to summarise and condense all instructions in the case, was improper and fatally defective.

Judge Scott's order granting the supersedeas is purely formal. Without going into any particulars or giving any reasons, he simply certifies that in his opinion "there is reasonable grounds for granting the writ."

TRAINS IN COLLISION.

An Express Train Runs into a Freight—Loss of Life.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 25.—The through train on the Cleveland and Pittsburg railroad, which left this city at 11:25 last night, ran into a freight train at Conway's station, twenty-four miles from Pittsburg, on the Fort Wayne road, shortly after midnight, derailing the caboose and two freight cars and the engine of the express train. Fireman Harry Burkshaw, of Cleveland, was hurled from the cab by the force of the collision and killed outright. Engineer Hank Shannon, of Bedford, Ohio, was also thrown from the cab and seriously but not fatally injured. Baggage Master Jacob Allen, of this city, was thrown across a car, breaking several ribs and badly bruising him. None of the passengers on the express were injured. The freight train had stopped to take on a supply of water, when the express crashed into it.

THE FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

The Great Game Between Yale and Princeton a Draw.

PRINCETON, N. J., November 25.—The great championship football game between Yale and Princeton, of which much has been written in anticipation, came off here today and was played in a driving rain storm. It resulted in a draw, neither side being able to score. The field was in a terrible condition and fine plays were impossible. The game was stopped before the full time had expired, owing to the rain and darkness. The attendance was the largest ever seen on the Princeton grounds, about 6,000 persons being present. The spectators came principally from New England, New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. The Pennsylvania railroad company ran special trains for the accommodation of those who came to witness the game, but it was a late hour before all the spectators had left Princeton.

Business Disasters.

JACKSON, Miss., November 25.—The failure of E. L. Hudson & Co., one of the largest commercial firms at Brandon, Miss., is reported. No statement of their assets or liabilities has been made public.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., November 25.—R. G. Thomas & Co., dealers in dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, at Brownsville, Tenn., assigned today. Liabilities $20,000, assets $10,000 in stock and $1,000 in accounts.

COCHRAN, Ga., November 25.—Jacob Maas has assigned, with liabilities between $40,000 and $50,000, and assets about the same amount. W. A. Watts is assignee.

The March of the Cholera.

BUENOS AYRES, November 25.—During the last twenty-four hours there have been two cases of cholera in La Boca, one in this city, seven in the hospital for the insane and one in the English hospital. In Cordova, Rosario and Santa Fe there have been several new cases, some of them fatal.

The New Orleans Trades Assembly.

NEW ORLEANS, November 25.—The trades assembly today celebrated its fifth anniversary by procession through the principal streets of the city. Members of the various bodies composing the organization were out in full force, the number of men in line being estimated at 6,000.

The Arrested Pickets.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., November 25.—Excitement over the arrest of the Knights of Labor pickets is subsiding. No arrests were made today.

Attempt to Burn a Hotel.

CHICAGO, November 25.—A fire occurred in the Continental hotel, Wabash avenue and Madison street, early this morning. The flames were extinguished without much damage, although a terrible panic occurred among the guests, nobody was injured. The fire was incendiary, as the flames were found in six different places on different floors and disconnected.

A Blaze in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, November 25.—Fire broke out this afternoon in the four-story brick warehouse, No. 51 South street, owned by Block & Kerr and occupied jointly by E. Harman & Co., dealers in butter and cheese and A. E. Holmes & Sons, tobacco. Loss $15,000. Insured.

Destruction of a Furniture Factory.

PHILADELPHIA, November 25.—The furniture factory of John D. Riggio, Fourth street, was burned today, along with several small tenements near by. The loss to Riggio is $60,000. Other losses $10,000, about half insured.

The Jewish Orphans' Home.

NEW ORLEANS, November 25.—The corner stone of the new Jewish widows and orphans' home, at the corner of St. Charles and Peters avenues, was laid this afternoon, with appropriate ceremonies.

THE DAY OF THANKS.

HOW IT WAS OBSERVED EVERYWHERE.

A Heavy Rain in Washington Followed by a Fall of Snow—Everybody Remained Indoors—Observance of the Day Elsewhere in the Country—Americans in Europe.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—The weather here today was so disagreeable that but few people ventured from the shelter of their homes. Rain began falling before daylight and continued to fall till about 5 o'clock, when it turned to snow, which, however, became slush as it fell. For several hours during the middle of the day the down pour was exceedingly heavy and unremitting. As a consequence the attendance at the churches and theaters was very slender. President Cleveland spent the day quietly at the white house, entertaining no one. Several of the cabinet officers entertained a few personal friends, but there was not a formal dining. Inmates of the various charitable and reformatory institutions had extra good dinners provided by public spirited people. Private business was generally suspended and public business totally.

CHARLESTON'S OBSERVANCE.

CHARLESTON, S. C., November 25.—Thanksgiving day was generally observed here. Banks and public offices were closed and business was partially suspended. Appropriate services were held at most of the churches, the subject of pulpit utterances touching largely on the recent earthquake disasters.

THANKSGIVING IN ROME.

The Catholic Prelates Enjoy Themselves at a Banquet.

BALTIMORE, November 25.—The Sun has the following cablegram from Rome: Thanksgiving day was celebrated at the American college by a banquet in honor of the recent arrivals of Bishops Ireland and Kaine, who came to lay before the pope the plan of the proposed Catholic university. Among those present were Cardinal Mazella, Archbishop Smith, of Edinburgh; Bishop Browning, of Ossong, Ireland; Abbot Smith, of the Benedictine order; the secretary of the American legation and other churchmen, and private citizens. Previous to the banquet, Bishop Ireland blessed the arms of the college painted upon the ceiling of the large dining hall. The painting, which represents the virgin in the celestial scene as protectress of the United States, represented by the arms of America, is the work of the celebrated artist, Tordi, and was much admired.

Thanksgiving in Berlin.

BERLIN, November 25.—Two hundred Americans held a festive gathering in the imperial hotel this evening. The United States consul proposed the health of President Cleveland, and Professor Greist toasted the Emperor William.

ERASTUS BROOKS DEAD.

The Veteran Editor and Statesman Passes Away.

NEW YORK, November 25.—Mr. Erastus Brooks, the well known editor and statesman, died at his home on Staten Island. His residence is on Clove road, near Columbia street, in West New Brighton. At a late hour Tuesday night Dr. Samuel Robinson was at his bedside and could give no hope to the sorrowing family. It was not thought that he could live until morning. The moment of his decease seemed to be only a matter of hours. There were grouped around the bedside of the patient sufferer Mrs. Brooks, his devoted wife; Mr. Erastus Eliot Brooks, his son, and Miss Bertha G. Brooks, his daughter, Mrs. Dubois, a married daughter, and her husband; Mr. Eugene Dubois. The veteran editor retained full possession of his senses, knowing all those about him and exhibiting great vitality, but making no complaint until the last.

Dr. Robinson said that the disease began to be noticed on September 13th last, when Mr. Brooks moved a large rock on the grounds at his house. A few days later he was attacked with pleurisy. He recovered in time to attend the Indian conference at Lake Mohowk, Ulster county, October 12, and made several speeches. A relapse compelled him to return home, where he has been ever since. His last literary work was done on a trip to Berkeley, California, with his daughter, to attend the conference of the deaf and dumb institutions of the United States, after which he went over the Northern Pacific railroad and wrote a series of letters to the Mail and Express of New York, and one letter to the Observer from Lake Mohowk.

The funeral will take place on Saturday at 2 p. m. from the Protestant Episcopal church of the Ascension, at West New Brighton. The interment will be at the Moravian cemetery, at New Dorp. There will be no pallbearers and no flowers. Mrs. Brooks, at the request of the veteran editor, desires no unnecessary display.

ASSAULTED BY A MOB.

The Farmers Turn Out Against the Non-Union Men.

SALEM, Mass., November 25.—There was considerable rioting by the striking tanners in this city again today. Simeon K. Yeaton and Joshua Yeaton, brothers, the former a non-union workman and the latter proprietor of a non-union boarding house, were pursued on the street by a mob of five hundred strikers, who followed them to Kelly & Reagan's yard, where the pursued men were protected by two police officers, who closed the gates. The mob tore down the fences, and inflicted serious injuries on the Yeaton brothers. Simeon Yeaton then fired his revolver into the mob, wounding John F. Halpine, one of the rioters, in the side. Halpine was taken to the hospital severely wounded, and the Yeatons were finally escorted to the police station by the officers in safety. Subsequently the mob wrecked a street car, smashing it to splinters. This was followed by a savage attack on Andrew Ferguson and Andrew Bowser, non-union men, and they, too, were badly beaten.

The mob now visited Foote's boarding house, where two more non-union men were assaulted and badly beaten. By this time a large body of police had arrived on the scene, and the mob was dispersed. The leaders of the mob will be arrested. It is not believed that any of the assaulted men will die from their injuries.

REWARDED FOR HEROISM.

Bishop Whipple Presents a Gold Medal to an Engineer.

PORTAGE, Wis., November 25.—Engineer Thomas Little, whose heroic attention to duty on the night of the East Rio disaster undoubtedly saved many lives, was presented last evening by Bishop Whipple with a gold medal. The bishop was on his way home from Philadelphia, where he had the token struck off at the United States mint. The obverse side bears the inscription, "Bishop Whipple to Thomas Little," and reverse side, "For his heroism in saving the lives of passengers at Rio, Wis., October 2d, 1886." The medal is plain, but very neat, being a trifle smaller than the silver dollar. The recipient was taken entirely by surprise, and Bishop Whipple left for home on the night train, after having paid a warm tribute to the engineer.

A Washington Sensation.

WASHINGTON, November 25.—A report reached Washington from the west tonight that an attempt had been made to kill the president today, but up to eleven o'clock all was quiet at the white house. The first intelligence of the attempt upon the president's life was conveyed there in the report from the west.

THE WHISKY OUTPUT.

Facts for Distillers and Bankers Concerned in the Whisky Trade.

LOUISVILLE, November 25.—The Courier-Journal publishes an article on the whisky output, etc., from facts collected by the Wine and Spirit Review, which will be of interest to distillers and bankers interested in the Kentucky whisky trade. Letters addressed to 220 registered distillers in Kentucky, asking what the aggregate output for the year ending June 30, 1887, would be, received answers from forty-nine distilleries whose combined output is 50 per cent of the total crop of 1885-6. In these it is shown that the average percentage of production for all is 79 37 per cent aggregate production for 1886-6 (100 per cent) 17,000 000 gallons; probable production for 1886-7 (79 37 per cent) 13,502,857 gallons.

It is also shown there is in existence a surplus of Kentucky products amounting to 3,000,000 gallons. The figures cover both consumption and production. They show that consumption of Kentucky whisky has fallen off since last report 2,000,000 gallons. Previous calculations have been made upon the basis of that previous report, and therefore have placed the consumption 2,000,000 gallons a year too high, and consequently 6,000,000 gallons excess for the next three years.

The article says: The inference drawn from the figures is that the production should be cut down six million from that now proposed. This would give 7,000,000 as the proper production for Kentucky for the year 1886-7, nearly the same output as that of 1883-4. The cause of the falling off of production is of great importance in this connection. The chief factors in this cause are the improvement in the trade and the higher prices ruling. It is pointed out by the Review as important that the present prices and improved condition be maintained if the business is to continue to return fair profits. In order to maintain prices and trade immediate steps must be taken to reduce the prospective output for the year 1886-7 within the limits named—7,000,000.

Colonel Dargan's Removal.

SUMTER, S. C., November 25.—[Special.]—Colonel John J. Dargan, prominent as the leading free trader of South Carolina, has removed to Austin, Texas, where he will be on the editorial staff of the Statesman, a free trade newspaper. Colonel Dargan has been prominent in Carolina politics for the last ten years. He has many warm friends, and there are many who are warmly opposed to him, not a few regarding him as a crank. It cannot be denied that he is a man of more than ordinary intelligence, and he is also possessed of considerable eloquence. A year ago he became an enthusiastic advocate of free trade, and a few months ago he made a speech in Brooklyn, in which he compared negro slavery and protection. This speech injured him in South Carolina, and it was severely criticised. Colonel Dargan has a good opening before him in Texas, and the probability is that in a few years his eloquent voice will be heard in congress pleading for free trade.

HUNGARY WANTS PEACE.

But if Russia Insists Upon War She Can Have It.

PESTH, November 25.—The Hungarian foreign committee today approved the report presented by Herr Falk. In it he advises Austria to unite on a legal settlement of the union of Bulgaria and Roumelia, accepts Count Kalnoky's statement concerning the government's relations with Germany, and declares that Hungary wants peace, but is prepared to make every sacrifice if driven to extremities. In the course of the debate Count Andrassy declared that Austria and Haugary desired peace, but with honor and the protection of their interests. Neither Germany nor Austria had pursued an aggressive policy. The interests of Austria Hungary demanded that her territory be not surrounded by Russia in the south as well as in the east. Russia could expect no assistance from the south. Servia, Roumania and Bulgaria were already independent. They had nothing to hope for from Russia, but they had rather to fear the imperilling of their liberties. Russia's interest was to follow not an aggressive policy, but a policy of abstention. The question of the candidature of the prince of Mengrelia for the Bulgarian throne was raised, but Count Kalnoky was unable to throw any light upon the subject.

EARL SPENCER SPEAKS.

He is Still Full of Hope for the Liberal Party.

LONDON, November 25.—Earl Spencer, late lord lieutenant of Ireland, addressed a meeting of 7,000 people at Leicester this evening. In the course of his speech he declared that the liberals had not met with irrevocable defeat, and their principles would yet triumph as they had triumphed in effecting reforms in the past. He regretted that Sir Richard Hamilton had resigned the office of under secretary for Ireland, and expressed the fear that an impression would be produced in Ireland that a new under secretary would be appointed with every change of government.

John Bright on Free Trade.

LONDON, November 25.—John Bright, in a letter approving of the erection of a statue of Cobden, at Stockport, denies that free trade is imperilled. He continues:

An American recently asked me if it would be possible to return to protection in England. I replied: "It is not impossible, but it will not come until the United States restore slavery."

The Peruvian Cabinet.

LIMA, via Galveston, November 25.—The cabinet formed by Dr. Pedro A. Dalsolar, is as follows: President of the council of ministers, Pedro A. Delsolar; minister of justice, Cipriano C. Zegarra; minister of foreign affairs, Cesareo Chacaltars; minister of the exchequer, Manuel Grigoyen; minister of war, Rufino Torrier.

Reducing Military Pensions.

PARIS, November 25.—The chamber of deputies today by a vote of 388 against 142 adopted a motion for a reduction of 1 650,000 francs in military pensions. La France says the budget imbroglio has led to a cabinet crisis.

Quieting the Revolt.

LONDON, November 25.—A dispatch from Hyderabad, India, says that the forces of the ameer are gradually quelling the revolt of the Ghilzais and that disturbances are decreasing.

They Will Not Pay the Rent.

DUBLIN, November 25.—The tenants on the Shera estates, in Limerick, recently asked for a reduction of 30 per cent in rents, which was refused, and they are, therefore, depositing rents with the committee.

Coleridge Gains His Suit.

LONDON, November 25.—A verdict has been rendered in favor of Lord Coleridge, in the libel suit brought against him by his son-in-law, Mr. Adams.

An American Church in Paris.

PARIS, November 25.—Bishop Potter today consecrated the new American Trinity church, which was erected at the expense of the principal American citizens residing in Paris.

Motions of Censure Withdrawn.

MADRID, November 25.—All motions in the Cortes, tending to throw censure on the government for its action during the recent rebellion, have been withdrawn.

Arrested for Inciting to Revolt.

SOFIA, November 25.—Captain Tepavischroff, of the military school here, has been arrested for inciting the cadets to revolt against the government.

LE MOINE'S LETTER.

THE FRENCH ECONOMIST ON THE BULGARIAN MATTER.

He Thinks England rather Sonny to Be Holding Down Egypt While Protesting Against Russian Occupation of Bulgaria—The Cholera Record—Landlords Selling to Tenants.

PARIS, November 25.—John Lemoinne writes to the Matin that all the powers except England recognize the Russian right to exercise a preponderating influence in Bulgaria. France, he says, was chosen to protect Russians in Bulgaria because she is the most neutral power. The French government does not desire to repeat the sentimental crusade of 1854 for England's advantage. France has never done anything but promote England's eastern interests. The Crimean war was not a French, but a dynastic struggle.

M. Lemoinne questions whether Russia, in pursuing her ends in the Black sea, menaces France. England makes a mistake to speculate upon French isolation. In the present confused state of European alliances, France will not take decision. She has acquired the right to collect and husband her strength, and one day it will be for her to choose her allies. The eastern question for France has been transferred to Egypt. The English press, says Lemoinne, is illogical. The papers of England regard as monstrous the prospect of Bulgaria's becoming dependent upon Russia, but they consider it natural that Egypt should become dependent upon England. They think it wrong that Russian officers should command the Bulgarian army while they believe it right that English officers should command the forces of Egypt. The Journal says that the protection of Russians in Bulgaria has been entrusted to Germany, and that only in Roumelia, where there are no German consuls, will the Russians enjoy French protection.

SOFIA, November 25.—The Bulgarian government, replying to the note from the porte on the subject of Prince Nicholas, of Mingrelias, election to the throne of Bulgaria, refused to accept Prince Nicholas as a candidate, and says that Turkey's action in the matter is incompatible with the treaty of Berlin.

The cadets of a military school have been disarmed by orders of the commandant. The motive is unknown.

LONDON, November 25.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says that all the European governments except the English have notified Russia that they are willing to accept the prince of Mingrelia as candidate for the Bulgarian throne. Proposals for mediation between Russia and Bulgaria are being suggested.

REVOLUTIONARY INTRIGUES.

Which Had Assassination in View as an Agency.

SOFIA November 25.—Another conspiracy against the government has been discovered. Two officers, one of them a Russian, organized a plot to kill Colonel Nicolaie, Major Popoff and the regents. The crime was to have been committed at 5 o'clock this morning. Major Popoff discovered the plot and caused the arrest of the two officers and of two others who are also implicated. They will be tried in a few days. The officers of the garrison here bitterly complain of the result of the leniency shown in the case of the other conspirators at the instance of General Kaulbars.

TO RECEIVE KAULBARS.

The Sultan Will Allow the Presence of the Russian Agent.

LONDON, November 25.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that the sultan will receive General Kaulbars today.

The Vienna Political Correspondence says that Bulgaria is willing to accept the prince of Oldenburg as ruler.

The Fremdenblatt and Neue Freie Presse, of Vienna, deny that an offensive and defensive alliance has been concluded between Austria and England.

A Pesth dispatch says the Austrian budget committee has agreed upon credits for new repeating rifles for the army.

THE TRANS-ATLANTIC MAILS.

A Meeting to be Held in Liverpool to Discuss the Subject.

LONDON, November 25.—A movement is on foot to hold a public meeting of the mercantile community in Liverpool to discuss the subject of trans-Atlantic mails. In a letter touching a resumption of negotiations with the government by the White Star and Cunard lines, Mr. Burns, of the Cunard steamship company, explains that while his company desired to meet the wishes of the government, it had also to consider the interests of shareholders. The Times considers that a screw was put upon the Cunard and White Star lines by the government invoking the competition of foreign ships. Therefore, it says, the parties to the contract were not in simple commercial relations. "The cabinet," says the Times, "would do well to look at the patriotic as well as at the economic side of the question. Its decision on the subject will have no little effect upon the popularity of the government, especially in these times of depressed trade and languishing enterprise."

LIVERPOOL, November 25.—The chamber of commerce has denounced the new mail scheme.

SELLING THEIR LANDS.

Large Transfers of Real Estate in the North of Ireland.

LONDON, November 25.—London city companies have resolved to sell their lands in the north of Ireland on easy terms to tenants. Salters company will transfer 250,000 acres at the purchase price of £20,000 rental under the terms of the Ashbourne act. The Fishmongers company will transfer 20,500 acres at a yearly rental of £9,500. They offer to sell to tenants at twenty year's purchase on government valuation, the tenants paying annually thirty per cent under the present rental. The Drapers company offers 27,025 acres at a yearly rental of £12,500, at eighteen years' purchase. The tenants accept the offers. The transfer covers nearly the whole of the county of Londonderry.

DISSATISFIED WITH BULLER.

The Landlords Think that He Leans Toward the Tenants.

DUBLIN, November 25.—The United Ireland, in its issue today says it has discovered a plot to oust General Sir Redvers Buller, similar to that which culminated in the removal of Sir Robert Hamilton from the under secretaryship for Ireland. A minor member of the government is said to be implicated in the plot, and in support of its assertion the paper publishes a private letter from a member of the land commission to an English member of the house of commons, denouncing General Buller's friendship for the National league, and saying that his sympathy with the evicted tenants was shown by his testimony before the land commission.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach and General Sir Redvers Buller have returned to Dublin. They attended a meeting of the privy council yesterday, at which important measures were decided upon. The marquis of Londonderry, lord lieutenant, who had intended to go to England, has postponed his departure. It is rumored that vigorous measures will be taken against the national league; that some of the meetings of that body will be prohibited, and perhaps the agitators arrested.

Ordered to Burmah.

RANGOON, November 25.—Five additional Indian regiments have been ordered to Burmah.

A PARIS SENSATION.

Ghastly Discovery in a Fashionable Quarter of the French Capital.

PARIS, November 25.—At an early hour this morning reports spread like wild fire in the neighborhood of the theater de l'Opera and the Place Vendome that a frightful crime had just been discovered. A crowd of five hundred people assembled before the shop of Mlle. Janin, No. 7 Rue du Marche—Saint Honore—where bonnets, laces and haberdashery are sold, shouting:

"Kill her! kill her! She has murdered her mother. Cut her heart out. Tear her to pieces. This wretch, Mlle. Clementine Janin, has locked up her own mother in a cupboard and starved her to death."

The mob then rushed at the shop, broke the windows and forced open the door. Just as the door was burst open with a loud crash M. Lalonde, commissary of police, and a squad of gendarmes arrived and drove back the crowd. The commissary of police entered the apartment, and as he entered the door of the dining room, behind the shop, noticed a terrible smell, that seemed to come from a cupboard. The commissary opened the doors of the cupboard and found the dead body of an old lady resting upon a shelf. The body was dressed in the latest fashion, with a corsage of embroidered jet beads, a gold eye glass and chain about the neck and a Valenciennes lace cap on the head, with violet ribbons. The hands were crossed on the breast, and the eyes were open with a ghastly stare. In the cupboard, also, was a small stove full of ashes and the embers of coal and wood. The gendarmes at once arrested Mlle. Clementine, who is a rather pretty and fashionably dressed brunette about twenty years of age. She said, in reply to questions of the commissary of police:

"Yes, this is my mother, but I am entirely innocent. My mother, who is seventy-one years of age, disappeared on the 14th of November, and then I announced her disappearance at the police station, at the same time depositing at the police station a scrap of paper in my mother's hand writing, with the words: 'You won't change. I am going to drown myself.'"

Commissary Delonde remembered, in fact, distinctly Mlle. Clementine's visit at the police station on the day alleged. Mlle. Clementine continued:

"A few days ago I noticed a strange smell—of a body in a far advanced state of decomposition; but not till this morning did I become anxious, and opening the cupboard, made a ghastly discovery."

Other witnesses gave evidence showing that the old lady had on several occasions announced her intention of committing suicide. Dr. Jegut at once made an examination of the body, but found no traces of violence and pronounced death to have been caused by asphyxiation. The commissary of police made a little speech to the mob, explaining the facts, and the crowd slowly dispersed. Orders were then given for the burial of the body, and an incident that had for a moment threatened a riot in the most fashionable quarter of Paris came to an end.

THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

Emperor William to the Reichstag on Its Opening.

BERLIN, November 25.—The reichstag was opened today by Herr Von Baetticher, minister of the interior, who read a speech from the throne, in which the emperor says:

The object of the policy of the empire, which enjoys peaceful relations with all the states, is to exert in favor of the maintenance of concord among all the powers, the influence which accrues to Germany from her love of peace, from the universal confidence reposed in the empire, owing to the fact that Germany is not concerned in the pending questions, and from the emperor's close friendship with two neighboring courts.

The text of that part of the emperor's speech relating to the septennate bill is as follows:

By the law of May 6th, 1880, the peace effective was fixed until March 31st, 1888. Our military system, therefore, requires a renewing on a legal basis. The army is a guarantee of lasting protection and of the blessings of peace. Although the policy of the empire is always pacific, Germany, in view of the development of the military establishments of neighboring states, cannot longer defer increasing her defensive force, especially the peace effective. A bill, therefore, will be submitted providing for an increase, to take effect from the beginning of the new financial year. The emperor in accord with the federal governments, feels confident that the necessity of the demand, which is indispensable in the interests of national security will be recognized with a full determination by the whole German people and their representatives.

The resolutions required will be raised by increasing matriculatory contributions and applying them to the public credit.

The emperor also mentions a measure to extend the workmen's accident insurance. The government abandons taxation reform until the people more clearly recognize its necessity. The pacific tone of the speech has strengthened the bourse. There was a large buying today of Austrian, Russian and Hungarian securities. It is expected that the septennate bill, when presented to the reichstag, will be immediately referred to a commission of twenty-one members, thus postponing a critical debate on the measure until January.

Saved by the Right.

PARIS, November 25.—M. de Cassagnac claims that the votes of the right saved the cabinet from defeat on M. Faure's motion in the chamber of deputies yesterday.

The chamber of deputies has adopted without incident the various reductions previously agreed upon by the government committee. It is stated that the government will ask for a vote of confidence on Saturday. A rumor is current that M. Aube, minister of marine and colonies, will resign if the naval pensions are reduced. Prime Minister DeFreycinet has postponed the usual diplomatic reception owing to the ministerial crisis.

A Failure in Paris.

PARIS, November 25.—The failure of Theodore Krieger, banker of Breslau, has involved many small shopkeepers and workmen. His deficit amounts to 500,000 marks and assets to 900,000 marks. Krieger has been arrested. He lost in speculation.

Gladstone Calls for the Line.

LONDON, November 25.—Gladstone has written a letter in which he expresses the hope that Hartington and Chamberlain will abate their opposition, explain their cause, or distinctly refuse to co operate with the liberals.

Rothschild's Art Collection.

BERLIN, November 25.—The heirs of the late Baron Rothschild, of Frankfort, will construct a public museum, in which will be exhibited the Rothschild art collection, the richest in the world.

Good News from Australia.

MELBOURNE, November 25.—The government's announcement of important gold discoveries has caused a general revival in the industries of the colony. Owing to recent rains in New South Wales, the largest crop in many years is expected.

Seven Hours a Day's Work.

LONDON, November 25.—At a conference in Manchester of delegates representing 400,000 colliers, it was resolved that hereafter seven hours shall constitute a day's labor.

Money and Troops Needed.

LONDON, November 25.—Admiral Hamilton, commanding her majesty's fleet on the China station, has notified the admiralty that it will require 3,000 troops and three forts to be built to retain Port Hamilton.

Trevelyn Will Not Run.

LONDON, November 25.—Sir George Otto Trevelyn has declined to contest Brighton district for the seat in the house of commons vacated recently by Marriott.

MACON'S HOLIDAY.

HOW MACON FOLKS ENJOYED THANKSGIVING DAY.

A Big Bicycle Race—Services in the Churches—A Clear, Cold Day—A Daring Burglary—An Italian Robbed—A Railroad Case—Other News Notes of the Central City.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—After several days' bad drizzly weather, Thanksgiving morn dawned blue and drizzly. Toward the middle of the forenoon the clouds rolled away, the sun came out and the wind came blowing crisp and cool from the northwest.

The various church services were held. Dr. Potter preached at Mulberry street Methodist church, and the various pastors at St. Paul's, Baptist, Presbyterian and Christ churches. Fair congregations attended the various churches.

At 1 p. m. the big bicycle race came off between R. A. Brantley, of Macon, and Miss Elsa Van Blumen, the champion female rider. The track was very heavy, and after a pull of about forty miles Miss Elsa left the track, and Brantley took a few miles, nearly finishing the fifty miles, and then came off several miles ahead. Between four and five hundred people witnessed the race.

The hunters were out in force, and bags containing a brace of cock robins or a lonely field lark were very prevalent. A great many stores were closed, and the people turned out en masse to observe the day. Zarah Seman was well patronized, and the small boy regaled himself at the dime circus by a large majority.

So far no casualties have been reported, and Thanksgiving day has passed off as pleasantly as a holiday ever passed in Macon.

Big Railroad Case.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—A petition for an injunction has been brought by the Georgia, Southern and Florida railroad company, against the Macon and Covington railroad company, and B. W. Frobell, E. C. Machen, Joseph W. Wimberley and John Hodge, the gist of the complaint being as follows: The orator rehearses the fact that the Georgia, Southern and Florida railroad was only chartered September 8, 1881, and amended as to route on October 6, 1885. Then that the company was organized, and $100,000 bona fide subscriptions to stock obtained, $10,000 of which has been paid in. Further, that the company has adopted a survey in accordance with the charter, to Valdosta and the Florida line, six miles having been graded and $10,000 actually expended in construction. The conditional subscription of $300 000 additional is made to be paid on completion of the road through certain counties on the line. The orator claims to be grading at the rate of five miles per month and is negotiating for an increased force on the road.

The complaint is then made that, although the company has been granted the immunity, that it shall be unlawful for any other railroad to be constructed within twenty miles, laterally, of the road, the Covington and Macon has made a survey in defiance of this act, and has run its lines within the prescribed limits. In fact, that the Covington and Macon line crosses and recrosses the line of survey adopted by the Georgia Southern and Florida road.

The orator then claims that the Covington and Macon has no authority whatever to construct a line southerly from Macon to any point. Then, pointing out how the company's credit is impaired by the laying out of the new road, the orator alleges that the agents of the Covington and Macon, while in New York, used every effort to depreciate the credit of the Georgia Southern and Florida road.

The orator then asks an injuction against the rival line, which is granted in Columbus.

The hearing is set for December 11th, at 10 a. m., and the defendants are temporarily enjoined from engaging in the acts complained of until the hearing is had.

This will probably bring the railroad business south of here to some sort of a focus, and the people interested anxiously await further developments.

A Daring Burglary.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Last night a thief entered the boardinghouse of Mrs. Sayres, on Walnut street, and creeping up stairs, stole $32 from a man named Housan, who runs on the East Tennessee road, and a silver watch from Brumbalve, the jug maker. The thief then picked up an umbrella and brought it down stairs and left it in the hall. The umbrella had a peculiar look that might have given the robber away, and so he left it. About eleven o'clock W. H. Usrey, a bailiff, was seen on the lot, and when the robbery was discovered, about 1 o'clock, suspicion at once fell upon Usrey. On investigation tracks were found in the chimney jamb where Usrey stood and this confirmed the suspicions. Usrey was accordingly arrested and placed in the barracks. Later in the day he was removed to the jail where he remains to await a preliminary trial tomorrow.

Whether the case will be prosecuted or not is not fully decided. The evidence is only circumstantial, and the fact of his guilt is doubted by a great many. It is rather a mysterious affair all round. If Usrey was the thief it is strange why he showed himself on the premises.

An Italian Robbed.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—This morning Antonio Carvello woke up and found that a fifty dollar silver certificate which he had in the house had been stolen. There was no clue whatever to the thief, and the robbery is unaccountable. These Italians manage to accumulate considerable funds by their fruit stands and peanut sales, but unfortunately they are being eternally robbed. This is the third time they have been robbed within a short while.

A Mistrial.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—After being out all night the jury in the case of Dr. J. C. Johnson vs. E. S. McLean, administrator on the Sherwood estate, announced a mistrial. There were eleven of the jurors who were very obstinate and would not come around to the general opinion.

John Redmond's Funeral.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—This afternoon at the Catholic church, the funeral of Johnny Redmond, the young lad who died of heart disease, occurred. There was quite a long procession of carriages, and the friends of the family filled the church.

Possessory Warrants.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Charlie Polk got financially embarrassed and went and stole his father, Pleas Polk's, clothes and carried them to Blowenstein, the pawnbroker, and hypothecated them. Pleas found it out and went and demanded the clothes. Blowenstein refused them, and Pleas swore out a possessory warrant and will try the rights of property.

Mary Lingo also sued out a warrant for larceny to obtain certain things which she claims are in the possession of Mary Sarns. All suits occurred in Judge Freeman's court. The judge is generally busy, holiday or no holiday.

An Old Resident.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Pat Crowe, an old resident of Macon, is reported dead. He was a native Irishman, but came to Macon long ago. By close trading and the practice of the strictest economy, Crowe amassed a considerable property, amounting to between twenty five and thirty thousand dollars. He was never married, but has several relatives, and the property is being managed by a kinsman, Charlie Craig. Crowe was about seventy-five years of age. He filled offices of honor and trust in his day, and was once sheriff of Bibb county.

Personal and Social.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Tonight at the National hotel a grand Thanksgiving ball was given by Mrs. Reeves, the proprietress. There was a large crowd present, and the festivities were kept up until a late hour. Mrs. Reeves is an Atlanta lady, and is doing splendidly in the National.

The Progress club gave a delightful hop at their headquarters.

Hons. W. A. Huff and W. H. Felton spent Thanksgiving day in the city.

The Phi Delta Theta club will give an "Earthquake" reception on the 10th of December.

About December 17, the Alpha Tau Omega will give a reception.

The city begins to put on a holiday appearance.

The genial George Price, of S. B. Price & Sons, presented THE CONSTITUTION with a fine gobbler for Thanksgiving dinner.

THE GREENE RIFLES.

They Return Their Thanks for Courtesies Received.

GREENESBORO, Ga., November 25.—[Special.] At a meeting of the Greene Rifles a committee was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the thanks of the company for the handsome entertainment tendered them by the military and citizens of Atlanta upon the occasion of the inauguration of Governor John B. Gordon. That committee reported as follows:

Whereas, Upon the 10th of November the Greene Rifles, in visiting Atlanta, were the recipients of a most lavish hospitality of kindest entertainment, and of numerous favors as members and as a body, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Greene Rifles are indebted to Captain John Milledge and the officers and members of the Governor's Horse Guard for the sumptuous and elegant banquet tendered them during the afternoon, and for the invitations to the military ball at night,

Resolved, further, That our thanks are due to the officers and members of the Gate City Guard, the Atlanta Rifles and Atlanta Artillery for their attention to us as strangers in the city; their royal entertainment of our members, and their unceasing efforts to make our visit one of unbroken pleasure;

Be it further resolved, That our thanks are tendered the Capitol City club for their handsome entertainment of our corps; that we shall ever bear in pleasant remembrance the delightful occasion and the many courtesies of which we were the recipients and further, that these resolutions be spread upon our minutes and copies be mailed the Governor's Horse Guard, the Gate City Guard, the Atlanta Rifles, and the Atlanta Artillery.

PROPERTY CHANGES.

Northern Men Buy Out Valuable Mills in Dodge.

EASTMAN, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Some valuable property in Eastman and Dodge county has changed hands within the past few days. Messrs. Caleb Churchman, of Wilmington, Del., and James C. Williams, of Baltimore, Md., have contracted for the purchase of the sawmill afte, buildings, machinery and stock now owned by Mr. W. W. Ashburn, of this place, and located a mile from Eastman. The purchasers propose to put in additional machinery and to obtain a charter under the corporate name of Wilmore Lumber company. They may also erect a number of dwellinghouses for sale or rent in Eastman. It is to be hoped they will do this, as the demand for such houses now far exceeds the supply.

Mr. W. N. Listch has purchased the Ashburn house (hotel) from Mr. W. W. Ashburn, and it is said he will soon move in and run the hotel. It is reported that Mr. Listch has given his handsome residence and farm, seven miles below Eastman, to his son-in-law, Mr. John A. Bonds.

SHOT DEAD ON HIS DOOR STEP.

A Mysterious Tragedy Reported From Appling County.

BAXLEY, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—The report reached Baxley this evening that a mysterious homicide had been committed in the interior of Appling, about twenty miles of this place. Rite Taylor was the victim. William Nelson and Taylor lived within a hundred yards of each other. About midnight on Tuesday night last a band of unknown persons visited Nelson's home for the supposed purpose of regulating him, and whilst they were trying to enter the house his wife gave several screams for assistance. Taylor, hearing the noise, went upon his piazza to ascertain the cause of the alarm, and was immediately shot twice with a shot gun. The gun contained buckshot and death was instantaneous. The perpetrators of the crime are unknown. Taylor was looked upon as a good citizen.

THE AFRICAN METHODISTS.

Their Annual Conference Held in Barnesville.

BARNESVILLE, Ga., November 25.—[Special.] The annual conference of the African Methodist church, which met here last week, has adjourned. The number of preachers in attendance was 203. Bishops Shorter and Campbell, of Ohio and Philadelphia, respectively, were here. Quite a number of white people heard Bishop Campbell preach on Sunday, and were so charmed that he was requested to preach in the white Methodist church that night. He did so, and preached an able sermon.

The Christians in Eastman.

EASTMAN, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—The series of services commenced here last week by Rev. J. D. Billingsly, of the Christian church from Griffin, is continued this week by Rev. T. M. Harris. The meetings are largely attended. The Methodist church here now has under consideration the question of asking the approaching South Georgia conference to convert Eastman into a station and give this church a preacher all to itself. The membership generally, is in favor of the change. At present the pastor divides the time between Eastman and Chauncey, while Eastman is required to pay two-thirds of his salary. It is thought more just that this church pay the whole salary, and have a pastor stationed here.

Will Remain in Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Prof. Thomas B. Moss will continue his position as principal of Mercer academy during the next academic year. His school has not been as large as it deserves, and he having been offered a professorship in one or more leading schools came to the conclusion of accepting one; but being pressed by the people of the town to continue, has declined the idea and remains with us.

FIRES IN GEORGIA.

The gin, mill and distillery of Mr. W. J. Evans, near Towaliga, was burned on Tuesday of last week. The loss is heavy, with no insurance.

Mr. Joe Miller, of White county, lost his residence and household furniture by fire recently. In trying to rescue his baby from the house he came very near losing his own life.

The ginhouse belonging to the Misses Wright, daughters of James Wright, near Marlorysville, was burned on Sunday night with a large lot of cotton. Origin of the fire unknown.

Mr. L. Byers, living ten miles north of Gainesville, had his gin house destroyed by fire Friday last. The loss is considerable. About five bales of cotton, seventy five bushels of wheat, and a large quantity of oats were consumed.

Saturday last Emma Phelps, colored, in Sumter county, left her children at home, and went to the residence of Mrs. R. A. Daniels to cook. A four or five year old daughter attempted to make a fire, during the absence of the mother, set her clothing on fire and was burned to death before assistance arrived.

On last Thursday night, between the hours of nine and twelve o'clock, the ginhouse of Mr. H. D. Hughs, near Irwinton, together with about sixty pounds of lint and the seed of his entire crop, and one bale in the seed, belonging to Dan Williams, colored, was consumed by fire. The work supposed to be that of an incendiary.

Mr. H. H. Wood, of Gwinnett, lost several bales of cotton last week, by fire. The cotton, after covering for the press, was piled up near the gin house, and during the night it was discovered on fire, and the fire had made such headway that it was impossible to save any of it. It is not known whether the fire was accidental or the work of an incendiary.

A disastrous fire occurred at the old Bennett mill and ginhouse, four miles from Augusta, on the Richmond camp ground road. The property is now owned by Mr. Joseph Ferdinand. The fire started while the hands were engaged in ginning cotton. The mill, ginhouse and barn, with contents, were totally destroyed. The residence was not injured. There was no insurance on the property. The furniture of the ginhouse of Mr. Chance, at Green's Cut, is also reported.

THE GEORGIA FARM.

MESSAGES FROM THE RED LANDS AND THE GRAY.

A Country Home in Doughterty—The Hog Crop Around Albany—Grinding the Cane—A Boy's Work in Carroll—Big Yield of Cotton in Newton—Lincolnton's Brag Farm, Etc., Etc.

The cotton receipts are falling off rapidly throughout the state.

Many farmers in south Georgia have begun to sow fall oats.

Mr. Henry King, of Dooly county, killed a pig eleven months old weighing nine and three quarter pounds.

Captain John A. McGregor, of Baker county, informs the Leary Courier that he was so well satisfied with the results of his truck and poultry farm for this year that he would increase his facilities and give more attention to the business in the future.

Mr. W. A. Norton informs the Covington Star that he has gathered 5 239 pounds of seed cotton from four acres of land the present year, besides selling $85 worth of watermelons raised on the same ground. The cotton is of the Dearing small seed variety, which is claimed to yield from 40 to 42 per cent of lint. The seed are worth $1 per bushel.

Nearly the entire rice crop on the Altamaha river has been shipped to Savannah.

The rice planters have commenced to prepare for the next season.

Mr. Charles Farror, of Blountsville, is one of the brag farmers of Jones county. Last year with two plows he made 42 bales of cotton, and this year he will make 36 and plenty of provisions. He says he is going to get a new cotton screw so that he can pack bales heavy enough to bring $45 regardless of how low the prices tend.

T. M. Greenwood, of Morganton, Fannin county, has sent to the agricultural department a specimen of Orinoco tobacco grown by him. It yields 800 pounds per acre, and he has been offered thirty cents a pound for all he has. This is a good showing for the experiment of tobacco raising in the state.

Mr. Richard Perry, the brag farmer of Baldwin, will make very near a hundred bales of cotton with six plows. He made eighty bales last year with four plows.

The best syrup that has been sold in Lumpkin this year is that made by farmers of Stewart county.

Corn shuckings are abundant in north Georgia and the joyful humming of the shucker's voice can be heard for miles most any night.

The Carrollton Free Press has this:

Little Farkie Adamson, the twelve year old son of Mr. J. G. Adamson, brought in a bale of cotton Tuesday, which he made himself and that too without any guano. When his father gave him a patch the first of the year, he asked him if he was going to use any guano and he told him no, and when his father asked him why, he said he did not want to pay you any money for it, and so instead of using guano, he got up the scrapings from under the house and fertilized the patch and off of a little over an acre, he has made a light bale and has nothing to pay for guano.

Two bushels of eels were on the streets of Elberton for sale recently—all caught at one time in a fall trap. The Leader thought it was a very good day for eels until Mr. Elridge Bailey told of four wagonloads that were on the streets "befo' the wa'."

It is thought that Toccoa will receive 2,000 more bales of cotton this year than she did last year.

The Albany News says:

The grain dealers of the city are selling large quantities of oats just now, which augurs well for a good large acreage being sown in this important crop to our section. The recent general rain has prepared the soil finely for sowing and insures a good stand. The weather seems to be mild, and it is to be hoped the grain may germinate and grow sufficiently to prevent the serious trouble experienced in the loss of the growing grain from frosts, for the past two seasons, from recurring. The oat crop is a very important one to us. It matures about the time when a short corn crop begins to show signs of exhaustion, and when, if corn is plentiful, the stock require a change of food. The loss sustained in the past two years by a short oat crop has been severely felt in southwest Georgia, and its recurrence would prove a serious blow.

Mr. Tom Darden, of Carroll county, has made this year off of 43 acres, 30 bales of cotton, the average weight being 467 pounds.

The hog crop in Terrell county this year will not furnish pork enough to supply the laborers next year, though it is thought there will be enough to supply the families of the farm owners. The cholera has killed large numbers of hogs this year, which accounts for the shortness of the meat crop.

The Montgomery Monitor gives the following insight into the good times in that region:

Grinding cane, drinking juice, boiling syrup and candy pullings have been the rage for the past two weeks around Zaidee. There has been a fine chance of syrup made this fall, which will cause that article to be cheap, which is as it should be.

There are more horses raised in Decatur than ever before. Colonel Matson Dukes drives a fine span of black mares of his raising.

A shipment of 200 hogs, of an average weight of fully 300 pounds, passed through Albany for Jacksonville. These porkers are to be slaughtered and fed to northern tourists. Twenty-five years ago a resident of Albany would have as soon believed that coal would be shipped to New Castle as that hogs would ever be brought into it for food. Then, it was no uncommon event for a small farmer to slaughter two hundred hogs, and as many as a thousand have been slaughtered on some of the larger plantations of Dougherty county. Pork ranged in price from three to four cents per pound with but little demand. Southwest Georgia for the last two years of the war, was the smokehouse and granery of the confederacy, and although her resources were severely taxed, yet they were not exhausted. The Albany News thereupon declares that the country has the same possibilities now as then, and if the people should wake to the necessity of becoming self-sustaining, there is no reason why a return of the old prosperity may not gladden it.

The Albany News of a recent date, which has a remarkably good collection of agricultural items, furnishes this:

Dougherty county was at one time noted for its handsome country homes. On almost every road that radiates from Albany palatial country seats were to be found, surrounded by every evidence of thrift that betokened intelligent and prosperous farming. A few of these well appointed places are yet to be found, with every attractive feature preserved in their entirety. Among them the model farm and elegant home of Mr. A. W. Cosby, in east Dougherty, four miles from Albany, is one of the most attractive. Situated in an angle of two intersecting public roads, equi-distant from both, the large, shining, white frame house has a rich setting in the woods of brown and yellow harvest fields and deep green of the virgin pine forest. Every convenience that can minister to the comfort of man or beast is to be found among the appointments of this handsome country home. Mr. Cosby said that he had made money farming, and that as fast as he made it he expended it in improving his quarters and his land. He accounts for the dilapidation of country homes and increasing poverty of soil, that will end in sterility unless checked, from the fact that so few take pride in their homes, or have the wisdom to return to the soil what a growing crop extracts. Mr Cosby has a steam gin mery at which he has already ginned over 200 bales of cotton for the public this season. He is himself the engineer, and has discovered aptitude for managing successfully machinery. Rig rigged up a common horse power cane mill with vertical cylinders, and runs it with his engine. It works beautifully, and grinds at a speed that can never be reached by horse power. This week has been devoted partly to grinding cane and making syrup. To the uninitiated into the delights of syrup making, it has never entered into their hearts to conceive of the sweets of the occasion. The children of the "Old South," who reveled in the delights of syrup making, hog killing, corn shucking, etc., hold in memory the features of such plantation pleasures. The cane is cut, before the frosts of winter fall to sour it, and stripped of its leaves and tops, it is hauled and piled in great heaps beside the mill. The rollers of the mill, which are about an eighth of an inch apart, are set in motion and the cane is thrust in and crushed, the juice flowing through grooves into a basin from which it is bailed is to the syrup kettle, and undergoes a process of evaporation, by cooking. The old plan of cooking in kettles requires from three to four hours, but evaporators reduce the juice into syrup in about one third of the time. Mr Cosby has made from one half of an acre in cane, this season, two hundred gallons of syrup. The usual yield of syrup is ten per cent of the quantity of juice boiled. Mr. Cosby's farm is self sustaining, and reminds one of those common to this section twenty years ago. The lowing of the herd, the cooing of the pigeon, the goo, goo, of the swine and the goble, goble, of the turkey—the many voices of farm life mingle in melody that attends the happy and contented people who move on in the even tenor of their way.

Mr. John C. Livingstone, of Dodge county, has made 200 gallons of syrup this year. He has a pleasant home, is a successful farmer, and if he isn't happy he ought to be.

The Lincolnton News gives the following, as showing the results of a one horse farm of thirty acres, operated this year in Lincoln county: 235 bushels corn, $175; 9 bales cotton, $360; 1,800 bundles fodder, $25; 165 gallons molasses, $80; 270 bushels cotton seed, $32; 60 bushels potatoes, $30; 25 bushels peas, $25. Total value, $727. Cost of production: Labor and its food, $200; horse labor and its food, $70; fertilizers, principally home made, $60; interest on land value, $30; implements, taxes, etc., $15. Total cost, $375. Net profit, $352. This land is no better than ordinary in the county; it is the owner's mode that brings the profit; and, while his whole farm may not average as well as the portion described above, it will closely approximate it. He pays special attention to wheat and oats; raises horses, cattle and hogs; his orchards, grapes and strawberries are unsurpassed. He began life a poor, hard-working boy; he is now a prosperous man, lives well and in comfort, educates his children (they know how to work) and lays by cles money every year.

The estimate of acreage in cotton in Oglethorpe county is 36 400 acres, and the estimate yield of 10,250 bales, about 500 bales less than last year.

Judge Darl Johnson, of Wilcox county, will sale down, this year, over 3,500 pounds of pork. He has 500 bushels of new corn for sale plenty of peas, potatoes and syrup, and several stacks of fodder over two years old. He is out of debt and has money ahead; in fact, he is truly an independent farmer. He didn't cultivate a hill of cotton on his plantation, and says he makes more money on corn, pork and beef cattle than he could possibly make in the cultivation of a cotton crop.

Mr. R. H. Crumpler, who lives in Pulask county, made this year six five-hundred pound bales of cotton on eight acres of land. He used no guano and employed no labor, doing all the work with his own hands. He also made on his farm plenty of corn, peas and potatoes, and has raised hogs enough to more than supply his place twelve months with bacon. Mr. Crumpler is not indebted a dollar to any one and is happy and contented.

Messrs. Z. J. and I. J. Bussell, of Irwin county, are entitled to the blue ribbon on cotton production. They made this year five bales on five acres of land; also five hundred bushels of corn on twenty acres.

Mr. W. O. Tift, of Tifton, Ga., has one acre in turnips from which he has realized $120, and the patch is not more than half exhausted.

GEORGIA NEWS BRIEFED,

And Collated Into Paragraphs for Ready Reference.

Dooly superior court will convene on Monday next.

There are six newly married couples in Dublin.

It is reported that the ponds, creeks and rivers in the mountains of north Georgia are thick with wild ducks. Hunters are having fine sport.

Mr. Milton Carpenter, who has been acting as telegraph operator at Jasper, is now conductor on the Marietta and North Georgia railroad.

Hon. W. P. McClatchy leaves Marietta this week for Chattanooga, where he will practice law.

The Presbyterian church, of Gainesville, has called to the pastorate Rev. J. H. Dickson, and he has accepted.

At a negro supper at Gum Creek Saturday night a negro began firing a pistol in the house and shot three negroes, one fatally.

The Bible in the Baptist church of Griffin was stolen by a tramp on Friday and sold to a colored woman for $1.25. It was recovered Monday.

The Spalding Greys, of Griffin, have made application for new uniforms, which will cost about $2,000. Of this amount there has already been raised by subscription over $1,000.

The Gwinnett Herald says that Mr. "Thad" Wood, a confederate soldier, who lost one leg in the recent war, will leave in a few days for Richmond, Va., to enter the Soldier's home. He has no family now, and has to skirmish along in the world alone, and has concluded to go back to Virginia to live. His leg is buried up there, and he wants to go back in that vicinity to spend the remainder of his days.

A few days ago a number of colored boys in Monroe county, were out bird hunting, among whom was John Floyd, who was accidentally shot by one of the party by the careless handling of his gun. John having his hand in his pants pocket, the shot passed through the hand and lodged in the body. Upon examination it proved to be a flesh wound.

Another case of insanity from Carroll county passed through Griffin. It was a gentleman by the name of Gaines. He was accompanied by his wife and brother, who are on their way with him to the state lunatic asylum at Milledgeville. This makes nine cases that have been reported from Carroll county in the last five or six months, and who have been carried through Griffin on their way to Milledgeville.

Professor W. A. Allen and Mr. A. C. Carmical, of Newnan, were out bird hunting last week in Panther Creek district. Carmical shot at some birds and Allen happened to be in range. One shot struck just under his right eye, one pierced the left ear, one lodged in the left elbow and his hat was riddled with the shot. Dr. Starr probed for the shot, but could not find any. The eye is very much inflamed and the wound causes great suffering.

A fatal accident occured at Mr. I. D. Upshaw's gin in Cobb county, Saturday morning last. Frank Ashby, a fourteen year old colord boy, who had been working in and about the gin house all the fall, by some means got his arm against the saws and it was badly torn. Drs. Cotton and Middlebrooks, of Powder Springs, were sent for by Mr. Upshaw, who came and amputated his arm just above the elbow and did all they could for him, but he never rallied from the shock. He died in an hour after the operation was performed.

Dawson News: Monday afternoon the citizens in the neighborhood of Mr. Taylor Snelling's residence were disturbed by a negro woman going from one house to another and threatening every one with a pair of shears and a large stick. The marshal was sent for, who placed her in the barracks. Mr. Morrison, the jailor, says she danced and sang about an hour Monday night. She is evidently crazy and should be dealt with accordingly. We learn that she is the wife of a negro man living in Webster county who brought her to Dawson and left her for the purpose of ridding himself of her. If that be the case the man should be dealt with.

He Made Good Time.

ELBERTON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—A negro boy named Wash Rucker was arrested by Sheriff Alexander yesterday charged with assault and battery. The sheriff left him on the street in charge of a guard for a few minutes. The negro took in the situation at once and broke for liberty through the crowded streets. The guard and a number of others followed in immediate pursuit, and a lively foot race of about a mile ensued, but the negro had more at stake than anybody else and made good his escape.

For Two Fair Young Ladies.

ADAIRSVILLE, Ga., November 25.—[Special.] Yesterday was observed as arbor day here. Colonel H. D. Capers was master of ceremonies. Two trees, especially on Broad street, will be watched by our people. The first planted was "Winnie Davis," the second "Fannie Gordon." The earth was filled in by Miss Reed and Miss Ida Lampkin.

He May be a Judge Yet.

ELBERTON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Colonel John P. Shannon presided as auditor in an important case in the courthouse in Elberton yesterday, which consumed most of the day. The colonel presides with the ease and dignity of a veteran judge and gave complete satisfaction to the parties and their counsel.

WOODY'S GOOD LUCK.

FROM PENITENTIARY INTO POSSESSION OF A FORTUNE.

A Windfall for a Desperate Character, if True—The Story of his Crime—Riding Up to a Church With his Rifle Across His Shoulder—A Vigorous Resistance Takes Place.

ELLIJAY, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Bob Woody, who, it is said, received nearly $5,000 back pension money from an Atlanta bank on his release from the penitentiary, is a well known individual in this part of Georgia. About two years ago Woody was captured on Noonatoolty creek, in Fannin county, and brought here and lodged in jail, charged with the killing of William Kimsey in Gilmer county. Woody lives in Fannin and was taken at his home.

THE STORY OF THE KILLING.

The killing occurred at a church on the Blue Ridge, just after a congregation, who had been attending divine service, had been dismissed. It was in the night, and the killing of Kimsey was accidental, Woody endeavoring at the time to kill Webb Findley. On that evening Woody was traveling the road near the church with a wagon and yoke of oxen and a jug of brandy, and was intoxicated. He ascertained that Findley was ahead of him going toward the church. He hurried up, reached the church during services and went in, finding Findley there. A bad state of feeling had for some time existed between these parties. When the congregation was dismissed, and in the yard of the church, a difficulty sprang up between Woody and Findley, and both drew their weapons, Findley a thirty-two cartridge and Woody a large cap and ball Colt's navy. The shots were almost simultaneous, but it is said that the report of Woody's pistol was heard first. Kimsey, the deceased, was between them, or nearly so, and failed to get out of the way in time, and was mortally wounded in the body, the ball passing through. The combatants unloaded their pistols at each other. Findley was not hit, but Woody was struck on the right hand and in the shoulder. In probing the wound on Kimsey the patching of the ball was found, such as is used in loading cap ball and pistols, which indicates that Woody shot him.

HOW HE WAS ARRESTED.

The grand jury of this county found true bills for murder against both Woody and Findley. The latter is in the west, while the former has remained about his wild mountain home and defied arrest. Deputy Sheriff Pinson, with a posse, made a raid for him upon his house and among his relations and friends in the neighborhood, but without success. As the posse came out they were fired upon from ambush, when several shots were exchanged. Jeff Edmundson, one of the posse, asserts that Woody was in the crowd, and that he recognized him. The sheriff then authorized Edmundson to make the arrest, which he did, in company with his brother Bill Edmundson and William Thomas. These waylaid Woody's house during the night and till ten o'clock next day, before an opportunity offered. Finally Woody strapped his pistol around his shoulders, took his favorite old rifle, and started out apparently for a hunt. Jeff Edmundson demanded his surrender. Woody fled, but only to run on Bill Edmundson and Thomas. Seeing the first, Woody leveled his rifle at him, but Thomas was too quick, and had a carbine in his breast, at a distance of about twenty feet. Woody saw it was death or capture, and as he says, to have killed Edmundson, would only have proved his own end, he threw up his hands and surrendered.

THE LADY IN THE CASE.

Dawson is Somewhat Stirred Up Over a Case in Court.

DAWSON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—The regular fall term of Terrell superior court began Monday morning with his honor, Judge John T. Clarke, presiding. After the organization of the court, Judge Clarke called the case of the state vs. Jesse P. Griffin, which at the last term of the court had been set for trial as the first case at the present term. This is a case of unusual magnitude, owing to the standing of the parties, the large number of witnesses, and the array of eminent counsel engaged on both sides. The defendant is indicted for the offense of seduction, and the young lady in question is Miss Eva C. Lennard, a beautiful and thoroughly accomplished lady. Mr. Griffin is a young gentleman of excellent standing and character, and the unfortunate case is deplored by all our people. The case has occupied the time of the court all of this week, and it is probable that is will not be concluded in several days yet.

The civil docket will not be taken up until next Monday, at which time Judge T. J. Simmons will be here to hold the court, as he and Judge Clarke have agreed to exchange courts next week.

There are in attendance upon the court, besides the local members of the bar, the following attorneys: Hons. R. F. Lyon and Dupont Gurry, of Macon; Hon. E. G. Simmons, of Americus; Colonel G. W. Warwick, of Smithville; Messrs. W. D. Kiddoo, L. S. Chastaine and F. A. Hooper, of Cuthbert; Hon. C. B. Wooten, of Calhoun county, and Judge D. A. Vason, of Albany.

Quarrelling Over Children.

HAMILTON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—At Cataula, in this county, an altercation took place between Mr. Seymore Jones and Mr. Early Gammell, in which the former had his throat cut and was stabbed in the back by the latter. The cause of the difficulty is not definitely known, but supposed to be about the language and actions of their children. Mr. Gammell is not dead, but is in a critical condition. Drs. Riley and Williams are giving the wounded man necessary attention.

"I would like to proclaim the value of Hood's Sarsaparilla from the top of the highest peaks with a voice strong enough for the whole earth to hear it." J. B. HORNBECK, Harpersville, N. Y.

Marriage in Milner.

MILNER, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Mr Thomas J. Couthree was married at 10 o'clock today to Miss Emma Hudlestone, of Monroe county, Rev. R. J. Willingham officiating.

DECATUR, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Married, at the Jossey house, by the Rev. T. C. Boykin, W. P. Bedford to Miss Eula O'Neal, both of Atlanta, Ga.

Do not waste money upon "sure cures" when Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup can be bought.

DEATHS IN GEORGIA.

Mr. Thomas E. McGuire, of Lithonia, an old and honored citizen, died at his home yesterday morning. He was about eighty five years of age. He was an eminent temperance advocate, and enjoyed a high position in the Masonic brotherhood.

Skinny Men.

Wells' "Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Nervous Debility. For Weak Men, Delicate Women. $1.

Captain Cloudman's Trip.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 25.—[Special.] Captain Cloudman, who is to make a tour round the world, in the sloop Outing, is busily engaged furnishing arrangements, and will probably sail from this port tomorrow.

"Rough on Piles."

Why suffer Piles? Immediate relief and complete cure guaranteed. Ask for "Rough on Piles." Sure cure for itching, protruding, bleeding, or any form of Piles. 50c. At Druggists or Mailed.

TIRED OUT!

At this season nearly every one needs to use some sort of tonic. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS enters into almost every physician's prescription for those who need building up.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY PURITY NOT QUANTITY

Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.

—THE BEST TONIC—

For Weakness, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, etc., it HAS NO EQUAL, and is the only iron medicine that is not injurious. It Enriches the Blood, Invigorates the System, Restores Appetite, Aids Digestion. It does not blacken or injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—other iron medicines do.

DR. G. H. BINKLEY, a leading physician of Springfield, Ohio, says:

"Brown's Iron Bitters is a thoroughly good medicine. I use it in my practice, and find its action excels all other forms of iron. In weakness, or a low condition of the system, Brown's Iron Bitters is usually a positive necessity. It is all that is claimed for it."

DR. W. N. WATERS, 1219 Thirty-second Street, Georgetown, D. C., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the Tonic of the age. Nothing better. It creates appetite, gives strength and improves digestion."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

MEYROWITZ BROS.,

OPTICIANS.

20 PEACHTREE STREET, Opposite Artesian Well

ATLANTA, GA.

Keep the largest and finest assortment of

IN THE SOUTH.

Examination of the eyes and proper adjustments made by a COMPETENT OPTICIAN without extra charge. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases or we fit

STADIGER'S AURANTII

AURANTII

Most of the diseases which afflict mankind are originally caused by a disordered condition of the LIVER. For all complaints of this kind, such as Torpidity of the Liver, Biliousness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Irregularity of the Bowels, Constipation, Flatulency, Eructations and Burning of the Stomach (sometimes called Heartburn), Miasma, Malaria, Bloody Flux, Chills and Fever, Breakbone Fever, Exhaustion before or after Fevers, Chronic Diarrhœa, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Foul Breath, Irregularities incidental to Females, Bearing-down Pains, Backache, &c., &c., STADIGER'S AURANTII is invaluable. It is not a panacea for all diseases, but a CURE for all diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH and BOWELS. It changes the complexion from a sallow, yellow tinge, to a ruddy, healthy color. It entirely removes low, gloomy spirits. It is one of the BEST ALTERATIVES and PURIFIERS OF THE BLOOD, and is A VALUABLE TONIC.

STADIGER'S AURANTII

For sale by all Druggists. Price $1.00 per bottle.

C. F. STADIGER, Proprietor,

No. 30. FRONT ST., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE WHOLESALE BY

ASA G. CHANDLER,

ATLANTA, GA.

Name this paper. d&wky f l s r 8m

They are Here!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING AND UNPACKING OUR IMMENSE IMPORT ORDER OF

Fine White

—AND—

Decorated China,

Choice Glassware,

Art Pottery and

Fancy Goods

As fast as our force can handle the stock.

While we work from early morning to midnight we find the days not half long enough to accomplish all we desire in a given time.

WE ARE OVER CROWDED WITH BUSINESS AND WORK and yet ready and anxious for more.

Next week we will be prepared to SHOW UP THE STOCK AND QUOTE PRICES.

Then Look Out for Bargains and Surprises!

Watch our show window from day to day for display of fine goods, such as were never exhibited in Atlanta before.

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MARTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

313 Sixth St., Washington, D. C.

PROVIDES PRACTICALLY USEFUL BUSINESS education. No terms nor vacations. Students enter at any time. Terms: Life scholarship $60. Twelve weeks' course, board, etc., $75. Send for circular. sat mon wd

D. C. BACON, Pres. M. F. AMOROUS, Gen. Mgr

ATLANTA LUMBER CO.

YARDS, Humphries St. & E. T. V. & G. Railway. OFFICE, 48 MARIETTA ST. MILLS, On Line G. R. & E. and E. T. V. & G. Ry.

LONG LEAF PINE

Kiln-Dry Dressed Flooring, Ceiling

Weatherboarding, Shingles

and Laths,

Bridge and Trestle Timbers,

Best in quality, lowest in price.

Write for estimates on house bills.

sep 16, 1y 2dp n 1 m

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

ALL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF I. AUgust Domini, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands as the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. JOHN DOMINI, Adm.

November 9, 1886. law6w

TIRED OUT!

At this season nearly every one needs to use some

MOST PERFECT MADE

Proposed with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime, Alum or Phosphates. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, etc., flavor deliciously.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

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A SOUND INVESTMENT

Americus, Preston & Lumpkin R. R.

1st Mortgage Extension

7 Per Cent Bonds, Due 1906.

TOTAL ISSUE

ONLY $5,000 PER MILE.

Interest Payable January and July

—IN THE—

CITY OF NEW YORK

—OR AT—

COMPANY'S OFFICE

AMERICUS, GA.

Having been appointed financial agent for the sale of the above bonds, I am now offering a limited amount of them at par and accrued interest, and commend them to any one desiring a safe and profitable investment.

Full information will be furnished on application.

Other investment securities bought and sold.

W. H. PATTERSON,
P. O. box 288. 24 S. Pryor St.

REGISTER

—FOR THE—

CITY ELECTION

BOOKS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF VOTERS for the election of a mayor, two aldermen and six councilmen on the first day of December next, will be opened at the following places: One set at the City Clerk's office, corner Hunter and Pryor streets; one set under the Cotton Exchange, corner Alabama and Broad streets, and one set at No. 33 Marietta street. Said registration books will be opened at the above named places November 3d, next, and will be kept open daily from 8 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m., Sundays excepted, until November 27th, on which day they will be kept open until 9 o'clock p. m., and then be closed.

J. H. GOLDSMITH, City Clerk.

Jersey Cattle

FOR SALE.

WILL SELL THE HERD, OR ANY PORTION thereof, recently belonging to Woodward, McClellan & Co, at low figures either for cash or on LONG TIME. This is the best opportunity ever offered for obtaining the most valuable lot of Jersey cattle in the south. If desirable, will rent or lease to purchaser our Hillside Jersey Farm at East Point, Ga., only six miles from Atlanta.

Address L. J. & A. W. HILL,
Atlanta, Ga.

A FRIEND IN NEED.

Dr. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

Prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great natural Bone Setter. Has been used for more than 50 years, and is the best known remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains Bruises, Cuts, Burns, wounds and all external in sfrist. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. TRY IT

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GRANT WILKINS,
Civil Engineer and Contracting Agent

Bridges, Roofs and Turn Tables

on Work for Buildings, Jails, Etc.

Superstructure and Foundations a Specialty. Specifications, Plans and Estimates Furnished on Application. jan 13 d&wky

HOLMES' SURE CURE

MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE.

Cures bleeding gums, ulcers, sore mouth, sore throat Cleanses the Teeth and Purifies the Breath; used and recommended by leading Dentists. Prepared by Drs J. F. & W. E. HOLMES, Dentists, Macon, Ga For sale by all druggists and dentists. dly

TAX NOTICE.

MY BOOKS ARE NOW OPEN FOR THE COLlection of State and County Tax for 1886. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 5 p m.

JAMES M. WILSON,
T. C. F. C.

DR. RICE,

For 15 years at 37 Court Place, now at

322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky

Bet. Third and Fourth,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES,

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following Sad or Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams), Diseases of Sight, Defective Memory, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Gravella, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

50 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays, 9 to 1 P. M.

THE SOUTHERN STATES.

News Gathered Up From All Parts of Dixie.

ARKANSAS.

Coal has been discovered in Cleburne county.

The new courthouse at Little Rock, for which the contract has been let, is to cost $58 975.

J. D. Driver's ginhouse, near Osceola, together with forty bales of cotton, was burned last week.

It has been decided by the supreme court that Sunday cannot be ignored by those who observe Saturday as the Sabbath.

A Mrs. Clemons, residing near Judsonia, committed suicide recently by taking corrosive sublimate. Domestic trouble was the cause.

The recent State Baptist convention, held at Forest City, subscribed $3,000 to the Arkadelphia college and upward of $3,000 to foreign missions.

The relatives or heirs of Dr. Jack Lyons who was drowned near New Orleans, La., in 1853, are wanted. A brother is supposed to live somewhere in Arkansas.

Dr. J. W. Cross, a man of good standing in Jefferson county, was last week convicted of murder in the second degree and sentenced to two years and six months in the penitentiary. In addifficulty last year he killed a man named D. W. Scott.

W. J. Sherill, late postmaster of Russellville, was arrested on Tnursday of last week for the embezzlement of $1,422 during his term of office. The shortage was discovered last August, when his bondsmen made good the amount. His assistant, William G. Crow, was also arrested for making false returns to the postoffice department. They gave bond in the sum of $500 each.

Kirk and Riley Jackson, sons of Dr. Jackson, of Siloam springs, fell out, on Thursday morning of last week, about some trivial matter, and Riley, the oldest one, began abusing his mother and the smaller children. Kirk interfered, when Riley began beating him, and was shot by the former, dying shortly afterward. Kirk, who is but sixteen years of age, was placed under arrest.

ALABAMA.

A small riot occurred between the police and a number of negroes at Talladega Monday. Several shots were fired and the negroes were badly clubbed.

C. E. Griffis, a white horse thief, who stole a horse from Erhartt's warehouse, in Selma, Saturday last, was captured and jailed Monday. Griffis is a young man, talks well, and was once a workman at Mullen's brickyard, in Selma. His parents live in Selma.

Mr. John Walls, of New York, Monday bought 100x182½ feet of ground on First avenue and Twenty-first street, in Birmingham, paying $40,000. He proposes building a three-story block on it and filling this with dry goods for a wholesale business.

William Hussey, who shot his brother-in-law, Matt Strong, at Huntsville some weeks since, and was committed without bail on preliminary examination, was admitted to bail on habeas corpus Monday by Chancellor McSpadden, the bond being fixed at $10,000, which was given and Hussey released.

The Talledega correspondent of the Montgomery Advertiser says: Talledega county has an infant Birmingham springing up like a mushroom. At Alpine, a station on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, ten miles from here, a town has been laid out and christened Nottingham. "The Iron and Transportation company" are the sponsors for this new-fledged city. The company are building with might and main a railroad from Nottingham to Birmingham. Iron has been purchased and laid down for nine miles of the road. Sixteen freight cars and one mogul locomotive are owned and worked by the company. Bonds to the amount of $25,000 have been issued.

TEXAS.

The poor farm at Gainesville has been let to Westley Stanton, who is to pay three dollars per acre rent, and is to be allowed $11.50 for each pauper.

The cotton top crop around Greenville is turning out finely and it is estimated that the total receipts of the season will reach 20,000 bales.

The artesian well at Cleburne is now 515 feet deep, and the drill is penetrating a very hard stratum of rock. The water stands 430 feet deep in the well, and neither rises nor falls.

About dusk Saturday evening Hard Bryant was shot from behind by an unknown party, while crossing a small branch, six miles from McKinney. Bryant is a young man and a farmer.

An unfortunate woman named Cora Pearl was robbed of $300 at a late hour Saturday night, at Dallas, by a man disguised as a green countryman. The police are scouring the city for the robber.

Dock Grounds, one of the pioneer cattlemen of western Texas, has sold his ranch near the Davis mountains, on the Pecos river, and 3,000 head of cattle to Crorksey & Clayton, of Sweetwater, for $60,000.

The drying house, with about 30,000 feet of lumber, situated near the car shops of the Texas and Pacific railway, was destroyed by fire Friday morning, at Marshall. Loss estimated at fifteen thousand dollars, covered by company's policy.

A very sensational wedding took place Thursday night in Cleburne. The ceremony was performed by a justice of the peace, who united the romantic pair under the star light, between the banks of the creek. Only the necessary witnesses were present.

Last Friday evening, while Mr. Ben Patterson was unloading cotton at a gin, eight miles from Corsicana, he became involved in a controversy with a man named Wilkinson over some trivial affair, which resulted in Wilkison shooting Patterson. The wound is very serious, but may not prove fatal. Wilkison fled the country.

A brickmason of Gainesville named Smith, who is under bond for being concerned in the hanging of the would be negro rapist, Ed Williams, during the past summer, cut his throat. Medical assistance was immediately summoned and the wound sewed up. Smith is in a very precarious condition and his recovery is doubtful.

Dick Welsh, of the firm of Norman & Welsh, contractors of the Missouri Pacific railroad at Embree, was blown up by dynamite Friday evening. A blast failing to go off, he thought the fuse had gone out and went to fix it, when the cartridge exploded, mangling his hand and head in so horrible a manner that death is almost certain.

Wednesday evening there was a cutting scrape at J. L. Toney's wagon yard at Honey Grove. A difficulty was started between N. A. Sargent and J. B. Moore, which resulted in Moore cutting Sargent severely. The parties were drinking, and it is said Sargent called Moore an Arkansas dude, and Moore began to carve him for it. The wound is dangerous, but not necessarily fatal.

LOUISIANA.

Tuesday morning of last week the residence of Mr. M. F. Carey, situated in the Baughman neighborhood, six miles southwest of Farmersville, was totally consumed by fire.

The lessee of the wharf at Donaldsonville has refused to pay the full amount of his lease, alleging that the property has been in such bad repair that the revenue has been greatly decreased. The city council has declared the lease forfeited and ordered a resale.

The last issue of the Iberville Democrat was brought forth under difficulties. The encroachments of the river and caving banks warned the editor that he would have to change base and the office was put on rollers and removed to a place of safety. The last number was published in transit, and though but a half sheet, does credit to the enterprise of the management.

Friday evening the wife of a colored man named Narcisse, of New Iberia, caught fire while standing in front of her fireplace, and her first impulse was to run out in the open air. When relief came to her she was already fearfully burnt, and to add to her already pitiable condition she was held under a cistern faucet and a stream of cold water turned upon her roasted flesh. She expired during the night in most excruciating pains.

A machine designed for the purpose of cutting and topping sugar cane, invented and manufactured by Messrs. E. and B. Holmes, of Buffalo, N. Y., was shipped to Donaldsville last week, and gave a trial on Messrs. Lehmans' Petavia plantation last Wednesday. The result of the experiment was unsatisfactory, as the revolving knives dragged and tore the cane stalks, and the machine became so clogged after moving about fifteen feet up a cane row that it was with difficulty pulled out again. One of the Messrs. Holmes was present, superintending the trial, and has declared his intention of affecting such alterations in the apparatus as will, in his opinion, make it a success. An apparatus that will reduce the expenses and accelerate the work of cutting cane would prove of inestimable value to planters and do much toward brightening the future prospects of the depressed sugar industry of the state. The Holmes machine has been sent to Mr. Gay's sugar plantation, near Plaquemine.

FLORIDA.

The new Florida constitution goes into effect on January 1 next.

The Tropical hotel, of Kissimmee, has a bevy of beauties from the north as waiters.

Orange county jail has thirty four occupants, of whom fifteen are white.

Several orange growers on the Withlacoochee river have sold their fruit on the trees at $1.25 per box.

The sweet potato crop in Leon county is said to be immense this season. One farmer expects to get 2,000 bushels from a nine-acre patch.

A ton of palmetto is to be sent north from Sanford to be manufactured into paper as a test of that material for printing paper.

On November 5 the first national bank of Ocala closed its first half year of existence. In that short space of time it has exhibited a net earning of 6 per cent on the capital stock.

Major S Conant was fined $10 by Judge King in the circuit court at Palatka a few days ago for carrying concealed weapons. He admitted the charge.

The trustees of the Presbyterian church at DeLand have purchased Mr. McLaurine's lot, south of Mrs. Swift's house, on which they propose to erect a $4,000 or $5,000 church immediately.

The bank vault of the Kissimmee City bank is one of the most costly and complete in the south. The rent from small safes pay 10 per cent on the cost.

The Indian River steamboat company intend building a steam lighter, probably with a length of 120 feet, and a proper proportionate beam, which will carry at least 100,000 feet of lumber at a load.

The Disston company has sold 4,710 acres of land in the vicinity of Charlotte harbor and on the Caloosahatchie river to a western syndicate through their Philadelphia office, but the names of the purchasers have not yet been given.

The Florida Herald is down on the system of restaurant "gouging" prevalent in Jacksonville. It cites the case of a visitor from California to Jacksonville who was charged $15 for an ordinary breakfast and two bottles of wine for himself, wife and child.

There will be in the next legislature of Florida twenty-two democratic senators, four independents, and five republicans. In the assembly there will be fifty-three democrats, fifteen republicans and seven independents. Two of the senators and seven of the assemblymen are colored.

TENNESSEE.

Alex. Willis, colored, killed a very large gray wolfe near Bolivar on Wednesday.

Sparta lumbermen are complaining of the advance in freight rates on lumber, and say that it will stop all shipments for the present. The advance was made by eastern roads, the rate on our road remaining the same.

Quite a serious accident occurred at Crockett Mills. Mr. M. H. Wagner, who has the mill and gin leased, was feeding the gin when it became choked, and in attempting to unchoke it, his hand and arm were caught by the saws and terribly mangled. Five gashes were also cut in the side of his face.

A quilt containing 3,162 pieces of calico, made by Mrs. Mattie Wooten, of Viola, was exhibted by the maker to some of her friends last Monday. No two pieces in the quilt are alike, each one having been taken from different pieces of calico. It required several years to gather material for this quilt.

On Monday of last week Mr. Joshua Cox, of Shop Springs, killed a large white pelican near Spring creek bridge, on Sparta pike. The measurement was as follows: From tip to tip, 8 feet 2 inches; from point of bill to end of tail, 4 feet 4 inches; from bill to bill, when opened, 18 inches; bottom bill with pouch, 12 inches wide; the pouch would contain about half a gallon of food; length from eyes to end of bill, 13 inches; weight of bird 12 pounds.

Just about sunrise Mary Smith, colored, better known as Big Mary, came on the Mossy creek railroad bridge, which is about one hundred yards in length; while she was crossing the last tier of the bridge coming into town the south bound freight train came thundering on at a rapid rate as it always does on the down grade at this place. A terrible gale of wind blowing against the woman, and in the direction of the train, prevented the noise of the train or whistle being heard until within about fifty yards of her. When the woman heard the whistle she fell down on the track and was instantly killed by the train, which dragged her along the track for a hundred yards or more, leaving the body torn in pieces along the road.

MISSISSIPPI.

Governor Lowry has appointed Marcellus Green, of the law firm of Calhoun and Green a delegate to represent the state of Mississippi at Philadelphia on December second next, in the permanent organization for a national celebration of the centennial anniversary of the framing and promulgation of the constitution of the United States. Mr. Green is one of the leading members of the bar of Mississippi.

The bill filed by Joseph Baum et al in the chancery court to contest the local option election, held in Meridian, on the eighth of June last, has been dismissed by the complainants. This leaves the present local option law in full force for two years from the day of election.

The migration of colored field hands from the hill country to the alluvial lands of the Yazoo delta continues to excite the anxiety of all interested in the bill farming and in mercantile business in that section.

NORTH CAROLINA.

The rainy season has set in and tobacco-warehousemen and farmers are pleased to see it, as it will enable tobacco to be handled.

At Goldsboro, a negro man, Terry Wilson, went into pit in the street in which was a machine which makes illuminating gas from gasoline. Terry did not come out of the pit, and after he had been therein for several hours people ascertained his whereabouts. He was found lying senseless in the pit. He was taken out, but died in a few minutes. He had been suffocated.

At a little place called Milburne, a plantation overseer, Joseph H Frazier, was under the influence of liquor Saturday evening and engaged in two fights with men who had been witnesses against him in a case in the superior court. One of these men was named Pulley, the other Hester. In the latter fight the combatants were separated by a man named Frank Broadfoot, formerly of Fayetteville, but for several years a resident of Milburne. After Broadfoot had interfered to prevent this fight, Frazier cursed him and said that he, too, was one of the witnesses against him. With these words he advanced upon Broadfoot, who drew a pocketknife and struck him. The weapon entered the left breast. Frazier walked away in the direction across the bridge at the river and then fell dead in the public highway. Broadfoot went to Raleigh, got a horse, and rode southward. He was pursued for fifteen miles by a sheriff's posse, but could not be found. The coroner lives a long distance from Milburne, and all Saturday night and all Sunday Frazier's body lay in the public road, his sister watching beside it. He was forty years of age and leaves a consumptive wife. Broadfoot is about thirty, and is a member of one of the best families of Fayetteville. The coroner held an inquest over the body of Frazier and examined Solomon Frazier, a brother of the deceased; also John Renfrow, who kept a bar room where the killing was done. The verdict was that Frazier's death resulted from a wound by a knife inflicted by Frank H Broadfoot. A remarkable feature of the terrible affair was the devotion of a fine New Foundland dog of the deceased's. The animal remained by the body all Saturday night until the removal of the corpse yesterday afternoon, when he sprang into the wagon with the corpse.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Mrs. Mary Chestnut, widow of General Chestnut, is dead.

The Rev. F. C. Hickson, who went to China two years ago as a missionary, appointed by the board of the Southern Baptist convention, returned to his home last week, and is looking almost as well as when he left. His health broke down in the trying climate of Canton, and his physician advised his return home. His wife's health is poor, but his children have enjoyed their missionary life, and one of them talks in Chinese and asks daily for her Chinese nurse. Mr. Hickson will rest and recuperate preparatory to entering the postpraze as soon as opportunity may offer itself, and entertains at present no thought of going out again to the foreign mission field.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Decisions Rendered Tuesday, November 23, 1886.

Blaisdell et al. vs. Bohr et al. Equity, from Richmond. Principal and Agent. Stock and Stockholders. Fraud. (Before Judge Roney.)

Blandford, J.—A widow placed certain money in the hands of her son-in-law to pay her husband's debts and invest the balance as he thought proper. He deposited a portion of the money in a bank to the credit of his principal, and having purchased certain shares of railroad stock for her and in her name, drew a check for most of the money so deposited. The bank having required a power of attorney in writing, the principal executed to the agent a power "to attend to any all description of business in which I may be interested or concerned in a real or personal manner, and to receive for me any sums of money which may be due me, and to receipt therefor. She testified that these stocks and a house and lot constituted all of her property; and that she notified her son in-law that he had nothing to do with the house and lot. She deposited the certificates of stock in a tin box, and on leaving the city, left such box and the key to it with her daughter, the wife of her agent. Her son-in law took the certificates and sold them to various parties:

Held, that the agent had authority to sell such stock, and purchasers from him obtained title thereto. 57 Ga., 283.

(a.) Whether or not the transfer of the stock by the railroad company which issued it was irregular for want of a special power of attorney, yet the complainant having come into a court of equity, and the sale of the shares by her agent having conveyed the title to the purchasers, they could compel a transfer to be made by the company; and having already been made, it will be confirmed.

(b.) If one of two innocent parties must suffer by the act of a third party, he who put it in the power of such third party to do the wrongful act must suffer the loss rather than the other innocent party who would be a victim without any fault on his part.

Judgment reversed.

Frank H. Miller, for Frank Blaisdell.

J. B. Cumming; Bryan Cumming, for the Georgia Railroad.

Wm. K. Miller, for Andrew J. Miller.

M. P. Carroll, for Christine Bohr.

Gaslight Company of Augusta et al. vs. Wesbet et al. Objections to grant of charter, from Richmond. Courts. Charters Corporations. Constitutional Law. Practice in Supreme Court. (Before Judge Roney.)

Blandford, J.—The power conferred by the constitution upon the courts to grant charters to corporations is legislative and not judicial in its character; and there is no provision of law authorizing any one to appear and object to the grant of corporate powers by the courts, nor is there any provision for a review by this court, by writ of error or otherwise, of the action of the superior court in granting corporate powers to private companies. Const., art. 3, sec. 7, par. 18; Code, secs. 5077, 1676.

Writ of error dismissed.

J. B. Cumming; J. C. C. Black; Foster & Lamar; J. S. Davidson, for plaintiffs in error.

J. Ganahl, for defendants.

Wicker, adm'r, vs. Walter et al. Equity, from Washington. New trial. (Before Judge Carswell.)

Blandford, J.—This court has frequently held that, inasmuch as appeals have been abolished and the grant of a new trial is in its result in the nature of an appeal, it would not be scrutinized closely for errors, and that, unless the verdict was demanded by the evidence, this court would not interfere with the discretion of the court below in making such grant.

Judgment affirmed.

Evans & Evans, for plaintiff in error.

Dermark & Adams; H. D. D. Twiggs, for defendants.

Skelton et al., survivors, vs. Richardson, adm'r. Complaint, from Hart. Witness. Evidence. (Before Judge Lumpkin.)

Blandford, J.—The act of 1886 (Code, §3854,) which rendered all persons competent to testify, except certain specified classes, expressly provided that where an executor or administrator is a party in any suit on a contract of his testator or intestate, the other party should not be admitted to testify in his own favor. Therefore, where suit was brought against an administrator on a promissory note made by his intestate, the plaintiffs were not competent witnesses, although offered to disprove the testimony of a witness for the defendant to the effect that he saw a horse delivered to one of the plaintiffs, in the life time of the intestate, in payment of the note. Acts, 1866, pp 138, 139.

Judgment affirmed.

A. G. McCurry; J. N. Worley; John P. Shannon; M. P. Reese, for plaintiffs in error.

Hodges & Vanduzer, for defendant.

Franklin, for use, vs. Madden. Claim, from Burke. Practice in Supreme Court. Presumptions. (Before Judge Roney.)

Blandford, J.—Where a motion for new trial was made, but was abandoned, and exceptions were filed to the rulings of the court below, but the bill of exceptions and record fail to show what the court did, except by assigning error, save as to one ground of error, and as to that the bill of exceptions was so confused as to be unintelligible, this court cannot ascertain what transpired in the court below. The presumption is that the court below did right, and he who assigns error must show it.

Judgment affirmed.

J S & W. T. Davidson; Boykin Wright; R. O. Lovett, for plaintiff in error.

P. P. Johnston; H. D. D. Twiggs, for defendant.

Eve, comm'r, vs. Simon. Mandamus, from Richmond. Liquor. Licenses. County Matters. (Before Judge Roney.)

Blandford, J.—In counties where liquor is allowed to be sold, the county commissioners (if there be any) are invested with discretion to grant or refuse licenses to retail; and if they refuse such a license, a mandamus will not be granted to compel them to issue it. Code, § 1419.

Judgment reversed.

M. P. Foster, by Foster & Lamar, for plaintiff in error.

Salem Dutcher, by brief, for defendant.

Snell vs. Smith. Foreclosure of landlord's lien, from Washington. Practice in Supreme Court.

Blandford, J.—The writ of error in this case must be dismissed for the reasons and and upon the grounds as stated by the Chief Justice in the decision in the case of Scott, next friend, vs. Central Railroad, rendered today.

Writ of error dismissed.

J. A. Robson for plaintiff in error.

J. C. Harman for defendant.

Decision Rendered Wednesday, November 24, 1886.

Steiner vs. Matherson & Co., et al. Removal to U. S. Court, from Richmond. United States Courts. Removal of Causes. (Before Judge Roney.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. Where a bill in equity was filed in the superior court of Richmond county, returnable to the April term, 1885, thereof, the trial term of such case was the October term, 1885; and where that term was adjourned to January, 1886, and finally adjourned on February, 20, 1886, the adjourned term was but a continuation of the regular term; and a petition to remove the case to the circuit court of the United States, filed on February 17, 1886, during the continuation of the adjourned term, was in time.

(2.) Where a petition for the removal of a cause from a state court to the circuit court of the United States is filed in due time, and proper security is given, if the right of removal appears on the face of the petition and record, the powers of the state court over the case ends, and all issues of fact made upon the petition must be tried in the circuit court; but the state court is at liberty to determine of itself whether on the face of the record a removal has been effected; and this determination is a final judgment to which exception may be taken and a writ of error had. 117 U. S., 431; 74 Ga., 634 (in press).

2 Where the complainant in a bill in equity resides in this state, and the real defendants, the only parties in interest, are non-residents, such defendants may remove the case to the circuit court of the United States, although there may be joined with them nominal parties defendant residing in this state. Wortsman et al. vs. Wade, marshal, (decided yesterday).

3 The real defendants, who are non-residents, having filed a petition to remove the cause to the circuit court of the United States, a merely nominal party defendant joined with them in the bill was not bound with them as a principal in the removal bond and was a competent surety therein.

Judgment affirmed.

Frank H. Miller, for plaintiff in error.

W. T. Gary, by Foster & Lamar, for defendants.

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ATLANTA, GA., NOVEMBER 26, 1886.

BLUE. RED.

Indications for Atlanta (taken at 1 o'clock, a. m.): Fair weather, stationary temperature. Georgia, Florida and Tennessee, fair weather; stationary temperature; northerly winds, becoming variable.

SIR REDVERS BULLER, who was sent to Ireland to crush out the tenants, has become their friend instead, and now the tories want to remove him.

ALL motions intended to cast censure upon the Spanish cabinet have been withdrawn from the cortez, and peace reigns once more in Madrid.

ERASTUS BROOKS is dead. No two men were ever more distinguished at home than the brothers, Fernando and Erastus Brooks. They were both men of striking physical presence, and were interested in all the public questions of the times in which they lived.

Only Two Days Left for Registering.

Tomorrow night the books of registration for the city election will be closed. The man who has not registered up to that time will not be permitted to vote in the city election.

Can any good citizen afford to be disfranchised at this particular time? A ticket is presented by a conference committee of fifty, selected in equal representation from the two factions of city politics. This committee represented every class of citizens, white and black. The ticket it presents was indorsed by the largest mass meeting ever assembled in Atlanta. It is opposed by a few disorganizers who seek to arouse class prejudice among our people, and to irritate that which every good man should seek to allay.

This ticket, and the spirit of conservative compromise in which it was made, has the indorsement of an overwhelming majority of our people. The trouble is that hardly a fifth of the voters have registered. Every man who for any reason whatever is opposed to any part of the ticket, or who is selfishly striving to perpetuate divisions among our people, has registered or will register.

It is the duty of every man who favors the ticket to come out and register. It is the duty of every conservative citizen to register. If you have not registered go and do so today. If you have registered, see that your friends and neighbors register. Give a half hour to Atlanta's cause today. You can not do her better service than to add a score of good names to the registery list today. Do early this morning and avoid the crowd.

The March of a Custom.

The general observance of Thanksgiving day, yesterday, seemed quite a matter of course to the younger generation. Yet, in this part of the country, it cannot be called a time-honored custom.

The early Puritans felt so grateful for their liverance from savage foes, wild beasts d the hostile elements of nature that they spart a day of thanksgiving and prayer. or generations the custom was confined to New England. Gradually it spread to the central states and to such western communities as were under the control of New England ideas.

The south stood solidly arrayed against the observance of New England's most notable day. Not until after the war was there a change. When our social and political chaos gradually rounded into shape, new conditions brought new customs, and with them Thanksgiving Day.

It is well to borrow from our neighbors all that is good, and gracious and beautiful. The day dedicated by the New Englanders to Almighty God in acknowledgment of His manifold blessings has become the religious holiday of a great nation. Its beneficent influence has brought states and individuals nearer to each other, and all nearer to their Maker. When the rugged old Puritans established this custom "they builded wiser than they knew."

Cholera at Our Back Door.

The appearance of cholera in Buenos Ayres rather unsettles the calculations and predictions of our health experts.

Until the present year we have guarded our Atlantic ports against importations of cholera from Europe. During the past summer, however, the fearful ravages of the pestilence in Japan led many to believe that the disease would first enter this country by way of the Pacific coast.

Now the danger threatens us from a new quarter. If the plague continues to ravage Buenos Ayres it is liable to strike any of our gulf or Atlantic ports. Our flourishing commercial relations with Buenos Ayres make the risk worthy of all the precautions that can be taken.

A Victim of Discussion.

Mr. Charles Dudley Warner, the literary head of Harper's southern expedition, said at Nashville, the other day, that he proposed to include in his articles about the south such evidences of the progress of the negroes as he has seen. He has made several addresses to the colored people during his trip, and he has told them, somewhat pointedly and plainly, he says, that they will have their civil rights just when they are ready for them.

Mr. Warner is of the opinion that the negroes have had too much twaddle talked to them in one way and another. He probably means by this that the attitude of one of the northern writers has led the negroes to believe that they are to be helped forward in some way by the power of the general government—this power to be displayed in an original, not to say provincial, manner. He says, however, that they are now on their own resources and must work out their own salvation.

This, of course, is not a very comfortable theory, following, as it does, some hundreds of thousands of columns of nonsense that have been printed on the subject, but the negroes themselves have now begun to recognize in some measure the fact that, in their relations to life, its successes and its failures, they will be compelled to take their chances with other people.

If the gushers and moonlings at the north who are in the habit of discussing the negro question could recognize this fact—if they could be brought to see that the negro will fail or succeed in the precise ratio of his deserts, they would see that the discussion of the subject, as aimless as it is voluminous, amounts to an obstacle in the way of the negro.

A Bigger Man Than the Judge.

Courts are invested with very large powers in the matter of inflicting punishment for contempt, but our judges as a rule conduct themselves with great moderation. Occasionally a journalist by his rash criticism of the administration of justice oversteps the proper limits and is fined or imprisoned. Not many months ago there was such a case in North Carolina. In nearly every instance, however, the defendant and the public have gracefully submitted to what they regarded as an arbitrary exercise of power.

But in some parts of the country courts are not held in very high respect. In Buffalo, New York, the other day, Judge King ordered an Express reporter arrested for contempt. Instead of submitting quietly, the Express states that the judge was drunk with impotent rage, that he is almost demented, that he is a cowardly bully, and is constantly making a contemptible spectacle of himself.

In conclusion, the angry newspaper dares the judge to continue his efforts to browbeat an independent press, and threatens him with impeachment.

This is a disgraceful business all around. No newspaper has the right to hurl such a defiance at a court; and, if the court deserves it, it is so much the worse.

WASHINGTON proposes to have a democratic club. The membership is limited to one hundred, and this number probably covers all the genuine democrats at the capital.

PHILLIP FRITZ was going along a railroad cut in New Jersey last Friday night and saw approaching what he supposed was a locomotive headlight. To his surprise he heard no noise as the phantom train approached. At last it came so near that Fritz stepped off the track to avoid being run over. As the light came nearer and still no noise was made Fritz ran and jumped into a sheet iron covering which had been placed over a spring which supplied water to a railroad tank. He pulled a lid down, shutting himself in. When he tried to get out he found himself locked in and he was nearly frozen when by accident he was found. There are a dozen people who say they have seen the phantom headlight.

THE Philadelphia Times appears to be alarmed at the number of ghost stories floating around in the newspapers. Ghosts will not stay in towns where the houses have cream-colored blinds, and so Philadelphia has none. Another reason for their absence is the fact that ghosts will not stay in a grave yard.

THE "street fakir" invariably drifts southward. Therefore we may expect to in time see the newest variety of swindler. He comes in the shape of a cologne vendor and has been making his influence felt in the city of Brooklyn. Three fakirs operated together in the city of churches. They had a wagon filled with quart bottles said to contain a fine article of cologne. They shouted themselves hoarse and sent sprays of delightful perfume over the crowds that gathered about them. The cologne went at the low price of ten cents per quart, and they sold thousands of bottles. The people who bought soon found that the bottles instead of containing cologne were filled with water, lemon juice and some coloring matter. The fakirs were arrested and 500 bottles of the stuff were seized. The cologne fakir will no doubt take the place of the Modoc gold fiend.

THE prince of Wales has a very soft snap. When he wants a free lunch, he simply writes a note to one of his subjects that he is coming to dine with him, and sends him a list of the friends he proposes to bring with him. And yet the British noodles are very happy to receive such announcements.

IT seems that some of the great statesmen of the land do not speak as they pass by. It is reported that at the funeral of President Arthur Mr. J. G. Blaine refused to shake the hand of Senator Edmunds. Mr. Edmunds was seated on a sofa in the library, while the other distinguished gentlemen were gathering, when Mr. Blaine came in. Mr. McMichael was introducing such gentlemen as had not met before, and said smilingly to Messrs, Blaine and Edmunds, "You two gentlemen need no introduction." Mr. Edmunds arose from the sofa and stepped quickly forward with his hand extended. Mr. Blaine ignored the proffered hand and turned away. Mr. Edmunds, with heightened color, returned to the sofa, and Mr. Blaine stepped back and apologized to McMichael. The first reports were that when McMichael said, "There is no need to introduce you," Mr. Edmunds said as he came forward, "How do you do, Mr. Blaine," and Mr. Blaine, ignoring the extended hand, replied to Colonel McMichael's remark, "Oh, no, of course not." It is asserted, however, that Mr. Blaine made no remark at all, but simply ignored the presence, the hand and the greeting of Mr. Edmunds, and then took the first occasion to express his regret to Colonel McMichael and Mr. Charles Miller as friends of the family at the occurrence. At the same time there were in the house Mr. Conkling, who would not speak to Mr. Blaine, and Mr. Chandler, who would not speak to Mr. Hayes. Somebody ought to get up a mum party for the benefit of these gentlemen.

EDITOR WATTERSON says that Minister Phelps has all the points of a British toady. Well, that is all an American minister is expected to do in London. He can toady royalty, and telegraph home puffs of himself. In the language of the Green mountain boys, hooray for Phelps.

THE story of a terrible crime comes from Lurcan, in France. Madame Sebon was an old widow, seventy years of age. The widow had two sons, a daughter and a son-in-law. The four conspired to murder her for a pittance she had saved. They caught the old woman and threw her on the fire in the fireplace and kept her there until she was nearly burned up. To hurry up the process of burning, petroleum was poured on the woman's clothes. The story of the crime was told in court by the old woman's little grandchild, aged seven years. The daughter and son-in-law were sentenced to death, and the two sons were sentenced to life imprisonment.

A NEW YORK paper attempts to reply to some remarks made in these columns some time ago; but we can have no controversy with a two cent paper.

THE COLONEL AND THE CAPTAIN.

Two Odd Characters Who Astonished the Natives in Fiji.

From the San Francisco Call.

As a traveler in many lands I assert that Australians and Americans are the most sober civilized races on the earth. In spite of the numerous and magnificent barrooms of San Francisco, and the numerous and not magnificent pupule houses of Melbourne, the consumption of absolute alcohol is very limited. But in Levuka some of the early American pioneers distinguished themselves in other methods than drinking. There was Colonel Jennings, to-wit, for a long time the bully of the beach—the bete noir of the quiet merchants and the missionaries. Colonel Jennings was a man beautiful to behold, whose piercing eye and pointed black mustache proclaimed him as one sudden and fierce in quarrel. No one knew where he came from, or why he came—indeed, as in the early days in California, that latter was a question that no man asked of his fellow in Fiji. The social opinion of the people was against impertinent queries of that kind. It was enough for one white man to meet another white man, the bond of race and color was sufficient.

Colonel Jennings, this being just after the war, was generally reputed to be a distinguished adherent to the lost cause. He ruled the bar at the Levuka hotel for a time; the one billiard room quailed before him. All asked him to drink and supplied him with cigars. 'If any man insults me, by——, sir, I will shoot him in his tr r racks," was the Jennings shibboleth. He once snapped a pistol (unloaded) at a Sydney man, who was so scared that he ran away and hid for safety with the missionaries. But the mighty fell, and, as ever, a woman was the cause. One night there was an attempt at an amateur concert in the one meeting hall, the parliament house of King Thakambau. The Jennings stalked in without payment. The usher, a mere boy, asked for a ticket. "How dare you?" said the warrior, smiting him on the cheek, and taking a front seat. The audience was subdued with terror. Then from the back of the hall rose an old lady with an umbrella. She stumped up to the front and inserted the handle into the Jennings collar. "I'm that boy's mother," said she, and she hauled him from his seat to the door and beat him and cast him forth into outer darkness, and Colonel Jennings gnashing his teeth, retreated forever eclipsed. He shortly disappeared from Levuka. I believe he was originally a bartender in a low saloon in St. Louis.

* * * * * *

Captain James T. Proctor has a choice assortment of false legs, beautifully enameled, and which enable him to get around with only a slight limp. All through the South seas he is known by the natives as "Capitan a-one leg." In spite of these wooden legs he has saved several lives, Captain Proctor being a magnificent swimmer. At Fiji he received the medal of the English Royal Humane society for rescuing three sailors belonging to a British man-of-war from drowning. This artificial leg business is a perpetual mystery to the natives. I have seen them crowd about his vessel in canoes when the ex confederate would come on deck stripped for his swim. There was no mistake about it, he had only one leg. The women were even more curious than the men, and like St. Thomas, were not satisfied with ocular demonstration. When Captain Proctor had his bath and completed his toilet the wonder grew. Here was a being whom with their own eyes and hands they had tested as wanting a limb, now properly clothed and booted, walking around like an ordinary mortal. To complete their astonishment Proctor would pull up his pants, and showing an apparently white skin, would carefully scratch it.

This leg saved his life on one occasion. Bathing in a river in one of the islands of the New Hebrides, a number of savages rushed out of the jungle and made for Proctor. He had just time to get to the bank, hitch on his leg and stump along to where his boat's crew awaited him. But the savages gained on the southerner. They could have speared him easily, but evidently wished to catch a white man alive. They saw he was unarmed. The first buck came close, club uplifted to strike Proctor down. Then he turned, dodged the blow, took off his leg and smote two of his foes to the earth. The rest fled in terror. Bret Harte's story of the eye of the Comandante, Haggard's amusing sketch in "King Solomon's Mines" of the English captain who astonished African savages by taking out his false teeth, are surpassed by this real incident.

NEW FACTS ABOUT CANNIBALS.

Discovery of Many Tribes in the Congo Basin Who Eat Human Flesh.

From the New York Sun.

It has long been known that a few tribes of cannibals lived in Africa, but there was until recently no reason to believe that the tribes of anthropophagi are numerous and that cannibalism is practiced in quite a large part of the continent. The new discovery is the result of explorations in the Congo basin, where it is now believed cannibals are more numerous than in any other part of the world. There are some striking differences with regard to this practice among the various tribes.

When Lieutenants Kund and Tappenbeck were traveling between the Wambu and Kwilu rivers they came among the gentle and timid tribe of the Pamballas, who confessed that they were men eaters on a small scale. "It is true," they said, "that we eat people when we have any people to eat; but that is not very often." This announcement has a tinge of sadness due to the fact that the Pamballas, not being warlike, are generally the under dogs in the fight that surrounding tribes force upon them, and they think themselves lucky if now and then an enemy falls into their hands.

Quite different was the conduct of the men eaters whom the same travelers met a little further east. "Why," they insolently shouted, "do you not give us some of your men to eat? You are no friends of ours. When the Msjaccas came among us they never fail to bring us some men to eat. They are our friends."

Other cannibals in the Congo basin deny that they are men eaters, and will not admit the truth as long as they can conceal it. Few of the Bangallas will talk on the subject to white men. The practice in their tribes is generally confined to their chiefs and leaders, they being considered as specially privileged.

It is impossible as yet to say what causes confirm some tribes in the practice of cannibalism, while nearly related tribes abhor the very idea. The Monbuttus on the Welle Makua, who are exceptionally advanced in their arts and industries, are cannibals. The Wegandas, on the other hand, who live about 400 miles southeast, and who are of the same stock as the Monbuttus and like them in their development, wouldn't dream of eating a human body, notwithstanding the fact that they are very fond of meat, which is the greatest luxury the common people can have, as they are confined almost wholly to a vegetable diet.

Points on Palmistry.

A close hand goes with a close heart.

A hollow palm as a rule goes with a worrying and unhappy disposition.

Smoothly formed fingers indicate the possession of tact, while knotty fingers indicate taste born of experience rather than a natural inheritance.

A long hand shows a preference for details, tendency to a minute examination of a subject.

A short hand is the expression of a nature quick and impulsive, synthetical in its mental operations.

Small handed persons prefer things on a colossal scale.

Long-handed persons are analytical,

The shortness of the fingers when carried to excess betokens cruelty.

Thick fingers indicate a fondness for luxury which might be extended to sensuality.

A hand that opens with difficulty expresses avarice.

She Knows How to Manage Him.

From the Texas Siftings.

"Does your wife ever pay you any compliments?" asked Frederick Jimson of his friend Benderly.

"Never," replied Benderly.

"Well, mine does. She flatters me."

"Often?"

"Oh, yes, frequently; particularly in winter."

"Why does she taffy you so much in winter?"

"Whenever the coal fire needs replenishing, she points to the fireplace and says, 'Frederick, the grate.'"

Something About the Six Editors.

From the New York Sun.

Boston has six editors over eighty.—Udica Observer.

What of that? A healthy man at eighty is in the full flower of life. Look at David Dudley Field. Remember Peter Cooper. Consider Ferdinand de Lesseps. Or, if you wish to keep in the profession, call and chat with that lively and quick-hitting veteran, Henry B. Stanton. Youth is only a relative idea.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

IT was a Chinese empress, Sse-Heig, who discovered the art of utilizing the product of the silk-worm. This royal benefactress lived about 2800 B. C.

THE president, says the Boston Sun, contemplates giving a Christmas dinner at Oak View to a select party of friends, and has written to his sister, Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, asking her to spend the holidays with him and Mrs. Cleveland.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR, during his sophomore year at Union college, was compelled to teach a village school for the slender remuneration of $15 a month.

THIERS and Guizot once met on neutral ground, the latter being prime minister and the former leader of the opposition. "But, M. Thiers," said Guizot, in course of political argument, "you and your friends do not nothing but criticise us. What would you do if you were in power in our places?" "We would sing the same song you are singing," replied Thiers; "only we would sing it better."

MR. DENNIS R. ALWARD, of Auburn, formerly a secretary of legation at London, is about to sell his interesting collection of autographs, which includes letters from Humboldt, Schiller, Goethe, De Stael, Beranger, Frederick the Great, Lafayette and Victor Hugo. There are also copies of the Lord's Prayer written in sixty-seven different languages, mostly by distinguished natives of the various countries.

The supervisors authorized the town treasurer at Madison, N. Y., to pay a bounty of 10 cents for the killing of ground hogs. Last week, while the treasurer was away from home, his wife paid bounties on 1,400 chipmunks whose tails were presented as certificates by a crowd of boys. The treasurer is now endeavoring to collect $140 from the boy's parents.

EDWARD M. KNOX, of New York, is afflicted with the ownership of a monster emerald weighing eighteen carats. It knocks the spots out of the best known emeralds in Europe, and has made all the connoisseurs of gems turn green with envy.

A MINNESOTA paper announces that "Mr. Piper has a snake in a bottle that was raised from a hair from a horse's tail." It is exceedingly hard for some editors to get over campaign habits all at once.—New Haven News.

THE EVIL EYE.

A Superstition Believed in all Over the World.

An English writer, Mr. Hodden Westropp, recently traced the singular superstition of the evil eye back to the Aryan race. This will account for the almost universal belief in it in the poorer classes, even of nations now widely separated. The ignorant, not only in all European countries, but the Arabs, the Hindoos, the Maoris in Australia, the Romany, all African tribes, and our own Indians hold this absurd superstition.

In many cases, too, the belief that the eye has power to cast a malignant spell is supplemented by faith in some unpleasant object to ward it off. Usually this is the sign of a bloody hand. In Turkey, Arabia, Hindoostan and Malabar, children are decorated with some brilliant jewel to attract the eye of the spectator, and so to divert its possible evil influence. In Egypt, even when they belong to wealthy people, they are sent upon the street in ragged and filthy garments for the same purpose. Lord Lytton says:

"At Naples the superstition works well for the jewellers, so many costly charms do they sell to ward off the ominous power of the mal occhio. A coral ornament among the ancient Greeks, as now in modern Italy, was a favorite averter of this evil influence."

This malignant power, according to the Italians, may belong to a person of good, even holy, character. Pope Pius IX., although revered by his people, was popularly believed to have the mal occhio, and it is stated that the more ignorant Romans, while receiving his benedictions for their soul's health, would hold up a cross, lest his glance might accidentally fall upon them and wither their bodies.

There is a basis of truth in the most grovelling superstition, and the germ of this one was probably the perception among the earliest dwellers on the globe of the strong personal magnetism possessed by many men of evil nature. It was natural for ignorant men to attribute this to some physical power of the eye.

While no educated American believes in the power of any man to shrivel his limbs, or infuse a deadly poison into his blood by the mere glance of his eye, it is nevertheless true that a man of strong will and magnetic manner can and does exercise a strong influence over every person who comes near him. In every community, church or school, this power is possessed by one or more persons. They are the leaders; the others follow. Sometimes their influence is as malign to the soul as the mal occhio was believed to be to the body.

BRIBERY MOST FLAGRANT.

The Young Man Who Sold His Seat for a Dollar.

From the New York Times.

A Broadway car which left the battery at about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon got its first passenger at the City Hall park in the person of what the conductor called a dude. He was, in fact, very gorgeous. His long coat tails protruded from under the tails of his short, light-colored topcoat; his hands were enveloped in the yellowest of kids; patent leather shoes adorned his feet, and his head was, in a measure, held down by an immaculate silk hat. He, with great care, deposited his person in the comfortable lower corner of the car, and in an abstracted manner looked for his fare. A search of the first and customary pocket brought forth nothing. Sudden pain seemed to disturb the young gentleman's complacent face. He dived into three unsuccessful pockets, and then from the fourth hauled out triumphantly a nickel. The young man was temporarily relieved, but as the car got up town he seemed troubled about something again.

By the time the car got to Tenth street it was completely filled. At Twelfth street several people got in and crowded the car. At Thirteenth street several ladies were hanging on to the straps, and the dude was the only man seated. At Fourteenth street some more people got in, and among them was an old gentleman who had in his charge a sweet faced, feeble old lady. She stood up in front of the dude and hung on to the straps. She was a short little lady, and the position evidently was a painful one. But the dude looked stonily out of the window. The old gentleman stared at him. First with disgust, then in contempt, and finally his emotion was one of anger. Suddenly he dived down in his trousers pocket. His hand came up full of silver. Carefully selecting four quarters from the pile he learned over and touched the young man. The dude looked up at him.

"Young man," said the old gentleman, extending the four quarters, "I'll give you a dollar for your seat."

"Wha—what?" gasped the youth. Everybody snickered.

"I'll give you a dollar for your seat," repeated the old gentleman.

The dude looked dazed. He gazed first at the old gentleman's angry face. Then his stare wandered over the car, then fastened itself upon the four silver quarters.

"Wha—" he began. Then, in a more dazed kind of a way, he reached out, took the quarters, slowly got up, and stumbling off the platform, wandered up Eighteenth street.

The mild old lady, blushing as red as if she had been sixteen instead of sixty, sat down in the vacant seat, the passengers smiled, the old gentleman gazed out of the window, and the car bowled merrily along.

The Oldest Graduate of Princeton.

From the Princetonian.

"The recent death of ex President Maclean and the Rev. Dr. Rodney, both of the class of '16, leaves the Hon. John Berkley Grimball the oldest living graduate of Princeton college, of the class of '19. Mr. Grimball was born June 23, 1800, in Charleston, South Carolina, his native state. He entered Princeton at the beginning of sophomore year and remained there until graduation. He was a member of Whig hall, and is one of the few surviving Princetonians who graduated under President Green. He was present at college during the celebrated "rebellion" of the students in 1817. Mr. Grimball was for many years, up to the time of the war, a rice planter, and his interests still lie in that direction. He was for a number of years a member of the state senate. Among his classmates at Princeton were the Hon. I. H. Lumpkin, LL. D., member of congress, chief Justice of the supreme court of Georgia, chancellor of the university of Georgia; the Hon. William O. Goode, speaker of the house of representatives, President Robert J. Breckinridge, LL. D., of Jefferson college, Hon. Walter F. Colquitt of Georgia, United States senator, (father of the present senator, Hon. A. H. Colquitt, of '44,) Hon. John Izard Middleton, of South Carolina, Hon. Elias Boudinot Dayton Ogden, judge of the supreme court of New Jersey, and the Hon. A. W. Venable, member of congress from Virginia.

CONSTITUTIONALS.

Pencil Paragraphs and Editorial Shortstops Caught on the Run.

Just now the mails of the United States are laden with campaign documents, issued by the "Irish Loyal and Patriotic Union, twenty-six Palace Chambers, London." This union represents the landlord class of Ireland, which, alarmed at the progress of the home rule movement, and the substantial and moral backing given to that movement in America, seeks to answer it in some sort by the circulation of the documents mentioned.

The first papers sent out are two large map posters. One of these is printed in red ink, and is headed: "The Murder Map of Ireland." This is intended to cover the period from 1880 to 1882 when "the national land league governed Ireland under the presidency of Mr. Parnell." The map is so indexed as to show that where the home rule movement was strongest, the greater number of agrarian crimes were committed, and that "law and order" was only to be found in certain counties in the northeast of Ireland, such, for instance, as Antrim, Londonderry, and Down, while lawlessness was most pronounced in Mayo and Kerry, where land league candidates had been elected to the parliament by a vote of 40 to 1. A list is appended of process servers, evicting landlords, and similar persons who had been "removed" from life by some over-zealous, but desperate nationalist. The paper winds up with the statement that "it is to these men that Mr. Gladstone proposes to hand over the future government of Ireland."

The second sheet is much more formidable in its dimensions, having for a headline, in flaming red, "Footprints of the National Land League." Two maps are printed side by side, the one labelled "The Agrarian Crimes Map of Ireland," and the other "The Parliamentary Map of Ireland." These maps are identical in coloring, the home rule counties showing the same proportion of agrarian crimes as of patriotism. There are but two white counties, Londonderry and Antrim, and three partially white, Tyrone, Armagh and Down. These immaculate white spots are put down as the seats of loyalty and virtue. It is from this contemptibly small minority of population and territory that the only discordant voice is heard in the demand for home rule.

A startling array of alleged crimes is presented, together with quotations from leading members of the home rule parliamentary party, in which Ireland is spoken of as a "nation," and the English people as "aliens." Figures are also given to show that the money sent into Ireland from America to sustain the home rule movement exceeds three times the amount contributed in Ireland itself. The alarming statement is made that "boycotting is rapidly increasing and the authority of the national land league is only maintained by wholesale terrorism and intimidation."

These documents are but counterparts of similar posters which were spread over the northern states during the Hayes-Tilden campaign, which showed that kuklurism in the south was coincident with fidelity to home institutions. The northeast of Ireland was settled with an alien class and a large admixture of these people were scattered through the eastern counties of Ireland. It was England's policy to make these people maintain their alien character. For this purpose their prejudices were petted, their pride was gratified and by being made to believe that they were part of the ruling power, their feelings were so mollified that they made excellent patriots according to the English ideal. A different policy, however, was adopted toward the "mere Irish." They were made the hewers of wood and the drawers of water, taunted with inferiority, overtaxed and rackrented until desperation took the place of every other feeling. Then, it is true, the "ku-klux" era arrived, for what else could starving and unarmed men do?

The work of O'Connell, in arousing them from their servility; of Thomas Davis, in inspiring them with manly sentiments; of Michael Davitt, in giving them organization, and of Charles Stewart Parnell, in teaching them the uses of the ballot, has effected a revolution such as never followed battle's carnage. Convinced of the justice of Ireland's cause; filled with admiration for the patience and heroism of the Milesian Irish, the hitherto alien class of the north of Ireland came to their rescue, and in the last two elections have given large majorities for the home rule cause, until now even Londonderry is represented in parliament by that staunch home ruler, Justin McCarthy!

That pending these exciting times there should have been a large increase of alleged crimes is but a repetition of political history. The English government multiplied coercive laws, and English officers in Ireland redoubled their zeal in order that the national aspirations might be crushed. Women were shot down by English troops; children lay bleeding to death on the roadsides from English bullets; priests who dared to voice their people's wrongs were thrust into dark and noisome prisons. If some poor tenant in Kerry, with the eviction notice in his hands; the cold wind whistling through the cracks of his cabin; his children crying for food and bed-covering, while his wife wept over the prospect of her children freezing the next night on the roadside; what, if crazed by the desperation of such a scene, and moved by the parental instinct which even tigers feel, he goes forth in the night, and the next morning the dead body of the landlord is found riddled with shot? There is no justification for murder, it is true, neither should there be palliation for the extortion of the poor. It man's inhumanity to his fellows leads them into that desperation where reason's domain comes to an end, let the blame rest where it belongs—upon the bloated, purse-proud tyrant who has neither pity for the necessities of his fellow man nor compassion for the tears of women and children.

A singular fact is suggested by the so-called "land league" and "murder" maps of Ireland. The "loyal union" claims so much virtue for the northeast counties of Ireland that they are presented in white. The best index of a nation's virtue is the chastity of its women. The last report of the British registrar-general, as printed in the Pall Mall Gazette, would make it appear that Londonderry, Down, Antrim and Tyrone should be printed in the deepest black. In Ulster the illegitimacy is 4.3 per cent; in Leinster 2.3 per cent; in Munster 2.2 per cent; in Connaught 0.9 per cent. Thus it will be seen that loyalty to England and the dishonoring of women go hand in hand; that where loyalty to England is the more pronounced, the greater is the number of illegitimate births. Another illustration will make the point clearer: While Ulster doubles and trebles the illegitimacy of other parts of Ireland, the most virtuous counties in that province are those which have voted for home rule. Thus, in Antrim, which is the only county in Ireland in which the home rulers have not some sort of a foothold, the rate of bastardy is highest, being 5.8 per cent; in Down it is 4.5 per cent; in Londonderry it is 4.8 per cent, and in Armagh it is 5 per cent. In contrast with these figures take the home rule counties of Ulster, where in Fermanagh illegitimacy is only 3.5 per cent; Monaghan 2.8 per cent; Donegal 2 per cent, and Cavan 1.6 per cent. Thus where the Irish people are freest from English contamination they are freest from vice. In Connaught, where the "loyal" map places the greatest amount of crime, as seen through English political glasses, the illegitimacy is only 0.9 per cent, and in Leitrim, the hottest of Parnellite counties, it is as low as 0.6 per cent. In Antrim, "truly loyal," 58 persons out of every 1,000 met on the streets are bastards, while in Leitrim, "murderously" Irish, there are only 6! From this it will be seen that the alleged Irish loyalism are the last people in the world who should attempt to get up a criminal comparison of any sort.

But the cause of Ireland cannot be affected by the croaking of a few malcontents. Gladstone, the greatest Englishman of his century, has weighed the question in the light of fifty years of statesmanship, and has declared the Irish cause not only just but inevitable. One and a half million honest Englishmen have indorsed his opinion at the ballot box. America being the home of freedom, will not withhold her sympathy from a brave nation struggling for its autonomy, while the determination of the Irish people themselves is best expressed in the eloquent language of Mr. O'Brien, when he declared at Tullis that

—we would be unworthy of our forefathers; we would deserve the scorn and contempt of those who come after us, if in this day of dawning hope and power for the Irish race we ever faltered or flinched until we have banished the twin demons of landlordism and English rule forever from our shores, and until we plant upon the highest pinnacle of Dublin castle the flag of a redeemed and regenerated Irish nation. P. J. MORAN,

QUEER DELUSIONS.

Some Men With These Peculiarities Would be Called Crazy.

WASHINGTON, November 21.—A party of old soldiers stood on the platform of the panorama of Bull Run the other day, discussing an anecdote I told recently of the idiosyncrasies of Stonewall Jackson, and a famous ex-confederate remarked:

"I saw a good deal of General Jackson before and during the war, and noticed his peculiarities as every one else did. I have heard him assert that his right leg was hollow and his left leg solid. He used to imagine that he could feel his blood passing down the cavity, and if it had been any other man I would have said that he was crazy."

"I'm the other man," responded General Belknap, who stood by, "for I never take a glass of Burgundy without feeling it run down inside my leg to my great toe."

"And I know a man," observed another, "who cannot take even so much as a glass of beer without feeling a numbness in his arm from his wrist to his elbow."

"Sam Randall," said a third, "always has a swelling of his ankles whenever he takes wine of any sort, but that's gout, of course."

"And I know a great many men," continued a fourth, "who cannot take a drink of whisky without feeling it in both legs, but I never thought there was anything strange about it."

STRUCK BY A STORM.

A Moving Train in the Midst of Cyclonic Manifestations.

PHILADELPHIA, November 25.—A storm accompanied by cyclonic manifestations, swept over the center of Gloucester county, this state, this afternoon. In the vicinity of Pittman Grove, the wind blew with the force of a tornado. The Glassboro accommodation train made a narrow escape from being wrecked. The headlight and the glass and sash in the locomotive cab were carried away, and both engineer and fireman were compelled to hold fast in order to save themselves from going too. The ventilators on top of the cars were smashed off and thirty-four window panes were smashed. The knob of the door of the baggage car was twisted off, and other damage done. The passengers were thrown into a panic, and a scene of great confusion ensued. Engineer Wheaton stated that the fury of the storm was spent in less than a minute, and that its track was about the width of the distance between two telegraph poles.

Charles Wynne, proprietor of a brick yard near Pittman, which was also in the track of the tornado, saw it coming, and took refuge in the kiln. The wind struck this with fearful force, and demolished it. Wynne was struck and partially buried by the falling brick. When rescued it was found that his skull had been crushed. He is supposed to have received fatal injuries. The fences in the direct line of the storm were blown away like chaff. Thunder, lightning and hail were terrific. In Woodbury there was a marked electrical disturbance. A singular incident is reported from there. At several points the electric wires touched tree branches along the streets, and the electrical current was so strong as to set fire to the trees. The engine at the company's works had to be stopped during the prevalence of the storm.

Was Her Death Caused by Fright?

PHILADELPHIA, November 25.—Interest in the murder of Catharine Taswell, at Ardmore, eight miles from this city, a month ago, for which her husband John was arrested recently and lodged in Norristown jail, has revived. An alleged confession is said to have been made by Taswell to his attorney that his wife died of fright on facing him while on her way to meet another man of whom he was jealous. The doctors say that her death was caused by heart disease, superinduced by fright. The district attorney and the detective acknowledged that this is the theory that they have been working on, and on which they made the arrest. The counsel for the defense threaten to take out a habeas corpus and have the prisoner released on bail.

Presentation to the Oldest Inhabitant.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 25.—[Special.]—One of the happiest events occurring in this city for some time was the presentation, today, by the leading citizens of Chattanooga, of a handsome gold watch and chain and a costly silver service to Captain John P. Long, the oldest inhabitant of the town, on this, his seventy-ninth birthday. The presents were made by 250 citizens each of whom subscribed one dollar for that purpose. The old gentleman was greatly overcome by the testimonial, and, though lying upon a sick-bed, responded in most happy terms. He was the first postmaster at Ross landing, near Chattanooga.

Death of Commander Jones.

NASSVILLE, Tenn., November 25.—[Special.] Colonel Edward S. Jones, department commander Grand Army of the Republic for Tennessee and Georgia, died at his home in this city at midnight, after three week's illness. Colonel Jones was a native of Philadelphia, where he was born August 4, 1818; entered the war as captain of company C 3d Pennsylvania Cavalry; promoted for gallant service, became colonel of the regiment, at the head of which he figured conspicuously at the battle of Gettysburg; after the war he came to Nashville, and has been an active member of the Grand Army of the Republic and a highly esteemed citizen.

President Arthur's Will.

NEW YORK, November 25.—Council for the executors of the will of the late Chester A. Arthur procured an order from Judge Bookstaver, of the court of common pleas, for the issuance of citation for the probate of the will made returnable one week from Saturday. The ex-president's will executed March 8th, 1886. It will be witnessed by Rasius S. Ransom, James C. Reed and James S. Briggs. It states that the heirs and next of kin are Chester Allen Arthur and Allen Herndon Arthur. Mrs. Elroy is said to have been appointed guardian of the daughter. The will has not been filed.

Overcome by Smoke.

BOSTON, November 25.—A fire tonight damaged Cutler & Parker's sash and blind factory to the amount of $10,000. Several firemen were overcome by smoke and one, William Blake, was taken out dead. Chief Meher is in a precarious condition, but it is thought he will survive.

Killed or Drowned.

NEW YORK, November 25.—The boiler of the tug Sunbeam, which was lying near the pier on East river, exploded this afternoon. The owner and three men on board were blown up and all were killed or drowned.

Restful Repose and Religion.

From the Detroit Free Press.

There are sixteen towns in New England which have not increased their population over seven in the last ten years, and some have not even erected a new barn in fifteen years. Their motto is "slow, but sure," with a great deal of ringing of church bells on Sundays.

Before the Footlights Dancing.

The "good, gray poet" of Camden recently went to see Robson and Crane, whereupon he wrote.

The footlights dancing,
The noise of the scenery pushed along by the shifters,
The thump of the big drum,
The shrill whisper of the prompter,
The tinkle of the bell bidding the roll up of the curtain,
These are the sounds and sights that greet me,
(I am in the theater.)

I am looking at you, Crane,
I observe the paunch of you,

All about me, laughing
Men with loud guffaw,
Women, with trill and ripple,
Children imitating their parents,
Sad-faced ushers babbling over,

Robson, I hear you,
I bend forward, backward, sidebend, bend to the left,
(I have to hold the buttons on me—they are bursting from my waistcoat off.)

RAILROAD DEALS.

THE RECENT MANIPULATION OF R. & D.

A Glance over Wall Street at the Southern Railroad Deals Have Left It—Working Up a Railroad Syndicate—The Georgia Factors Coming Home—Other Georgia News, Etc.

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A Glance over Wall Street at the Southern Railroad Deals Have Left It—Working Up a Railroad Syndicate—The Georgia Factors Coming Home—Other Georgia News, Etc.

NEW YORK, November 25.—[Special.]—Wall street has not experienced for several years such a sensation as has been created by the recent bold and brilliant deal in the Richmond and West Point Terminal, and Richmond and Danville stocks.

During speculators, who have played on the bull side in the game, have profited enormously, and many a man who was of broken fortune when the deal began, has been reestablished in affluence by the success of the scheme.

The battle smoke has not yet cleared away, and it is therefore difficult to give an unclouded account of the transaction.

If there is any one man who has kept his head cool during the intense excitement, and thereby made himself independently rich again, it is General T. M. Logan.

His name was prominent among the leaders of the Richmond and Danville management several years ago, but when at the time the awful collapse came to that stock on the New York stock exchange, and under the memorable raid, the price broke a hundred dollars a share in one day, the general was caught with large holdings, and consequently saw his previously acquired fortune swept from him in an hour. Such sudden losses are enough to drive the average man crazy, but General Logan is more than an average man, and bore up under his misfortune bravely. He never forgot the hole where his treasure was buried, and with unconfuserable energy determined to dig it up again out of the same place.

Accordingly he has kept an eagle eye on the Terminal and Richmond and Danville properties from that day to this. The Richmond and West Point Terminal company consists of a controlling interest in several lines, aggregating 1 800 miles of railroad. The Richmond and Danville proper is 800 miles long, yet nevertheless by its ownership of a majority of the Terminal stock it has up to the recent deal been able to make "the tail wag the dog" most effectually.

With this swing of power the Richmond and Danville about a year ago, by its controlling voice in the Terminal management, leased to itself all the Terminal lines except the Georgia Pacific. By this stroke, having secured to its own treasury all the milk that would otherwise have accumulated in the Terminal cocoanut, it concluded that the Terminal stock was no longer of special value, and determined to market the greater part of its holdings. At that time it owned 75,000 shares of Terminal stock, and carrying out the programme to realize cash for the Richmond and Danville treasury, 50,000 shares of Terminal stock were sold. The remaining 25,000 shares were reserved under a further plan to exchange them with the Terminal company for about $12,000,000 of securities then in the Terminal treasury, viz: bonds and stocks of several of the Terminal lines, which comprised that company's best assets.

At this juncture, which was about nine months ago, General T. M. Logan began his campaign, which has resulted in the splendid recent success for himself and his associates.

Allying with him a few strong capitalists, he made clear to them his plan for saving the Terminal property. There were two courses, by either of which the thing might be done. It could be accomplished by securing a majority of the Richmond and Danville stock itself, and by radical change in the administration of that company, check its ruinous policy toward the Terminal.

They went to work at once on this plan, and commenced buying Richmond and Danville stock. Under their purchases the price rose rapidly from $80 to $150 per share. The Logan party here saw that this plan would not work. They had secured a large block of Richmond and Danville stock, but it was short of a majority. This programme was promptly abandoned, and General Logan's second plan adopted, which was to secure a majority of the Terminal stock.

They were in fine form for this second effort, being stimulated by the tremendous profits they had made on their purchases of Richmond and Danville. This scheme required the most perfect harmony and conduct of action, and a difficulty in the way of such was the soreness on the part of all those Terminal stockholders who had not been in on the Richmond and Danville deal just conducted.

Here was the point at which Messrs. John L. and Pat Calhoun became identified with the deal. Their services were inestimably valuable in reconciling those Terminal stockholders who had not shared with General Logan and his friends in their profits on Richmond and Danville.

All parties were finally brought into perfect harmony, and the deal began in vigorous earnest. The first purchases of Terminal stock were made at about $30 per share. The buying was pressed day after day and a very great amount of stock secured before any considerable advance occurred. At last the executive committee of the Logan party announced to their syndicate that a majority of Terminal stock was secured. This leaked out and made the wildest sort of excitement in the street, and stock bounded rapidly from the thirties up into the fifties.

The Richmond and Danville woke to a sense of their condition, and saw the vital importance of recapturing a controlling interest in the Terminal. With this purpose in view they promptly determined to make a desperate raid on Terminal in the New York stock exchange, with the hope of breaking the price severely, making a panic among the holders of Terminal and in that hour of demoralization buying back a majority of the Terminal stock. Accordingly they took the 25,000 shares of Terminal stock remaining in their treasury, and flung upon the market in one day.

It undenisbly had some effect and broke the price of Terminal badly for about an hour. But the Logan party and their followers took every share that was offered and the stock closed that night thoroughly recovered from the decline. It advanced in the next two days following, about ten dollars a share higher than it had been before the attack.

The Richmond and Danville people, recognizing their unalterable defeat, acknowledged themselves open to propositions, and subsequent negotiations resulted in the Logan party buying for the Terminal company two and a half million dollars of the Richmond and Danville stock from the powers that had been at $200 per share, paid for as follows: $200 per share in cash and $60 per share in Terminal stock. The capital stock of the Richmond and Danville is $5,000,000, that of the Terminal $15,000,000.

The present programme of the new Terminal people is to issue $5,000,000 of preferred stock and allow present stockholders to take it at par in proportion to such man's holding of present Terminal stock, and give to subscribers as a bonus half as much more common stock as they now hold. This is to say, a man with 300 shares of today's Terminal stock will have the right to subscribe to 100 shares of the new preferred stock at par, and with that will receive 150 shares additional common stock. This will put $5,000,000 in the Terminal treasury to pay for the two and a half million Richmond and Danville stock bought the other day, and to the former owners of that Richmond and Danville stock will be given $60 per share in new common Terminal stock, aggregating $1,500,000.

Therefore, under the final adjustment as now proposed, the Terminal company will have out $24,000,000 common stock and $5,000,000 preferred stock. In addition to this, it is proposed to make the present capital stock of the Richmond and Danville three for one, or $15,000,000 instead of $5,000,000, as at present.

I have laid before you in fullest detail the gigantic Terminal and Richmond and Danville deal, which has recently commanded the attention of Wall street, and stirred an interest in all speculative circles from Maine to Texas. I met General Logan last night, and he expressed the opinion that the magnitude of the transaction turns the eyes of the largest capitalists towards the south. This deal has induced them to consider all railroad properties in that section, and the favorable result of their investigation is evidenced by the late advance in all southern railroad stocks and bonds on the New York exchanges. He further suggests that this closer examination into the railroads of the south will lead to a consideration of all other classes of securities as well as real estate, and predicts a steady flow of money to our section from this day forward.

M. J. V.

ALEXANDER AND RAOUL.

The Central Contestants on The'r Way Home.

The battle for the presidency of the Central railroad has been largely fought in New York up to this time. Mr. Raoul and General Alexander have both been marshalling their forces there. Georgia will be the theatre of the war from this time forward. Mr. Raoul is now on his way back to Georgia.

Gen. Alexander will reach Augusta next Monday morning, where he will have a consultation with Mr. C. H. Phinizy, Mr. Pat. Calhoun and others of his friends and supporters. Mr. Pat Calhoun reached Atlanta yesterday and went immediately to Savannah, where he will spend a few days. Of the fight, it is enough to say that at present it is any man's fight.

Feeling Against the Baltimore and Ohio.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., November 25.—The Record tomorrow will say: There is said to be a considerable feeling against the Baltimore and Ohio for entering into a plan with the Pennsylvania to send its passenger trafic over the line of the latter company. This feeling is entertained by those who interested themselves personally in securing that corporation privileges which enabled it to make an independent connection for New York. A bill in equity to cancel privileges is said to be talked of by individuals.

Elberton's Railroad Hopes.

ELBERTON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Elberton is having her full share of railroad excitement now. The Washington and Elberton road, from all indications, will be built at an early day; the Georgia, Carolina and Northern, one of the best roads that has been projected in the south since the war, seems now to be almost a certainty, and the Augusta and Chattanooga, if it consults its own interest both in shortness of route and in securing traffic, cannot afford to give Elberton the go by, so the prospect is now that the town will develop into a considerable railroad center in the near future.

Buying up Central Stock.

ATHENS, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Dr. J. A. A. West has been here for two days getting up Central proxies for General Alexander. The Banner-Watchman, in a double leaded article, calls on Athens stockholders to support Raoul.

HEAD LIGHT FLASHES

A fast mail train between Washington City and Atlanta is soon to be put on by the Richmond and Danville railroad.

The officers of the Atlanta and Hawkinsville railroad are negotiating with a lithographing firm to prepare the bonds of the road.

On Sunday the 28th instant, the Central railroad will make another important change in its schedule. Exactly what it will be is not known, because the figures are not yet at hand. It is understood, however, that an additional train will be put on, to run between Atlanta and Albany.

FALSE FOSTER.

He Dupes an Old Negro Man, and Is Arrested.

On Tuesday last a white man who gave his name as John Foster, approached the cabin of an old negro by the name of James Robinson, in Campbell county, and announced that he was an organizer of colored Knights of Labor lodges, and was desirous of organizing one in that neighborhood. There was a protracted meeting at a colored church in that section, and Robinson suggested that it would be best for Foster to go to the church, and he would assist him in talking up a sufficient number to organize a lodge of the highly praised and important order to the colored people.

Foster agreed to accompany Robinson, and was to take supper with the negro. While the old man was engaged doing the chores around the house, preparatory to attending church and organizing the aforesaid important lodge, Foster secured a new silver watch and chain that was hanging in the house, and skipped out.

Yesterday Robinson was standing on Pryor street, near police headquarters and saw Foster passing. He gave the alarm to Sergeant Tom McWilliams, who started in pursuit of Foster. He was soon joined by Patrolman English, and they soon captured him and locked him up. The watch was found on his person, together with a pistol and other trinkets.

Foster is a young man of good appearance, and claims to hail from Michigan. When questioned about his case he declined to talk. An officer will arrive from Fairburn today with a warrant for him.

A Singular Accident.

Last night as Watchman McGriff, at Turner's compress, on Peters street, was on his rounds at the compress, he felt a peculiar sensation in his leg, and soon afterward discovered that a blood vessel had burst in his leg, and assistance was obtained to carry him into the office, where Drs. Love attended him. At a late hour this morning he was resting quietly, and will be removed to his home this morning.

PERSONAL.

J. T. WHITE, Wall Paper and Shades. 6t

EX GOVERNOR HENRY D. MCDANIEL spent yesterday in the city.

AT THE KIMBALL: Howard Harris, Savannah; J A Dolan, New Haven, Conn; J P Connelly, Meridian, Conn; James S Farmer, Dawson, Ga; S H Plant, Macon; J R Greland, New York; A B Spier, New York; J Rush Green, Boston; R J Phillips, Georgia; L Johnson, Graham, Ga; M Ettinger, New York; Henry Potts, Chattanooga; C E Jenkins, New York; A Veid, Des Moines; Charles W Wawn, Baltimore; C M Martin, Wasnington; E E Cheatham, Savannah; L D Campbell, Cincinnati; W J Craig, P R & A R R; F E Fleming, Augusta; E F Sawyer, Boston; R H Towers, Rome; B W Smart, Alabama; N G Lagerquist, Macon, Ga; H Franklin, Augusta, Ga; E A Treatt, E N Treatt, New York; W K Ferepaugh, Geo W Kline, Philadelphia; W B Ward, Cincinnati, O; John N Hope and wife, W M Allison and wife, Yorkville, S C; W W Curtis and wife Columbus, Ga; O P Grant, Tennessee; Jno D Evans, New York; R L Maguire, R G Mim, Baltimore, Md; E Wolfe, E T Baker, N H Cherry, New York; W W Simpson, Chattanooga, Tenn; H R Wilcox, Birmingham, Ala; B M Blackburn, Madison, Ga; C A McAusans, Cincinnati; I W Baxter, Ga; P Leidlerger, Cincinnati; John D Maleby, Monroe, Ga; Henry B Sieckwell, G B White, New York; Frank Fisanie, Griffin; Jas O'Conner, Knoxville, Tenn; W P Richardson, N Y; C O Thomas, Tenn; John W Neil, Marshallville, Ga; J Rice Smith, Augusta; D E Livermore, Chicago; E S Lemoine, New York; Rev M B Dillard and wife, Miss Ina Dillard, Ga; S H Harrington, Robert B Johnston, New York; I H Johnson, Dawsonville, Ga; A Dalsheimer, Philadelphia; C M Stigleman, Mrs Stigleman, W T Stigleman, J H Clark, Brunswick, E L Doughty, Floyds, Ga; C A McKeen, Chicago; Dan W Rountree, Quitman; Z H Thompson, Ohio; C M Bryant, Boston, Mass; Fred Moss, York; Henry D McDaniel, Monroe, Ga; M W Beck, Jackson, Ga; John E Stewart, Macon, Ga; R J Alexander, J E Rennie, D F Hale, Chattanooga; D S Rutherford and wife, Ohio. L N Trammel, Dalton, Ga; George Waifel, Ky; S A Green, Jr, Nashville, Tenn; Albert S Johnson, Cartersville; Mrs W D Kirkland and three children, Columbia, S C; J W Seattle, Jackson, Miss; H W Grant, Wilmington, Del; Dan Callahan, Rome.

A Foolish and Stubborn Belief

In the efficacy of certain remedies of violent action, is the besetting foible of the ignorant and prejudiced. The indiscriminate use of purgatives is a very common phase of the fatuity of such people. Aloes, podyphillin disguised in sugar coating, castor oil, mercury, and other old fashioned drugs, still hold their own among this class, and although the success of Hostetter's stomach bitters sufficiently disproves the necessity for violence in medication, the adherents of an exploded fallacy still persist in giving and taking inordinate purgative doses. Dyspepsia, constipation liver complaint are as certainly and thoroughly subdued by the bitters, as they are invariably aggravated by an indiscriminate use of the class which we have condemned. To the class which we have condemned. Fever and ague, nervousness, rheumatism and inactivity of the kidneys, yield to the bitters.

THE PRIMARY ELECTION

THE OLD TICKET APPEARS TO BE NOMINATED.

A Large Vote Cast—The Result in North Atlanta—Nothing Definite From South Atlanta—Unfortunate Occurrences at the Courthouse—The Country Precincts, Etc., Etc.

The primary election for county officers, yesterday, brought out a large vote. It also brought out some incidents that caused great disgust and indignation.

It is known to everybody in the county, and to a very large number of people outside of it, that there were an unusually large number of candidates in the field. In but three instances were there no contests, and these were for the offices of sheriff, tax collector and county treasurer. The total number of candidates was twenty, of whom ten were seeking the office of coroner. Where so many candidates were in the field, it was natural that the vote should be large.

HOW THE VOTING WAS DONE.

The day was a quiet one. No incidents of an unusual character occurred. The various candidates and their friends were about the polls all day, and worked earnestly to secure votes. There were not many floaters. Nearly every man that went to the polls went there with his mind made up as to the candidates for whom he intended to vote, and did not therefore, pause to listen to arguments suggesting a change. The majority of the votes cast found their way into the ballot box at the courthouse. At the Broad street precinct the total number cast was 937 divided as follows among the various candidates:

For sheriff: L. P. Thomas, 945. For clerk: C. H. Streng, 706; J. R. Ormond, 135. For tax receiver: J. O. Harris, 660; S. B. Love, 261. For tax collector: J. M. Wilson, 937. For treasurer, C. M. Payne, 940. For surveyor: W. S. Larendon, 810; Thomas A. Kennedy, 82. For coroner: R. O. Haynes, 203; J. F. Barclay, 178; Frank Hilburn, 149; E. C. Bruffey, 119; J. M. Paden, 93; M. Bowden, 90; A. W. Cox, 65; J. F. Kendrick, 23; J. R. Thompson, 19; A. F. Lee, 1.

The mangers and clerks at this precinct finished the count by 11 o'clock last night. They worked rapidly, and their count was entirely satisfactory to all the candidates.

It was impossible, last night, to obtain anything definite from the country precincts. What was obtained, however, indicated that what is known as the old ticket had received a majority of the votes. The old ticket comprises the present county officers. These are the following:

L. P. Thomas, sheriff; C. H. Strong, clerk; J. O. Harris, tax receiver; J. M. Wilson, tax collector; C. M. Payne, treasurer; W. S. Larendon, surveyor; R. O. Haynes, coroner.

In the city the polls at the two precincts were opened at seven o'clock in the morning. One of these was on North Broad street and the other at the court house. The voting began at a lively rate, and did not fall off until the polls were closed.

DELAY IN SOUTH ATLANTA.

It could not be learned, last night, exactly how many votes were cast at the courthouse, but the number will perhaps not fall below 1,700. The polls closed at 6 o'clock. It was expected that the count would be finished by midnight, and if doubtless would have been, had not circumstances of an unusual nature occurred.

The managers and clerks occupied a small room in the basement. They would not admit anybody except police officers. Several of the candidates and a few of their friends took positions near the door of the room, determined to await the result of the count. About 10 o'clock considerable noise was made inside the room, much to the astonishment of those outside. There was much loud talking, some yells, and considerable slamming around of various articles. The candidates and their friends wondered what was the matter, but could not learn. In the course of time, they decided that somebody in the room was drunk. It soon became rumored about the streets that the managers and all their clerks were engaged in a drunken debauch. This was not true. It was true, however, that some of the clerks were drunk. Where they got their liquor was not disclosed, nor was it known whether the liquor was whisky or domestic wine.

"A SHAME AND DISGRACE."

A CONSTITUTION reporter repeatedly endeavored to obtain the names of the parties who were drunk, but failed. He interviewed a number of gentlemen who had stood near the door of the room for hours, and every one of them united in expressing disgust at the proceedings inside. One gentleman said:

"This is a shame and a disgrace. I never before heard of such disgraceful proceedings at an election in Atlanta. Every man in that room that is drunk ought to be arrested and locked up in the city prison."

Another gentleman said:

"I am not a candidate for any office, but one of my friends is. I shall advise him not to abide by the result of the primary. I don't know who the parties are that are in that room drunk, but I do know that they have no business to make a count of the votes. No drunken man has any business with a ballot box. Who is to guarantee that the count will be correct? I am in favor of holding another primary."

Captain Crim, of the police force, who stopped the noise in the room, was interviewed by the reporter. He was asked if he thought it probable that the count would be completed by daylight. He replied:

"I can't say; the count is progressing satisfactorily just now."

"Captain, are any of the parties in the room drunk?"

"Well, some of them were drunk."

"Were any of the managers drunk?"

"No."

"The managers are all right," interrupted a bystander; "it is the clerks, or some of them, who are drunk."

THE POLICE APPEAR.

Determined that there should be no more disorder, Captain Crim had a squad of police officers sent to the courthouse. They remained at the door of the room, and inside, acting as a guard to prevent any more liquor from being carried in. At one o'clock a new squad relieved the first. At that hour it was understood that about four hundred ballots had been counted.

The reporter obtained the result of the count as far as it had progressed at 12 o'clock. It was as follows:

Thomas, 357; Strong, 224; Ormond, 284; Harris, 229; Love, 140; Wilson, 362; Payne, 367; Kennedy, 61; Haynes, 123; Hilburn, 66; Bruffey, 41; Bowden, 27, Barclay, 24; Thompson, 15; Cox, 18; Lee, 2.

These figures were thought to indicate a majority for the old ticket. If this be true, then there is no doubt but that the old ticket has been nominated.

An attempt was made last night to discover if any of the candidates would refuse to abide by the result of the primary on account of the occurrence during the count at the courthouse. Owing to the lateness of the hour only a few could be seen. They all declared that they were satisfied and would obey the will of the people as indicated by the primary.

The vote for the entire county will be consolidated today.

A Shooting Scrape.

Last night when Mr. Threlkeld, an employe of the Gate City box factory, reached his home on Humphries street, he was informed by his wife that someone had been to the front door and she was afraid to respond to the rapping, knowing it was not her husband. Soon afterwards the rapping was repeated, but this time at the window. Mr. Threlkeld pulled the curtain aside and saw a man standing in the yard. He went for his pistol, and when he opened the door the intruder ran around the house, where he stopped and showed fight. He had a big stick in his hand. Mr. Threlkeld fired at him. The intruder ran, and it is not known whether the shot took effect or not. Officers Schlatt and Gloer responded to the noise of the shot, but did not succeed in finding the intruder.

Robbery in Macon.

MACON, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Mrs. Dave Sullivan, on Cotton avenue, was robbed of twelve dollars tonight. The drawer was also taken out of the bureau stand. No clue to the robbers.

Salvation Oil, the great pain cure, is composed of the best and purest drugs. 25 cents.

JOE JONES IN TROUBLE.

He Seems to Have Gone Beyond the Limit of Pulpit Forbearance.

From the Chattanooga, Tenn., Times.

Joe Jones, brother of Sam Jones, licensed by Cartersville conference, and preaching in north Georgia, left his circuit several weeks since and came into Ringgold circuit, of north Georgia conference, to preach and did preach several sermons. On last Saturday, 20th inst., the quarterly conference of north Georgia, at an adjourned meeting, took up Mr. Jones's pulpit conduct, and after full investigation denounced him for using language in his alleged sermons unfit for a mixed audience, he being shown to have been obscene and profane in his discourses. The denunciation of Mr. Jones was very vigorous and his language, as reported, deserves the severest reprobation. The conference instructed the secretary to report the proceedings in Mr. Jones's case to the general conference, which meets in Augusta next week.

The language charged to have been used by Jones and related to us by a prominent member of the North Georgia conference is unfit to be printed, unfit to be used outside a low barroom or other low place. One minister said that had he been present at some of Jones's meetings with his family he'd have pulled the blackguard out of the pulpit and "whaled him good." There is general and hot indignation over the man's course all over the Ringgold circuit, and Mr. Jones will certainly have to improve his style or he will be silenced.

Railroads Disagree.

PHILADELPHIA, November 25.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company and Atlantic and Gulf Coast line have had a misunderstanding, the latter, it is stated, having gone so far as to refuse a bill of lading from the former. This is one of the principal reasons, it is understood, why the Pennsylvania Railroad company will enter cordially into the scheme proposed by the friends of the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad company to extend that line south from Norfolk to Jacksonville, Fla.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS.

The capitol had a deserted look all day yesterday.

The United States flag on the custom house needs repairs. In fact, it is about time to fling a new one to the breeze.

The majority of the members of the general assembly spent Thanksgiving day at home.

MR. AND MRS A. W. ALBRIGHT, nee Fannie Stocklin, are visiting at D. B. Ladd's, 92 Wheat street.

Although the weather was clear, there was a notable absence of ladies from the streets yesterday.

The Thespian, formerly the Sans Souci club, will meet tonight at the residence of Mrs. White, 238 South Pryor street, corner of Jones. An interesting programme has been prepared.

Made Insane by a Joke.

CHICAGO, November 25.—John P. Boyd, of No 300 Washington boulevard, was found insane here yesterday. The cause of his derangement is said to be a fright which he received about three weeks ago, at the hands of some firemen, who "held him up" under pretense of robbery just for fun. Boyd is a thin, nervous man, twenty-five years old, a confirmed invalid, and has been supported by his sister for eight years. He was sent to the Kankakee asylum.

Death of Colonel Edward S. Jones.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., November 25.—Colonel Edward S. Jones, prominent at Gettysburg, and department commander of the G. A. R. for Tennessee and Georgia, died here today.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

"To the VICTOR the LAUREL."

Pre-eminent in every higher quality, the HANAN SHOE has become the recognized standard for fine wear among discriminating gentlemen.

A Man with Brains and Conscience will drop petty prejudices carelessly picked up when truth knocks at the door. Such are invited to try one pair of "Hanan's" shoes. We know the result; every man who wants the best and finest article in the market will become a perpetual "Hanan" man.

Agents for Atlanta,

McKELDIN & CARLTON.

tues fri un roy b p

KENNY & JONES

13 Whitehall St.

NEW GOODS

Just received from New York. A splendid assortment of

Overcoatings,

Suitings,

Trouserings,

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Everything sold by this establishment is first class.

KENNY & JONES,

fr sa su 13 Whitehall St.

Frank X. Ritley.

D. G. WYLIE & CO.,

Undertakers and Funeral Directors.

29 W Alabama street. Telephone 78.

fol fun no

Chronic Catarrh

Cannot be cured by local applications. It is constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working through the blood, eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the disease, and soon effects a permanent cure. At the same time Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the whole system, and makes you feel renewed in strength and health. Be sure to get Hood's.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh with very satisfactory results. I received more permanent benefit from it than from any other remedy." M. E. READ, Wauseon, Ohio.

Dangerous Tendencies

Characterize catarrh. The foul matter dropping into the bronchial tubes or lungs, may bring on bronchitis or consumption, which reaps an immense harvest of deaths annually. Hence the necessity of giving catarrh immediate attention. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me of catarrh, soreness of the bronchial tubes, and terrible headache." R. GIBBONS, Hamilton, Ohio.

Stuffed up Feeling

"For several years I have been troubled with that terrible disagreeable disease, catarrh. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla with the very best results. It cured me of that continued dropping in my throat, and stuffed up feeling. It has also helped my mother, who has taken it for run down state of health and kidney trouble. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all as a good medicine." MRS. S. D. HEATH, Putnam, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar. 100 Doses One Dollar.

PARSONS'

These pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure or relieve all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them, and you will always be thankful. One pill a dose. Parsons' Pills contain nothing harmful, are easy to take, and cause no inconvenience. They worked rapidly, and their count was entirely satisfactory to all the candidates.

PILLS

the marvelous power of these pills, they would walk 100 miles to get a box if they could not be had without. Sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Illustrated pamphlet free, postpaid. Send for it; the information is very valuable. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, BOSTON, MASS.

Make New Rich Blood!

wed fri mon wky n r m

Mention this paper.

DIAMONDS!

47

Whitehall street.

WATCHES!

47

Whitehall street.

The Newest, the very latest thing out, is what every person is looking for now that the holiday trade is approaching. Our stock is composed of everything new and attractive—Bric-a-brac, Bronzes, Panels, Plaques, Pottery, Statuary, Silverware, the latest conceits in Jewelry, and a thousand other things, specially appropriate for wedding or anniversary presents. An inspection of our display is invited.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO., Jewelers.

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 14 1886.

On and after this date passenger trains will run daily unless marked †, which are daily except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta	* 2 25 a m	* 6 50 p m	* 2 00 p m	† 8 15 p m
Arrive Barnesville	* 4 20 a m	* 8 56 p m	* 4 10 p m	† 8 10 p m
Arrive Macon	* 6 05 a m	* 10 40 p m	* 5 50 p m	
Arrive Columbus	* 1 55 p m			
Arrive Montgomery	* 6 40 p m			
Arrive Eufaula	* 3 15 p m			
Arrive Albany	* 8 20 p m		* 10 05 p m	
Arrive Millen	* 10 10 a m	* 3 00 a m		
Arrive Augusta	* 2 15 p m	* 7 15 a m		
Arrive Savannah	* 12 50 p m	* 5 55 a m		

Passengers for Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Milledgeville, Eatonton, Tuckahoe, Correll's Ferry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakely and Clayton would take the 7:25 a. m. train.

Leave Barnesville	* 10 26 p m	* 6 17 p m	* 10 50 a m	† 4 45 a m
Leave Macon	* 12 25 p m	* 7 35 a m	* 9 10 a m	
Leave Columbus	* 11 30 a m		* 9 00 p m	
Leave Montgomery	* 8 10 a m			
Leave Eufaula	* 11 20 a m			
Leave Albany	* 3 57 p m		* 5 00 a m	
Leave Millen	* 12 00 m	* 2 30 p m		
Leave Augusta	* 4 45 a m			
Leave Savannah	* 9 40 a m	* 8 00 p m		
Arrive Atlanta	* 12 15 a m	* 7 00 p m	1 05 p m	† 7 00 a m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Albany, Macon and Columbus.

Tickets for all points and sleeping car berths on sale at Union Depot, Atlanta.

ALBERT HOWELL, G. P. A.

E. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Showing the arrival and departure of all trains from the city. Central time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA R. R	
*Day Express from Sav'h & Fla. No. 14 11 30 n'n	Florida Express south ..... 6 a m
Rome Express. From North. No 15. 11 10 am	*Day Express North, & and West No 14 12 15 pm
*Cin. & Mem. Ex. from North, No. 11. 11 55 pm	* Day Express Phil. & N. Y., No 12. ..... 2 35 am
Day Express from North No. 13..... 4 00 pm	*New York Lim. North N. Y. Phila. etc. No. 16 ..... 5 40 pm
*Day Ex. from Jack'n'v'e and Brunswick. No. 15..... 2 20 am	*Cannon Ball South for S'v'h & Fla. No. 15 ..... 12 night.
	*Fast Express South for S'v'h & Fla. No. 18 3 30 pm
CENTRAL RAILROAD.	
From Savannah* 12 15 am	To Savannah*... 2 25 am
" Savannah* 7 30 am	To Macon*..... 2 00 pm
" Barn'w'll* 7 40 pm	To Ba'nesville*. 5 15 pm
" Macon*..... 1 05 pm	To Savannah*.. 6 50 pm
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.	
From Chatt'ga* 2 15 am	To Chattanooga* 7 50 am
" Chatt'ga* 7 25 am	To Chattanooga* 1 40 pm
" Mariett'a... 8 58 am	To Rome..... 5 45 pm
" Rome..... 11 05 am	To Mariett'a.... 4 40 pm
" Chatt'ga*.. 1 44 pm	To Chattanooga* 5 50 pm
" Chatt'ga*.. 4 45 pm	To Chattanooga* 12 30 am
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.	
From M'tgo'ery* 2 15 am	To Montgo'ery* 1 20 pm
" LaGrange.. 9 37 am	To LaGrange..... 5 05 pm
" M'tgo'ery* 1 25 pm	To Montgo'ery* 12 30 am
GEORGIA RAILROAD.	
From Augusta*. 5 40 am	To Augusta*..... 8 30 am
" Covingt'n.. 7 55 am	To Decatur..... 9 00 am
" Decatur..... 10 15 am	To Clarkston..... 12 10 pm
" Augusta*.. 1 00 pm	To Augusta*..... 2 45 pm
" Clarkston.. 2 20 pm	To Covington.... 6 10 pm
" Augusta*.. 5 45 pm	To Augusta*..... 7 30 pm
PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (Richmond and Danville R. R.)	
From Lula..... 8 25 am	To Charlotte.... 7 40 am
" Ch'lotte 10 40 am	To Lula ..... 4 30 pm
" Ch'lotte 9 40 pm	To Charlotte.. 1 45 pm
GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.	
From Birm'm*.. 7 00 am	To Birming'm*.. 10 50 am
" Birm'm*.... 5 10 pm	To Birming'm*.. 5 00 pm

Trains marked thus (*) are daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Bankers and Brokers.

W. H. PATTERSON.

Bond and Stock Broker, 24 Pryor Street.

FOR SALE—Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad 1st mortgage 7 per cent bonds, due 1906.
Marietta and North Georgia railroad 1st mortgage 6 per cent bonds, due 1911.
Georgia Railroad Stock.
Knoxville and Ohio R. R. 1st mortgage gold 6s due 1925.
Exposition Mill stock.
Union Compress Co. stock,
WANTED—A. & W. Pt stock and debentures.
Georgia R. R. 6s, 1910-1922.
Atlanta city bonds.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN,

BROKER AND DEALER IN

BONDS AND STOCKS,

Office 12 East Alabama Street.

WANTED—Ga. R. R., bonds and stock. S. W. R.R. stock. Atlanta and West Point R.R. stock and certificates. Central R R. stocks and certificates. Atlanta 6, 7, and 8 per cent bonds Georgia bonds, and Georgia Pacific R. R. 1st mortgage.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.,

28 SOUTH PRYOR STREET,

—Brokers in—

Stocks, Bonds, Money and Securities.

Will Make Loans on Good Collaterals.

WANTED—Capitol City Land Co. Stock, Merchants Bank Stock, City Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks and Bonds.
FOR SALE—Investment Securities. tf

W. H. HUGULEY & CO.,

BANKERS

WEST POINT, - - GEORGIA.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS:

Chemical National Bank, New York.
Atlanta National Bank, Atlanta.

Correspondence Invited.

The GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK

—OF ATLANTA, GA.—

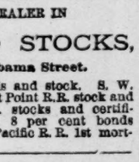
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

Capital & Surplus $300,000.

Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand With Interest.

Three per cent per annum if left four months.
Four per cent per annum if left six months.
6% per cent per annum if left twelve months.

PAUSE YOUNG MAN



Or your days are numbered. **Death, Lunacy** or **Paralysis** of your **Vital Powers** threaten you. Pause in your course of secret abuse and excess. Pause and see in the

TRADE MARK.

Craigie Rectal Pearls

A lasting cure of all your Weakness, Drains, Early Decay and Future Misery. **Men of all Ages** restored to perfect **Manhood**, and lasting **Power**. Our splendid Medical Work sent **Free** (sealed.) Endorsed by London Doctors. **Craigie Medical Clinic, (Am. Branch)**

35 Nassau Street, New York.

Name this paper. oct10 sun tue fri wkyeow2

ELECTION NOTICE.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 19 OF GOODWIN'S revised city code, the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta have ordered an election to be held on the first Wednesday in December next for an alderman at large to fill the unexpired term of Hon. John T. Cooper, resigned.

Said election will be held at the same time and place, and under the same regulations, which apply to the regular municipal election for a mayor, two aldermen and six councilmen on the first day of December, 1886.

J. H. GOLDSMITH,
City Clerk.

d til dec 1

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING SOLD REAL ESTATE since April 1st are earnestly requested to come to our office and have the proper changes made before our books are written up for next year. Your attention to this at once will save time and trouble when you come to make your returns for 1887.

D. A. COOK,
T. J. MALONE,
T. T. CASTLEBERRY, } City Assessors.

TO WEAK MEN

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, November 25, 1886.

New York exchange buying at ¼ discount and selling at ¼ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
New Ga., 4½		
80 year.....	107	108
Ga. 6s, 1889.....	104	105½
Ga. 7s, gold.....	109	111
Ga. 7s, 1896.....	125	127
S. C. Brown...	107	109
Savannah 6s..	100	102
Atl'ta 8s, 1892.	124	126
Atl'ta 8s, 1892.	114	116
Atl'ta 7s, 1904.	123	125
Atl'ta 7s, 1899.	118	120
Atl'ta 6s, L.D.	112	114
Atl'ta 6s, S.D.	100	105
Atlanta 5s....	105	107
Augusta 7s....	105	105
Macon 6s.....	110	112
Columbus 8s..	100	103
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.		
Atlanta Nat'l.	200	—
March'ts B'k.	120	—
B'k State Ga..	120	—
Gate City Nat.	120	—
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Ga. R. 6s, 1897.	100	111

R.R. BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. 6s, 1910.	111	114
Ga. R. 6s, 1922.	114	116
Gen. R. 7s, 1893.	111	115
C. C. & A. 1st..	111	113
A. & C. 1st.....	122	126
A. & C. inc.....	105	107
M. & A. ind....	100	103
W. of Ala. 1st..	105	107
do. 2d.....	109	111
Ga. Pac. ind...	109	112
Ga. Pac. 2d.....	63	65
Am'cus, Prest.		
& L'mk'n 1st 7s	105	110
M. & N. G. 1st		10½
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Georgia.....	189	191
At. & Char.....	90	96
Southwest'n ..	125	128
S. Carolina.....	5	10
Central	116	118
Central deb ...	102	103
Aug. & Sav....	119	121
A. & W. Pt....	101	102½
do. deb	114	105
C. C. & A.....	95	80

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, November 25, 1886.

New York—No reports today.

Local—In the absence of New York quotations this market remains unchanged; tone easy at 8½c for middling.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for today:

RECEIPTS.	
By wagon.....	211
Air-Line Railroad.....	136
Georgia Railroad.....	141
Central Railroad.....	33
Western and Atlantic Railroad..	21
West Point Railroad.....	92
E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. Railroad.....	246
Georgia Pacific Railroad.....	102
Total.....	981
Receipts previously.....	87,743
Total.....	88,727
Stock September 1.....	2,506
Grand total.....	91,233
SHIPMENTS.	
Shipments today.....	595
Shipments previously.....	71,435
Local consumption previously	2,914
Total.....	74,944
Actual stock on hand.....	16,289

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts today.....	934
Same day last year.....	1,012
Showing a decrease of.....	78
Receipts for the week.....	6,243
Same week last year.....	7,038
Showing a decrease of.....	795
Receipts since September 1.....	85,727
Same time last year.....	90,836
Showing a decrease of.....	2,109

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, November 25—12:15 p. m—Cotton quiet and in fair inquiry; middling uplands 5 3-16; middling Orleans 5⅜; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; American 7,700; receipts 85,000; American 84,700; uplands low middling clause November delivery 5 7-64, sellers; November and December delivery 5 2-64, buyers; December and January delivery 5 1-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 1-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 2-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 3-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 4-64, sellers; May and June delivery 5 5-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 10-64.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, November 25, 1886.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, November 25 — Coffee—Fancy Rio 11½c; choice 14c; prime 12½c; ordinary 12c. Sugar—Standard granulated 6⅝@6⅞c; standard A 6¾c; off A 6; white extra C 6¼c; yellow C 6⅛@5¾c. Syrups—New Orleans fancy kettle 60c; choice kettle 50c; prime kettle 30@35c; choice centrifugal 35c; prime 20@30c; fair to good do. 20@25c; fancy sugar syrup 45c; do. choice 40c; do. prime 27@30. Teas — Black 35@60; green 35@60. Nutmegs 70c. Cloves 28c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. African ginger 12c. Mace 60c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 6½c; XXX do. 5c; X do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 8c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $9.00; ½ bbls, $4.50; kits 60; pails 60. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ₱ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 11½. Matches—Round wood, ₱ gross, $1.15; ₱ 200, $2.00; ₱ 300, $2.50; ₱ 400, $4.50. Soda, in kegs, 4½c; in boxes, 5½c. Rice, prime, 5; fair, 4. Salt—Virginia, 75c. Cheese—Cream 14c; factory 12½@13.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, November 25—Flour—Best patent $5.25@$5.75; extra fancy $4.75@$5.00; fancy $4.25@4.50; extra family $4.00@$4.25; choice family $3.75; family $3.25@$3.50; extra $3.00@$3.25. Wheat—No. 2 85@90c. Bran—Large sacks 50c; small 52½c. Corn meal—Plain 58@55c; bolted 53@55; pea meal $1.00. Grits—$3.00. Corn—No. 2 white Tennessee, new 53@55c; No. 2 white mixed 53@55c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 38@40. Rye—Georgia $1.05; western $1.00. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 85c; small bales 85c; No. 1, large bales, 85c; small bales 85c; clover 90c; wheat straw baled 75c. Peas—Stock $1.00.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, November 25—Apples—Fancy western $3.00@$3.50 ₱ bbl.; choice western $2.75@3.00. Lemons—$4.00@$4.50. Oranges—$2.50@$3.00 ₱ 100. Cocoanuts — $6@$½c. Pineapples — None. Bananas — $1.00@$2.00. Figs — 16@18c. Raisins—₱ box $2.75; new London $3.75; ½ box $1.75; ¼ box 90c. Currants—7¼@8c. Cranberries—$6 ₱ gal; $1 ₱ bbl. California Pears $5.00; Boston $5.00@$6.00 ₱ bbl. Citron—15@40c. Almonds—20c. Pecans—12c. Brazils — 10c. Filberts — 15@16c. Walnuts — 15c. Dried Fruit—Peaches 2@3c; apples 2c.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, November 25—Market steady. Horse shoes $4.00; mule-shoes $5.00; horse-shoe nails 12½@20c. Iron-bound hames $3.50. Trace-chains 80@70c. Ames' shovels $9.00. Spades $10.00. Well buckets $3.75. Cotton rope 15c. Swede iron 5c, rolled (or merchant bar) 2 rate. Cast-steel 12c. Nails $2.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₱ lb 6c; painted 5c. Powder, rifle, $4.00; blasting $2.25. Bar-lead 7c; shot $1.85.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, November 25 — Eggs — 20. Butter — Jersey 27½@30c; choice Tennessee 22½@25c; other grades 12½@20. Poultry — Hens 27½@30c; spring chickens 12½@20c; turkeys live 11c; dressed 14@15c; ducks 27½c. Irish potatoes—$2.00. Sweet Potatoes — New 50c per bu. Honey—Strained 6@7c; in the comb 12½c. Onions—$3.00. Cabbage—1@1½c.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, November 25—Leather—Steady; G.D. 2@26c; P. D. 20@23; best 25@28c; whitesk sole 35@40c; harness leather 30@33c; black upper 35@40c

ATLANTA, November 25—Bagging—1¾ lbs, 7¾c; 1¾ lbs 8¾c; 2 lbs 9c. Ties—Arrow $1.10.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, November 25—The supply of mules and horses is equal to the demand. We quote: Horses—Plug $65@$80; drivers $125@$140; good drivers $150@$200; fine $250@$300. Mules—14½ to 15 hands $125@$140, 15 to 15½ hands $150@$185.

Provisions.

ATLANTA, November 25—Clear rib sides 6¼@6½c Sugar-cured hams, large average, 12c; do. small average 13c. Lard—Leaf 9c; refined 7c.

JAMES PYLE'S

PEARLINE

THE **BEST COMPOUND** EVER INVENTED FOR **WASHING AND CLEANING** IN HARD OR SOFT, HOT OR COLD WATER

Without Harm to FABRIC or HANDS.

SAVES TIME, LABOR and SOAP amazingly, and is of great value to housekeepers. Sold by all Grocers, but see that VILE COUNTERFEITS are not urged upon you. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE ARTICLE, and ALWAYS bears the name of

JAMES PYLE, New York.

mar18—dly thur sat mon wky e o w fol r m

LOST MANHOOD, YOUTHFUL IMprudence, Nervous Debility cured by Botanic Nerve Bitters, 50c. Herb Med. Co., Phila., Pa., drug store, and cor. Tryor & Decatur sts, Atlanta.

45 AND 46 | FOR MEN | CHECKS in 6 hours, cures in 3 days Drug Stores, 15 N. 11, Phila., Pa. and corner Pryor and Decatur sts Atlanta. feb 7-1y tues thu sat su

Announcements.

"CITIZENS FUSION TICKET."

For Mayor.
JOHN T. COOPER.
For Alderman.
W. A. HEMPHILL,
J. H. MECASLIN,
E. T. DORSEY,
(to fill unexpired term.)
For Councilmen.
First Ward—G. H. TANNER.
Second Ward—H. A. BOYNTON.
Third Ward—E. T. ALLEN.
Fourth Ward—L. B. NELSON.
Fifth Ward—H. M. REUTELL.
Sixth Ward—F. F. RICE.
Election December 1st, 1886.
Registration books close November 27th, 1886.

FOR CORONER.

A. F. LEE, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Atlanta, announces to his many friends that he is a candidate for Coroner.

CURE FOR THE DEAF

PECK'S PATENT IMPROVED CUSHIONED EAR DRUMS restores hearing and perfects the ear when all else fails. Invisible, comfortable and always in position. All conversation and even whisper heard distinctly. Send for illustrated book with testimonials, FREE. Address or call on F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York. Mention this paper.

apr29—dly wed fri mon wky

PROPOSALS

FOR SALE OF

GAS STOCK.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A RESOLUTION OF the Mayor and General Council of the city of Atlanta authorizing the same, and for the purpose of complying with the proposal of said city to the State of Georgia for the location of the technological school in said city, sealed bids for the purchase of

TWO THOUSAND SHARES

of twenty-five dollars each of stock owned by said city in the

ATLANTA GASLIGHT COMPANY

will be received up to 12 o'clock m. Monday, December 20th, 1886. Bids will be received for any number of shares not exceeding two thousand, and bidders will designate the number desired and the price offered, and address the same, marked "Proposal for Purchase of Gas Stock," to J. H. Goldsmith, City Clerk, Atlanta, Ga. The money to be paid on delivery of the stock, delivery to be made within thirty days after the opening of bids.

The city reserves the right to require of any bidder, should it be deemed proper to do so, to guarantee the purchase proposed, and reserves also the right to reject any or all bids.

GEORGE HILLYER, Mayor.

J. R. GRAMLING,
Chairman Finance Committee.
nov17 dtdec 20

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, Atlanta, Ga. Office 66½ Whitehall street.

Mention this paper. (Cards—dly wed fri mon wky

OPIUM HABIT CURED IN 15 DAYS. NO CURE, NO PAY.

All we ask is a trial and a PERMANENT CURE is GUARANTEED. Address

DRS. NELMS & MOORE
feb2—dly Smyrna, Cobb Co., Ga.

O. A. SMITH

MANUFACTURER OF

Sulphuric Acid

66 Deg. Oil Vitriol,

AND OTHER CHEMICALS.

Office 15 N. Forsyth, corner Walton, Atlanta, Ga.

—ALSO—

DISTILLER OF COAL TAR,

Manufacturer of

Roofing and Paving Materials,

Tarred Roofing and Sheathing Felts,

PERFECTION BRAND OF

READY ROOFING,

Ordinary 2 and 3-Ply Roofing,

ROOF COATINGS, VARNISHES, ETC.

No. 15 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

PETER LYNCH,

DEALER IN

Groceries, Wines, Provisions and Varieties,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Streets,

ATLANTA, GA.

75 EMPTY WINE AND SPIRIT BARRELS AND half barrels.

Port, Sherry, Catawba, Angelica, Claret and other brands Domestic Wines.

Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Leather, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Grass, Clover, Rye, Wheat and Barley Seed. Also Ammunition, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges, etc., etc., for sale at

PETER LYNCH'S GREAT VARIETY STORE, 95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Streets, Atlanta. Oct 26 1886. ATLANTA GA.

AUCION SALE

ON THE FIRST TUESDAY IN DECEMBER I will sell before the courthouse door in Athens, Clarke county, sale to begin at 10 o'clock a. m., the property known as

THE ELEVATOR MILLS,

situated near the Northeastern railroad depot, consisting of a lot fronting 150 feet on railroad, running back to Barrett street, upon which is a mill and elevator building 50x150 feet, 4 three stories and basement; a good tubular boiler, a Cummer automatic cut off engine, 10-30 capacity, 100 H. P.; 11 bins for storage of bulk grain, capacity 4,000 bushels each; elevators, hopper scales, meal elevators, meal bins, meal bolter, three 48-inch stones for grinding corn, capacity 500 bushels in 12 hours; three floors 60x50 for storage of bran, hay, meal, etc.

This is a magnificent chance for investment, as this property can easily be made to pay a profit of from four to five thousand dollars per year.

Terms one-half cash, balance in 12 months with eight per cent interest. For full particulars call on

W. D. GRIFFETH,
Real Estate Agent,
Athens, Ga.

su we td

A. P. TRIPOD,

45 DECATUR STREET,

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

HIGH GRADE

Lubricating Oils and Greases!

SPECIALTIES.

"Nonpareil Cylinder," "Lardoline," "Eureka Engine," "Extra Machine," "Gate City Grease."

West Virginia Black Oil, all grades; Signal, Lard Castor, Paraffine, etc.

Orders Solicited and Quality Guaranteed.

He takes the load off the veins of that class of comedies, and has given himself unbounded confidence.—Boston Herald.

Heaven (in front of) the public and now rises among the leading lights of the city.—Boston Herald.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

jan—dly sun tues thu wky

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA DIVISION.

TIME CARD IN EFFECT NOV. 7TH, 1886.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	New Y'k Express.	Day Express.	Day Express.
Leave Atlanta.....	5 40 pm	12 15 n'n	2 35 am
Arrive Rome.....	8 50 pm	3 15 pm	5 30 am
" Dalton.....	9 57 pm	4 35 pm	10 40 am
" Cleveland.....	10 55 pm	.....	.....
" Knoxville.....	1 40 am	.....	2 35 pm
" Morristown..	3 12 am	.....	5 10 pm
" Bristol.....	6 15 am	.....	8 50 pm
" Roanoke.....	12 50 pm	.....	3 20 pm
" Waynesboro..	4 25 pm	.....	5 56 am
" Luray.....	6 28 pm	.....	9 02 am
" Shenan'h J. C't.	8 38 pm	.....	11 20 am
" Hagerstown....	10 20 pm	.....	12 25 am
" Washington....	10 30 pm	.....	1 15 pm
" Baltimore.....	11 50 pm	.....	3 55 pm
" Philadelphia..	4 45 am	.....	6 55 pm
" New York.....	7 00 am	.....	9 20 pm

SOUTHWARD

STATIONS.	Florida Express.	Savan'ah Express.	Cannon Ball.
Leave Atlanta.....	3 50 pm	6 00 am	12 00 n't
Arrive Macon.....	6 50 pm	9 25 am	3 20 am
" Hawkinsville	11 05 pm	1 30 pm	8 45 am
" Jesup.....	1 05 am	3 15 pm	8 25 am
" Brunswick..	6 00 am	.....	11 20 am
" Jacksonville.	6 00 am	7 30 pm	12 00 n'n
" Savannah.....	6 10 am	7 50 pm	11 50 n'n

ATLANTA TO CHATTANOOGA.

STATIONS.	New Y'rk Express	Day Express	Night Express
Leave Atlanta.....	5 40 pm	12 15 pm	2 35 am
Arrive Dalton.....	9 40 pm	4 35 pm	6 50 am
" Chattanooga..	.....	6 00 pm	7 20 am
Leave Chattanooga..	.....	6 30 pm	7 45 am
Arrive Cincinnati....	.....	6 50 am	6 00 pm

CHATTANOOGA AND MEMPHIS.

Leave Chattanooga.	6 15 pm	10 45 am	.....
Arrive Memphis.....	5 35 am	10 20 pm	.....

CHATTANOOGA TO BRISTOL.

Leave Chattanooga.	11 00 am	9 40 pm	.....
Arrive Knoxville....	3 35 pm	1 40 am	.....
" Morristown..	5 24 pm	3 12 am	.....
" Bristol.....	6 15 am	9 10 pm	.....

Pullman Buffet cars leave Atlanta daily at 5:40 p. m. for New York without change. Also from Rome at 8:35 p.m. for Washington without change. Also from Chattatanooga at 6:25 p. m. for Memphis without change. Also from Atlanta at 12:15 noon for Kansas city via Memphis and 2:35 a. m. for Cincinnati without change.

B. W. WRENN,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agt., Knoxville, Tenn.
L. J. ELLIS, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE

(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company.)

THE FAVORITE ROUTE EAST.

Double Daily Trains and Elegant Coaches without change between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON, with Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.

ATLANTA to NEW YORK,

—AND—

NEW ORLEANS to WASHINGTON.

Only 31 Hours Transit Atlanta to New York.

Schedule in effect Nov. 14th, 1886.	Mail No. 53.	Express No. 51.
Leave Atlanta (city time).....	7 40 a m	1 45 p m
Leave Atlanta (R. & D. time)...	8 40 a m	2 45 p m
Arrive Charlotte.....	6 25 p m	12 55 a m
" Salisbury.....	8 01 p m	2 30 a m
" Greensboro.....	9 47 p m	4 12 a m
" Danville	11 50 p m	6 00 a m
" Lynchburg.....	2 00 a m	8 50 a m
" Charlottesville..	4 30 a m	11 05 a m
" Washington	8 10 a m	3 30 p m
" Baltimore.....	10 03 a m	4 48 p m
" Philadelphia.....	12 53 p m	7 17 p m
" New York.....	3 20 p m	9 20 p m
" Boston.....	10 30 p m	6 50 a m
Leave Danville.....	12 00 a m	6 25 a m
Arrive Richmond.....	6 40 a m	12 33 a m
" Norfolk.....	12 20n'n	7 30 p m
" Baltimore, via York River Line (daily except Monday).....	.....	8 00 a m
Through trains from the East arrive Atlanta.....	10 40 a m	9 40 p m
Leave Atlanta.....	.....	7 40 a m
Arrive Spartanburg.....	.....	3 43 p m
Arrive Hendersonville.....	.....	7 00 p m
" Asheville.....	.....	8 00 p m

LULA ACCOMMODATION.
Daily except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta (city time).....	4 30 p m
Arrive Gainesville (city time).....	6 33 p m
Arrive Lula (city time).....	6 56 p m
RETURNING.	
Leave Lula (city time).....	5 40 a m
" Gainesville.....	6 05 a m
Arrive Atlanta (city time).....	8 25 a m

ATLANTA TO ATHENS, VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.	No. 53.	No. 41.
Leave Atlanta (city time).....	7 40 a m	4 30 p m
Arrive Athens (city time).....	11 50 a m	9 00 p m
Daily except Sunday.	No. 50.	No. 52.
Leave Athens (city time)	6 20 a m	2 15 p m
Arrive Atlanta (city time).....	10 40 a m	9 40 p m

JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Washington, D. C.
C. W. CHEARS, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.
C. E. SERGRANT, City Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

McKELDIN & CARLTON,

LEADERS IN

SHOES AND HATS,

35 Peachtree Street.

MAMMOTH STOCK of Shoes and Slippers for fall and winter wear just opened. All first class goods at prices to suit everybody. Silk, Stiff and Soft Hats in all new styles

Sole agents in Atlanta for the celebrated Dunlap Hats, which are the leaders of the world for correct styles and durability.

McKELDIN & CARLTON,
35 PEACHTREE ST.
Telephone 137. sa su we 7p un muse

BOOK FREE

A Book that every father should place in his son's hands and read himself with the utmost care. Gives all the symptoms and terrible results of Diseases due to Early Vice and Ignorance.

Husbands and Heads of Families need it. Testimonials from eminent London Doctors

Dr. Jean Civiale, (Of Paris France.)

FRENCH HOSPITAL TREATMENT

For Drains, Decay, Weakness, Lost Vitality, Etc. Send any symptoms. Free Consultation. Front Page. Address, DR. CIVIALE AGENCY, 174 Fulton St., New York.

jan—dly sun tues thu wky

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT VIA MONTGOMERY.

Only line operating double daily trains and Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans without change.

Takes effect Sunday, November 14, 1886.

SOUTH BOUND

	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 2. Daily.
Lv's Atlanta.....	1 20 pm	12 20 a m	5 05 pm
Ar. Fairburn.....	2 26 pm	12 08 am	6 14 pm
" Palmetto.....	2 57 pm	12 17 am	6 26 pm
" Newnan.....	3 01 pm	12 45 am	6 58 pm
" Grantville.....	3 26 pm	1 13 am	7 20 pm
" LaGrange.....	4 02 pm	1 56 am	8 00 pm
" West Point.....	4 29 pm	2 28 am	.....
" Opelika.....	5 14 pm	3 25 am	.....
Ar. Columbus, Ga.....	6 19 pm	.....	.....
Ar. Montgomery.....	7 15 pm	6 45 am	.....
Ar. Pensacola.....	5 00 am	2 00 pm	.....
" Mobile.....	2 15 am	2 10 pm	.....
" New Orleans.....	7 10 am	7 30 pm	.....

SELMA DIVISION.

	No. 8.	No. 5.	No. 54.
Lv. Montgomery.....	8 30 pm	.....	1 45 pm
Ar. Selma.....	11 30 pm	.....	4 00 pm
" Gr nsboro.....	.....	.....	6 27 pm
" Meridian.....	.....	.....	7 05 pm

TO SHREVEPORT VIA Q & C. ROUTE.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 1. Daily
Lv. New Orleans.....	8 05 pm	7 55 am	.....
" Mobile.....	12 55 am	1 20 pm	.....
" Pensacola.....	10 20 pm	7 05 am	.....
" Selma.....	4 00 am	9 05 am	.....
" Montgomery.....	7 35 am	8 15 pm	.....
" Columbus.....	8 45 am	.....	.....
" Opelika.....	10 05 am	10 58 pm	.....
" West Point.....	10 49 am	11 51 pm	.....
" LaGrange.....	10 20 am	12 26 am	6 40 am
" Hogansville.....	11 44 am	12 57 am	6 29 am
" Grantville.....	11 57 am	1 12 am	6 43 am
Ar Newnan.....	12 28 pm	1 45 am	7 14 am
" Palmetto.....	12 49 pm	2 16 am	7 44 am
" Fairburn.....	1 01 pm	2 30 am	7 58 am
" Atlanta.....	1 25 pm	2 15 am	9 37 am

* Sunday only.

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

No. 50, Pullman Buffet sleeper, Washington to New Orleans without change.

No. 52, Pullman Buffet sleeper Washington to Montgomery; Parlor car Montgomery to New Orleans.

Fair ly Emigrant sleeping car free of charge Atlanta to Texas without change.

No. 51, Pullman Buffet sleeping cars New Orleans to Washington.

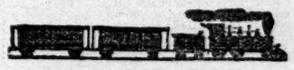
No. 53, Pullman Palace Buffet car Montgomery to Washington.

Family Emigrant sleeping car free of charge Texas to Atlanta.

CECIL GABBETT, General Manager, CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen. Passenger Agent, Montgomery, Alabama.

A. J. ORME, General Agent, Atlanta.

ORME & CARROLLTON R. R.



SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ROME, GA., September 28, 1886.
TIME TABLE NO. 8.

Taking effect Sunday, September 26, 1886, at 6:00 a. m., and until further notice trains will run as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS

	Distance from Rome.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 1.	Sundays Only. No. 5.
Rome.....	0	.....	.....
Leave East Rome.....	1	6.00 a.m.	7:00 a. m.
Leave Holmes.....	2	6.05 "	7.06 "
Leave Holders.....	5	6.16 "	7.15 "
Leave Chambers.....	7	6.27 "	7.25 "
Leave New Bethel.....	10	6 41 "	7.36 "
Leave Summit.....	12	6.52 "	7.44 "
Leave at Brook's Junct'n.	14	7.00 "	7.51 "
Leave Lake Creek.....	15	7.05 "	7.55 "
Leave Dyars.....	18	7.18 "	8.08 "
Arrive Cedartown.....	22	7.40 "	8.30 "

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

	Dist. from Cedart'n	No. 2	No. 6
Leave Cedartown.....	0	8:20 a. m.	.....
Leave Dyars.....	4	8:35 "	9.00 a. m.
Leave Lake Creek.....	7	8:51 "	9.12 "
Leave Brook's Junction..	8	8:56 "	9.23 "
Leave Summit.....	10	9:04 "	9.27 "
Leave New Bethel.....	12	9:11 "	9.35 "
Leave Chambers.....	15	9:23 "	9.42 "
Leave Holders.....	17	9:36 "	9.53 "
Leave Holmes.....	20	9:47 "	10.02 "
Arrive East Rome.....	21

EORGIA PACIFIC
RAILWAY.=
FAST LINE
—TO—
MINGHAM,
KSBURG,
V ORLEANS,
DALLAS,
WORTH, HOUSTON
N ANTONIO,
LE ROCK, MEMPHIS
—AND ALL—
TS IN MISSISSIPPI,
LOUISIANA,
ANSAS AND TEXAS
Daily Mail and Express Route.
DULE IN EFFECT SUNDAY, 21, 1886.

	No. 50.	No. 52.
s	10 55 am	5 00 pm
ham	5 25 pm	11 25 pm
rleans	11 15 pm	6 20 am
	7 15 am	3 25 pm
	9 50 am	9 50 pm
	4 22 am	.....
	6 50 am	.....
port	6 10 pm	.....
	6 10 am	.....
ville	7 40 am	.....

Mann Boudoir cars Atlanta to Birmingham.
Mann Boudoir sleeping cars Atlanta to Vicksburg and Shreveport.
For further information call on or address
SAM. B. WEBB,
Gen. Pass. Agent.
Atlanta, Ga.
GEO. S. BARNUM,
Gen. Pass. Agent.
Birmingham, Ala.

THE KENNESAW ROUTE
W. & A. R. R.
Following time card in effect Sunday, November 14, 1886.
NO. 8 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Atlanta ..... 7 50 am
Arrive Marietta ..... 8 40 am
Arrive Chattanooga ..... 1 00 pm
Connects at all important stations.
NO. 1 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Atlanta ..... 1 45 pm
Arrive Marietta ..... 2 37 pm
Arrive Chattanooga ..... 7 07 pm
ATLANTA EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.
Leave Chattanooga ..... 8 45 pm
Arrive Atlanta ..... 6 59 pm
Connects at all way stations and by signals.
NO. 7 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sundays.
Leave Atlanta ..... 4 45 pm
Arrive Marietta ..... 5 39 pm
Connects at all way stations and by signals.
NO. 11 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Atlanta ..... 12 30 am
Arrive Chattanooga ..... 5 50 am
NO. 29 KENNESAW EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Atlanta ..... 5 50 pm
Arrive Marietta ..... 6 53 pm
Arrive Chattanooga ..... 11 35 pm
Connects at all important stations when signalled.
THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS
No. 1 has Pullman palace and Mann Boudoir sleeping cars Jacksonville to Cincinnati without change.
No. 14 runs solid to Rome.
No. 11 has Pullman Palace sleeping cars Jacksonville to Louisville without change; also Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Chattanooga.
No. 12 has through first class coaches Atlanta to Little Rock without change via McKenzie, and Pullman sleeper Atlanta to Nashville without change.
SOUTHBOUND.
NO. 6 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Chattanooga ..... 8 05 am
Arrive Marietta ..... 9 47 am
Arrive Atlanta ..... 1 44 pm
Connects at all important way stations.
NO. 2 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Chattanooga ..... 1 15 pm
Arrive Atlanta ..... 6 35 pm
NO. 30 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Chattanooga ..... 2 00 am
Arrive Atlanta ..... 7 25 am
Connects at all important way stations.
NO. 12 EXPRESS—DAILY.
Leave Chattanooga ..... 9 05 pm
Arrive Atlanta ..... 2 15 am
ATLANTA EXPRESS—Daily Except Sundays.
Leave Rome ..... 7 55 am
Arrive Atlanta ..... 11 05 am
Connects at all way stations and by signals.
NO. 27 Marietta Express—Daily Except Sundays.
Leave Atlanta ..... 7 57 am
Arrive Marietta ..... 8 36 am
THROUGH CAR ARRANGEMENTS.
No. 6 has Pullman palace cars and Mann Boudoir cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville without change.
No. 12 has Pullman Palace cars Louisville to Jacksonville without change.
No. 29 has Pullman sleeper Chattanooga to Atlanta. Pullman sleepers Nashville to Atlanta and through day coach Little Rock to Atlanta without change.
No. 14 runs solid to Atlanta.
JOS. M. BROWN,
Gen'l. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
ALTON ANGIER,
Assistant Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.
J. A. ANDERSON,
Gen'l Superintendent.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD
GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
Office General Manager.
Augusta, Ga. September 18, 1886.
Commencing Sunday, 19th instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:
Trains run by 90th meridian time.
FAST LINE
NO 27 WEST-DAILY.
Leave Augusta ..... 7 45 am
Leave Washington ..... 7 30 am
Leave Athens ..... 7 45 am
Leave Gainesville ..... 9 56 am
Arrive Atlanta ..... 1 00 pm
NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.
Leave Atlanta ..... 2 45 pm
Leave Gainesville ..... 5 55 pm
Arrive Athens ..... 7 40 pm
Arrive Washington ..... 7 55 pm
Arrive Augusta ..... 8 15 pm
DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

NO. 2 EAST-DAILY.	NO. 1 WEST-DAILY.
L've Atlanta ..... 8 00 am	L've Augusta ..... 10 50 am
Ar. Gainesville.. 8 25 pm	" Macon ..... 7 10 am
" Athens ..... 5 30 pm	" Milledgeville 9 28 am
" Washington.. 2 20 pm	" Washington 11 20 am
" Milledgeville 4 43 pm	" Athens ..... 9 00 am
" Macon ..... 6 15 pm	Ar. Gainesville.. 8 25 pm
" Augusta ..... 8 35 pm	" Atlanta ..... 5 45 pm

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 4 EAST-DAILY.	NO. 3 WEST-DAILY.
L've Atlanta ..... 7 30 pm	L've Augusta ..... 9 40 pm
Ar. Augusta ..... 5 00 am	Ar. Atlanta ..... 6 40 am

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

L've Atlanta ..... 6 10 pm	L've. Covington 5 40 am
Decatur ..... 6 46 pm	L've Decatur .... 7 25 am
Ar. Covington.... 8 30 pm	Ar. Atlanta ..... 7 55 am

DECATUR TRAIN.
(Daily except Sundays.

L've Atlanta ..... 9 00 am	L've Decatur ..... 9 45 am
Ar. Decatur ..... 9 30 am	Ar. Atlanta ..... 10 15 am

CLARKSTON TRAIN.

L've Atlanta ..... 12 10 pm	L've Clarkston.. 1 25 pm
L've Decatur ..... 12 42 pm	L've Decatur.... 1 48 pm
Ar. Clarkston.... 12 57 pm	Ar. Atlanta ..... 2 20 pm

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signaled, stop at any regular schedule flag station.
No connection for Gainesville on Sundays.
Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points east, southeast, west, southwest, north and northwest, and carry through sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.
Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers at and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur.
No. 28 stops at Union Point for supper.
Connects at Augusta for all points east and south.
W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager.
E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

CONSTITUTION.

FOR TO-DAY, NOVEMBER 26.

ENERAL ASSEMBLY CALLED TO ORT 10 A. M.
U., AT Y. M. C. A. HALL, AT 2 P. M.
NTS—
HOUSE—THE DEVIL'S AUCTION, HT.

THROUGH THE CITY.

ragraphs Caught on the Pavement the Constitution Reporters.

TS.—Yesterday being legal holiday e courts were in session.

—GREEN.—Wednesday night Mr. Bishop and Miss Sarah Green were marriage by Justice Landrum.

DISEASE.—A negro woman named e dropped dead in front of 20 Highe yesterday morning. Coroner d an inquest, and the jury decided ed from heart disease.

E BOND.—Yesterday Deputy Marshal brought in Frank M. Yancey, county, charged with violating al revenue law. The prisoner gave is appearance at court.

AD CONDITION.—The young man was arrested on a charge of stealne and wagon from a farmer near a, is still in jail, and is considered angerous condition. He has been since he was first arrested.

—SCULLEY.—Mr. Alex. Russell and E Sculley, both of this city, were marriage yesterday. The marriage at the church of SS. Peter and Paul, ga street, the ceremony being per- by Rev. Father McMahon.

Y WEDDED.—Yesterday afternoon ntral Presbyterian church Mr. Wilding was married to Miss Jessie Walarge number of the friends and acoes were present to witness the ceremony and offer their congratulations to the air.

HARLES OSBURN.—Several telegrams to Swiftwater, Miss., yesterday, relative injuries of Mr. Charles Osburn, but o'clock last night no replies had been Jailor Osburn, brother to the man, says he feels sure that his s very badly injured.

AGE AT TRINITY LAST NIGHT.—last night at Trinity church, at 7:30 Miss Mattie Perkins, a charming ly of this city, and sister to Messrs Bros., to Rev. Jasper M. Tumlin, also y, Rev. Dr H. H. Parks performing mony in an impressive manner, which essed by a large number of friends.

HE EARTHQUAKE.—Yesterday at 6:30 p. m, an earthquake shock was felt rts of the city. Apparently it lasted hree seconds. In some parts of the nderable alarm was felt. At the Cenphone office the shock was so severe ook the building quite violently. As uld be ascertained no damage was

HIPPED A WOMAN.—Ed Lewis, who ued by Mounted Officers Clark and ams for beating up a negro woman, at er of Foundry and Mangum streets, night, was fined $15.75 by Recorder yesterday. The darky used a stick gress until he was tired, when he evening's exercises by taking a bay-

AN-JACKSON.—Rev. M. H. Dillard Merritt's avenue church, of this city, ld Wednesday night to Miss Lilla the home of her father in Merricounty. Mr. and Mrs. Dillard dined Rimball yesterday, and left by the fast ng the Georgia railroad for the Mr. Dillard's father in Washington, reception was given them last night.

OLD WAVE.—Yesterday morning sigSergeant Smith received, at 11 o'clock, a telegram the chief signal officer at Washinstructing him to take down the e signal which had been ordered up ay at 10:30 a. m. The fall in temin the twenty four hours, was 19 but local indications favored a greater o'clock yesterday morning the mercured 39°, and at 11 a. m. it had fallen. At that hour the wind was blowfrom the northwest, the velocity miles per hour.

TAU OMEGA.—The date upon which cial congress of the Alpha Tau Omega will assemble in Atlanta is Monday, ecember. It will be a gathering of ative men from all parts of the Saturday night, the 27th instant, a of the members of the fraternity in will take place at the Markham The meeting will be important and it hat it will be fully attended. The n Georgia are expected to arrange eting of the congress. The time is what is to be done must be done

NDUCTORS' RECEPTION LAST NIGHT. ttendance was at the Railroad Young ristian association last night, the eing the conductors' reception. The programme was informally rou-

of Welcome, by Professor J. A. Burns. , by Mr. H. G. Bradley, conductor on ennessee, Virginia and Georgia road. ental trio—Violin, flute and guitar, by ans Elliot and McAffee. ear Robin, I'll be True,"—Miss Maud lo, "Starry Night,"—Miss Isabel Kuhns. recitation, (pathetic)—W P. Gallaher. The Chinese Ambassador."—Master Harie. on, "Oh, for a Man!"—Miss Jessie Harris. olo—Mrs Campbell Wallace. olo—Colonel E. A. Werner. all request, "The Last Hymn," was recite- Maud Shirley.

part of the programme was well rendering the hearty applause of the The Railroad Young Men's Association has planned a series of entertainments and receptions for their members ds to continue through the winter. one will be given for the benefit of fund on December the ninth.

AN ENGINE BLOWN UP.

otive Boiler Explodes in the R. and D. Yard—A Man Injured.

ight an explosion occurred in the and Danville yard about 11 o'clock, nded like a clap of thunder or the a cannon, and startled everybody in ity.

gation disclosed the fact that r of a locomotive engine had and in a few moments quite a crowd ired on the scene, and all was excite-

e that a switch engine of the Richd Danville railroad had been left on a side track in the yard just opwhere Fitzgerald street enters Decawhile entirely unoccupied its boiler

gine was badly wrecked, but the erson hurt was a Cenilroad train hand, named liott. A switch engine of the Cen ad had been employed in shifting hs in the Richmond and Danville was near the engine which exploded e of the blowup. A flying fragment iler struck Elliott, inflicting serious

Wells' Hair Balsam.
estores to original color. An elegant softens and beautifies. No oil nor A Tonic Restorative. Stops hair coming, cleanses, heals scalp. 50c.
ody can now afford to indulge in an ew, when you can buy the finest oyster 5 cents per quart from W. F. Stokes & Marietta and Broad streets. 26-1w

THANKSGIVING.

GENERAL OBSERVANCE OF THE DAY IN ATLANTA.

Religious Services at the Churches—Eloquent Sermon by Rev. Dr. H. H. Tucker to the Members of the General assembly—Banks and Public Buildings Closed Today.

Thanksgiving day was generally observed in Atlanta. The weather was cold and clear, but a high and unpleasant wind prevailed all day.

Religious services were held at several of the churches in the morning.

At St. Luke's Right Rev. John W. Beckwith, bishop of the diocese, officiated. A large congregation was present. The services were solemn and impressive.

At St. Philip's Rev. Byron Holly officiated. The services were impressive. Numerous and valuable contributions were made to the poor of the parish.

At the First Methodist church the services were of a very interesting character. The congregation of Trinity church joined in the services. The sermon was preached by Rev. W. F. Glenn. The choir rendered a number of hymns in magnificent style.

In West End the members of the various Protestant churches united in a service at the Park Street Methodist church.

Mass was celebrated at the church of the Immaculate Conception and at the church of SS. Peter and Paul.

REV. DR. TUCKER'S SERMON.

At 11 o'clock, Rev. Dr. H. H. Tucker preached in the hall of the house of representatives. The hall was filled with members of the general assembly. A few ladies were also present. Several of the ministers of Atlanta churches occupied seats directly in front of the speaker's stand.

Dr. Tucker opened the services by reading the 117th Psalm. Rev. John Jones, chaplain of the senate, followed with prayer. The Young Men's Christian association quartette sang with fine effect, "My country 'tis of thee."

Dr. Tucker's text was the 6th verse of the 116th Psalm: "I was brought low and He helped me." He reviewed the troubles Georgia had experienced in the past, making special reference to the war. That the state had survived the war was cause for thanks. He thought the state's freedom from a conflict between labor and capital was cause for thanks, as was also the friendship which existed between the whites and blacks. That there were no religious disturbances was cause for thanks, and gratitude was due because isms did not thrive upon Georgia soil. He regarded the union of the states a thing to be thankful for. He concluded by saying that special thanks were due for the Bible and religious liberty.

The sermon was an eloquent effort, and was listened to with deep interest.

About noon many of the business houses were closed. The banks were not opened at all. At the capitol all the departments were closed, and holiday hours were observed at the post office and the court house.

Many good dinners were enjoyed. The hotels all had tempting bills of fare.

Taken altogether, the day was one of recreation for a very large number of people.

Throughout the State.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Thanksgiving was observed by a more general suspension of business than for years past. United services of the various Protestant congregations were held at the First Presbyterian church, largely attended. A powerful sermon was preached by Rev. Leonard W. Bacon, of Connecticut. The Episcopal church attended also.

ROME, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Thanksgiving services were held today at the Methodist and Episcopal churches. In the former Dr. Kendall preached and in the latter Rev D. Powers. Tonight services were held at the Baptist church. There was a fine musical programme, and an address by Dr. Headden.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Thanksgiving day was generally observed here today. There were services at most of the churches, which were well attended. The postoffice, the banks, the depots and other public offices were all closed, and a large number of gentlemen spent the day in hunting. Thanksgiving dinners were numerous.

Thanksgiving Marriages.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—Mr. S. Dan McCarty and Miss Mollie Dodd were married in this city last night. The groom is a machinist at the Columbus Iron works.

Mr. Connelly, a foreman in the Columbus iron works, and Miss Minnie Lawrence were married tonight.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 25.—[Special.]—James S. Cannon, a traveling agent of the Morning News, and Miss Eva Wallace, daughter of Henry Wallace, of Guyton, were married at the latter place and left on a bridal trip to the southwest via Atlanta.

Tranie W. Darnell, connected with the house of Holts & Co., and Miss Jessie Gregor were married and left on a trip through upper Georgia. The flags on the Norwegian and Swedish consulate and the Norwegian shipping were flying in honor of the marriage.

IN PEACE.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. Dr. Eddy—The Remains Sent to Detroit.

Yesterday morning occurred the funeral of the late Mrs. Malvina E. Eddy, wife of Rev Zachry Eddy, pastor of the Church of the Redeemed. At half past nine o'clock a. m prayer was offered at the house by Rev. Wm. Shaw, after which the remains were conveyed to the church. A large number of friends were gathered there, and deep and tender was the sympathy that went out from every heart to the stricken family.

Rev. Dr. Barnett, of the First Presbyterian church, announced the opening hymn, "The Last Sleep." Passages of scripture of an appropriate character were read by Rev. J. F. Cook. Dr. Barnett preached the funeral sermon from the text, "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of His saints." The sermon was touching and appropriate, and while outlining the beautiful Christian character of the deceased, who, the speaker said, in her consecration to God's service, was indeed one of "His saints," he spoke words of sympathy and comfort to the bereaved family and friends.

At the close of the sermon, Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, of the First Baptist church, offered a beautiful prayer,

The choir then sang the hymn beginning, "O, Paradise! O, Paradise!" Dr. Strickler pronounced the benediction. The sorrowing friends gathered about the casket to gaze for the last time upon the features of the loved one now at rest, and slowly and sadly dispersed.

The pall-bearers were the six deacons of the church. The remains, accompanied by the family, left for Detroit, Mich., on the afternoon train. The final obsequies will occur there on Saturday. The bereaved family have the sympathy of many friends in their hour of sorrow.

THE SISTERS' FAIR.

A Grand Occasion Prepared for Next Week at the Guard's Armory.

The fair for the benefit of the sisters of mercy will open on Monday night next, in the hall of the Gate City armory.

Quite a number of interesting ballots have been arranged, among them one between the representatives of three railroads, Mr. T. P. Smith, of the Air Line; Mr. M. Taylor, of the East Tennessee, and Mr. Robert Schmidt, jr., of the Central.

Another ballot will be the one between Mr. A. I Branham, of THE CONSTITUTION, and Mr. Gordon Hurtell, of the Capital.

Our enterprising friend, P. J. Kenny, of the firm of Kenny & Jones, has just returned from New York with another lot of fine goods. How this firm sells so many fine goods astonishes some people. The fact is these goods sell themselves. Nothing like them has been in Atlanta before, besides being made up in the best style that good taste and genius can suggest. Such enterprise never fails to get the merited reward. Success to Kenny & Jones.

STILSON
JEWELER,
Removed to 55 Whitehall Street,
New and Full Line of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks Canes, etc., etc.
New Goods and New Store, but now, as heretofore Reliable Goods, Fair Dealings and Bottom Prices.

HAVE YOU TRIED
WHITNEY'S STANDARD
Writing Paper and Envelopes?
You will find them the best for correspondence and all the uses of polite society. Cream and Azure, rough and smooth finish, all sizes, for sale by Thornton & Selkirk.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
HOLIDAY GOODS.
We respectfully invite every lady in Atlanta and vicinity to call early and examine our line of Children's Books, which is the handsomest and largest stock south, and as cheap as the cheapest. Our space will not allow us to give prices.
WRITING DESKS.—A beautiful line from $1.00 to $20.00.
HANDSOME PLUSH and Leather Work Boxes, $1.00 to $6.00.
Large line Scrap Books from 10c to $5.00.
AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS in endless varieties.
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The handsomest all Cabinet Plush Album for $1.50 in Atlanta. Be sure and ask to see this. Elegant stock fine card cases and portfolios. Make very appropriate Xmas presents for ladies or gentlemen.
Nothing better for Xmas or wedding present than one of those beautiful
PASTEL PICTURES,
Only $3.00 to $7.00.
The Handsomest Set of
DICKENS
Ever published, fifteen volumes, well bound and good print, only $10.00.
TEACHERS' BIBLES,
OXFORD EDITION.
Remember, that we have the largest stock at lowest prices. If you are looking for a present, don't buy till you have seen these and get our prices. Fine line of PRAYER BOOKS and HYMNALS at less than half price. No humbug. ample lot. Call and see for yourself. We have an immense stock, and we are bound to clean it out, if low prices are any inducement. Also, an Elegant Line Children's Game Blocks.
Xmas Cards,
Picture Frames, Mirrors, Easels for Plaques, Fancy Whisk Broom Holders, Wall Pockets, etc. In fact, our stock is too extensive to try to enumerate everything. We only ask you, while in search of Holiday Goods, to give us a call, and we will take pleasure in showing you through our stock, which we are satisfied will please you.
THORNTON & SELKIRK.
28 Whitehall Street.

Fine dressed chickens this morning at 10 cents per pound, for spot cash only, and carry home your own packages. W. F. Stokes & Co., 15 Marietta street, corner Broad.

Now Is
The time to buy Christmas presents, before everything is looked over. Toys books and blocks for the children, at John M. Miller's.

PARIS
GOODS
Just arrived and being opened. The public are invited to inspect them.
D. N. FREEMAN & CO.
Cor. Whitehall & Alabama Sts.
Sign LARGE CLOCK.

Clothing.
MY FALL A
—STOC
CLOTHING FOR MEN,
=S NOW
THE LARGEST
NOBBIEST STYLES A
SUITS MADE
GEORGE MUSE.

Amusements.
OPERA HOUSE.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, NOV. 26 AND 27.
GRAND SATURDAY MATINEE AT 2. | THE DEVIL'S AUCTION."
New Scenes, New Situations, New Specialties, New Paraphernalia, and Two New Premiers, Mlle. Leonilda Siecefoni, Prima Ballarina Assoluta, from Eden Theater, Paris; Mlle. Riveri, from Alhambra, London, and Mons. Lorella, the Greatest Living Grotesque; Ignaccio Martinetti, Edith Murillo; Brothers Snow, Exponents of Comic Gymnasium; the Three Lorellas, Eccentric Grotesques; the Marvelous Salomonskys, in "La Quaire Kiokapoos;" the Transformation Scene, depicting Fairy Land and Crystal Lake, the most elaborate mechanism ever built; the Great Alhambra Ballet, from the Alhambra Palace, London, enlarged and strengthened; the Mikado Ballet, introducing new terpsichorean specialties, also the Postillion and Peacock Dances, and the Comic Ballets, the Paducan Dragoons.
Prices $1, 75c., 2[illegible] reserved seats at Miller's Book Store. nov21 23 25 26 27

ALL FOR HOPE LADIES
Who have despaired of being cured of certain Female Diseases. Manner of cure sent free by one who has been cured.
Address,
MRS. MARY A. BURDETT,
213 Crew Street,
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BEST GOODS.
LOWEST PRICES,
—AND—
PLENTY OF THEM
—AT—
A. F. PICKERT
THE JEWELER,
No. 5, Whitehall St.
7th page

Bee Line to New York and Boston,
THIS IS THE ONLY LINE RUNNING SLEEPING cars from Cincinnati to Boston, and the only line running through cars into the city of New York without any transfer whatever, avoiding the disagreeable winter ferriage of the Hudson river. No extra charge on the limited express, four fast express trains a day to Cleveland, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany and all points in New York, New England and Canada; ask your ticket agent for map and folder, or address
J. E. REEVES,
General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O.
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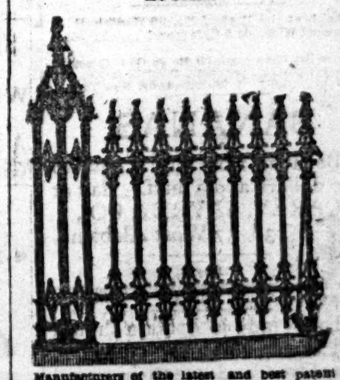
Clothing.
ND WINTER
K OF—
BOYS' AND CHILDREN
READY.=
ASSORTMENT
ND LOWEST PRICES!
TO ORDER!
38 Whitehall st.

REAL ESTATE COLUMN
—OF—
SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.
CENTRAL STORE
96 WHITEHALL STREET.
TWO-STORY BRICK, WITH BASEMENT, LOT 25x200 feet, with side and rear alley. At auction Friday, November 26, 11 a. m., on the premises.
SAM'L W. GOODE & CO., Agents. N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.
Plat of No. 96 Whitehall, occupied by C. W. Motes & Co., Harness and Saddlery.

Sch'm'nn
JOHN KEELY.
HUNTER ST.
Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.
Surprise Store.
N.
S.
Grant House.
Lieberman, Kaufman & Co.
Bradfield Estate.
200
Store for Sale.
200
M. R. Berry.
Pinson & Dozier.
MITCHELL ST.
Brotherton.
Laird.
Store to be Sold at Auction 11 A. M. Today.
McConnell & James.
Whitehall St. and Car Line.
No. 96.
12 ft. Alley.
10 ft. Alley.

THE ABOVE PLAT
Represents first class business property, on the best retail street in Atlanta. It is a 2-story brick store, with basement, on a lot 25x200 feet, with a 10-ft. alley in the rear, and a 12-ft. alley running in from Mitchell street at a distance of 100 feet from east side of Whitehall street. The wall on the north side belongs wholly to the building, and is a solid fire wall. The stairway is a joint one, as is the hall upstairs. The same tenant has occupied this store and basement for about seven years, but these, together with the 7 rooms up-stairs, ought really to rent for $100 per month. This is perhaps the only store property on Whitehall street for sale, and this class of real estate is always in demand. If the present improvements were remodeled so as to properly utilize the extraordinary depth of the lot—200 feet—a much better income might be realized. There is no longer any doubt that real estate is on the upward turn, and that the demand for it is increasing, and that sales will be more frequent and satisfactory. Mr. M. R. Berry, Captain W. D. Grant, and like shrewd business men, own stores adjacent to and in the neighborhood of this property, and they cannot be tempted to sell, for it pays better than stocks and bonds. Terms half cash, balance six and twelve months, with eight per cent interest. Sam'l W. Goode & Co., Agents, No. 1 Marietta, corner Peachtree street.
As the above sale of No. 96 Whitehall is the first auction sale of first class business property this fall, it is hoped that all real estate owners and dealers will attend, and all are most cordially invited.
SAM'L W. GOODE & CO., Agents.

—IT WILL PAY YOU—
To see our stock of
ENGRAVINGS,
ART NOVELTIES,
HANDSOME GIFT BOOKS
And other
HOLIDAY GOODS
Now this Season.
WILSON & BRUCKNER,
6 and 8 Marietta Street.

Hackett & Rice Iron Fence Co
ATLANTA, GA
The Only Wrought Iron Fence Company the South.

Manufacturers of the latest and best patent Wrought Iron Fence on the market. Also Crestings, Grates, Sash Weights, Hitching Posts and Builders' Castings. All work guaranteed equal to the best made. Send for prices before ordering elsewhere. Good local agents wanted in every town in the south, to whom exclusive territory will be given.

FILL MORRIS, Griffin, Ga.
CONVENIENT AND RELIABLE. MAIL OR telegraphs your orders for all kinds of fine whiskies and wines. I run three establishments in Griffin and you get good goods and no "fancy prices." Sweet mash corn whisky a specialty. Only a few hours between the time of sending orders and receiving the goods. Blank orders can be obtained at No. 5 E. Alabama st., Atlanta. 7p

James A. Anderson & Co.

WE'RE READY
FOR THE MEN and Boys TOO.
Our matchless stock is ready and we want the people of this city to realize that no firm in this city offers the advantages in the
VARIETY of CLOTHING,
Quality of Goods,
Low Prices or Liberal Dealing
THAT WE DO.
Our Merchant Tailoring Department, the largest in Georgia, and we defy competition in Style, Fit and Prices. Wm. J. Healy and C. G. Grosse, Cutters.
JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 WHITEHALL ST.

CLOTHING
OUR FALL & WINTER STOCK
—OF—
Men's and Boys' Clothing
is now complete and is by far the largest in quantity, the best in quality, and the best fitting and stylish we have ever shown, at prices to suit the times.
Our Assortment
—OF—
OVERCOATS
is simply immense, embracing every
Style and Quality
—FROM—
Medium to the Finest
and in all Shades. A full Line of Underwear in WHITE and COLORED.
By giving us a call we promise to make it to your interest.
A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall, Corner Alabama.

BRADFIELD & WARE.
We have just received a large lot of the most elegant Fancy Goods ever brought to this city, and will sell them at marvelously low prices.
WE HAVE:

Elegant Plush Toilet Sets from	$2 50	to $25 00
" " Manicure sets from	2 00	to 20 00
" " Odor Cases from	2 50	to 10 00
" " Work Boxes from	3 00	to 15 00
Beautiful Celonge Bottles from	35	to 6 00
Fine Cracked Glass and Peachblow Vases from	2 00	to 6 00
Extra fine French Plate Glass Mirrors, in Plush and Morocco	75	to 6 00

We have a full line of the celebrated Vennard's Extracts in beautiful antique jugs. Also in endless variety and at the lowest prices, Combs, Brushes, Perfumes, Soaps, Thermometers, Sponges, Patent Medicines, and, in fact, everything that is usually kept in first-class drugstores.
We beg leave to call your attention to our Prescription Department, which is the most complete in the city. We use only the purest drugs and chemicals, and fill prescriptions both accurately and at moderate prices.
BRADFIELD & WARE,
NO. 26 WHITEHALL STREET.
su tu fri 7p

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE
—AND—
College of Music
WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1886. The Music and Art Department are respectively under the care of Mr. Constantine Sternberg and Mr. William Lyceit. For circulars apply to MRS. J. W. BAILLARD, Principal.

118 WHITEHALL ST.
TELEPHONE 451.

16 pounds Standard Granulated Sugar	1 00
17 pounds C sugar	1 00
11 pounds pure Leaf Lard	1 00
10 pounds O. K. Lard	1 00
16 pounds Head rice	1 00
20 pounds Choice Rice	1 00
50 pounds Grits	1 00
42 Bars Soap	1 00
6 Cans Eagle Cond. Milk	1 00
30 pounds any Patent Flour	1 00
Arbuckle's and Levering's Coffee, per pound	12½
Dove hams per pound	20
Lemons, per doz	10
Cranberries, per quart	20
Prunes, 3 lbs for	25
Citron	15
Currants 2 pounds for	20
3 pounds any kind of jelly	4
Oat meal, fresh, per pound	6
Apple Butter	40
Best black teas, per pound	45
Best gunpowder teas	45
Royal baking powder, 1 lb. cans	45
Price's baking powder, 1 lb cans	90
Catsup per quart 20c, gallon	90
Maple Sugar per gallon	90

I am determined to give fresh goods cheaper than the lowest for the cash. I keep no books, credit no one, lose no money and save you 20 per cent. Just come one time and be convinced.
Be sure of my number—118 Whitehall street.
7th page. CHAS. G. THORN,

McBRIDE'S

CHINA, CUTLERY,
HOUSEFURNISHING EMPORIUM!
29 PEACHTREE.
CHEAPEST IN THE COUNTRY.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, November 25, 9:00 P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment time at each place named.

	Barometer	Thermometer	Dew Point	WIND. Direction	Velocity	Rainfall	Weather
Augusta	30.25	42	...	W	Light.	.00	Clear.
Savannah	30.25	50	...	NW	10	.00	Clear.
Jacksonville	30 23	49	...	NW	10	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	30.34	40	34	NW	Light.	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	30.36	47	37	NE	Light.	.00	Clear.
Galveston	30.36	58	40	S	Light.	.00	Clear.
Palestine	30.33	70	25	W	Light.	.00	Clear.
Fort Smith	30.22	39	...	SE	Light.	.00	Clear.
Shreveport						.00	

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

6 a. m.	29.88	39	37	NW	18	.00 Clear.
2 p. m.	30 09	45	19	NW	27	.00 Clear.
9 p. m.	30 27	35	24	NW	13	.00 Clear.

Maximum thermometer ..... .47
Minimum thermometer ..... .34
Total rainfall ..... .00

COME

Before the rush begins and buy what you want for

CHRISTMAS!

We have the largest store and largest stock of Holiday Goods in the south, and our prices are lower than any house in the business.

DOLLS

ALL KINDS
ALL PRICES,
From the finest French to the cheapest China.

TOYS!

TO SUIT EVERYBODY.
We can show you nearly
TWO CAR LOADS
—OF—
Wagons
Velocipedes
Doll Carriages
and all such things for boys and girls.

We manufacture fresh, daily, a most elegant line of Absolutely Pure French

CANDIES!

CAKES AND CRACKERS.
All goods warranted pure and fresh, at bottom prices.

J. H. NUNNALLY
36 WHITEHALL STREET

Meetings.

Very Important to the W. C. T. U.

Meet promptly tomorrow (Friday), at 2 p. m., at the Y. M. C. A.—no delay, and highly necessary.
MRS. HARPER, President.
MISS STOKES, Secretary.

Fertilizers for Sale.

I NOW OFFER FOR SALE FOR CASH:
1,100 tons of Acidulated South Carolina Phosphate Rock, and
500 tons of Ammoniated Acid Phosphate; also
270 tons of Sulphuric Acid.
All the product of the Georgia Chemical and Mining Company.
Sold in any quantity at private sale under and by virtue of an order of the United States Circuit Court for the Northen District of Georgia.
PAUL ROMARE,
d2w Receiver.

Voting Places for City Election

DECEMBER 1ST, 1886.

THE CITY COUNCIL HAS SELECTED THE FOLlowing places for holding the election for Mayor, Aldermen and Councilmen December 1st, next:
First ward, corner Broad and Mitchell streets.
Second ward, corner Pryor and Hunter streets.
Third ward, corner Fair and Frazier streets.
Fourth ward, corner Decatur and Bell streets.
Fifth ward, No. 139 Marietta street.
Sixth ward, No. 7 North Broad street.
J. H. GOLDSMITH,
nov1 dtde City Clerk.

SOURED TURKEYS.

The Damaging Effect of Warm Weather and Rain.

The number of turkeys brought to Atlanta for use on Thanksgiving Day was very large. Many of them, already dressed, were received on Tuesday and Wednesday, and were displayed in front of the commission and retail grocery stores for sale. The weather on those two days was warm, and heavy rains were frequent. The result was that many of the turkeys soured It is not known that anybody attempted to sell turkeys in that condition, but on Wednesday prices had a decided tumble. Hundreds were offered at ten and eight cents a pound.

In front of some of the stores yesterday, dressed turkeys were laid on planks and placed on the side-walks to dry. In front of one store a CONSTITUTION reporter counted twenty-eight in a row. They looked wilted and unhealthful.

A number of merchants sustained considerable losses by being unable to dispose of their stocks. As a rule, however, the merchants received the turkeys on consignment, and in consequence whatever losses were sustained, fell upon the shippers.

An observant citizen suggested to the reporter that the city council should appoint an inspector of food. He contended that the temptation to sell damaged food, such as soured turkeys, for instance, was great, and that consumers should be protected.

FITS! All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

What About Atlanta Real Estate?

Go to Samuel W. Goode & Co.'s auction sale, at No. 96 Whitehall, at 11 o'clock today and find out.

The Devil's Auction.

Tonight begins the engagement of this famous combination, giving the grandest spectacular performance ever given in Atlanta, with a splendor only described in the fictions called the "Arabian Nights." The Devil's Auction is nothing, from beginning to end, but a procession of the most marvelous displays of scenic effects, mechanical wonders, acrobatic feats, artistic dances, exquisite ballets, ridiculous and funny incidents, intensely interesting situations, the whole presented by an army of performers of first merit and clad in the most rich and gorgeous costumes. From beginning to end, the play resembles a grand kaleidoscope. The Washington Republican says:

The scenes shift from Normandy to the court of the flowery kingdom, with the Chinese emperor and his children of the moon, all clad in appropriate costumes, and then again to the court of the Turkish empire, with the Grand Caliph in state attended by the Kahn of Tartary, Turks and slaves of the harem—changes made with startling celerity—and always our lovers and their friends appear attired in proper costume. The ballets are led by three leading and proficient danseuses, and the scenes of their triumphs are indeed highly artistic. There are "Devils galore" throughout, and the kaleidoscopic successions of marvellous mechanical effects kept the audience dazzled and alert to follow their rapid transformations. The premiers are well trained artists of the ballet; the contortionist a star of the first magnitude; the acrobatic brothers a whole circus in themselves, the trapeze absurdity scored a rousing recognition of merit. The song, costumes and, in fact, the whole performance of the "Devil's Auction" may well be called the "king of spectacles."

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

Gospel Temperance Service Tonight.

The meeting is intended to be the people's meeting, though held under the auspices of the Womans' Christian Temperance Union. The state W. C. T. U. president and recording secretary are expected to take part in the meeting tonight at the Marietta street Methodist church, near the corner of Marietta and Spring streets. Services conducted by the state corresponding secretary, Miss Stokes, and participated in by ladies and gentlemen. Visitors to the city and the public generally cordially invited.

Every Thing

In the book line that will amuse and instruct the children at John M. Miller's, 31 Marietta street,

Liquors.

All the leading brands of Ryes, Bourbon and Corn Whiskies, Imported Brandies and Wines. Orders sent by morning train delivered same day. Call at 23 Decatur street for blank orders, or write direct to Griffin, Ga. tf

See the Plat of No. 96 Whitehall

In Samuel W. Goode & Co.'s special column. Sale today at 11 a. m.

A. B. C.

Blocks at John M. Miller's, 31 Marietta street.

A. Dougherty, Rome, Ga., is interested in one of the largest distilleries in Kentucky and handles none but the best whiskies, also Gibson. * * * * Orders received and shipped same day. 1m

Cocoanuts,

Bananas, Oranges, Apples, Malaga and California Grapes and full line of Groceries. Carey, Sayre & Co. tf

Go to G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga., for best whiskies by the jug, keg or barrel. Also Cincinnati beer by the keg and bottles. 6m

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Blocks for the children, at John M. Miller's, 31 Marietta street.

Take Notice.

The celebrated cycloramas of the battle of Gettysburg will be on exhibition at Peters park, day and night, from November 25th to December 10th. An exact representation of the great Chicago and Philadelphia paintings. Electric lights will be used during the evening, giving plenty of light for those who cannot attend during the day. A band of music will be in attendance. Don't fail to see it.

Examine the Plat—Be at the Sale

Of No. 96 Whitehall, at 11 o'clock this morning, by Samuel W. Goode & Co.

TEXAS PECANS!

ORDERS FILLED AT LOWEST MARKET ON day of shipment. Quotations and samples sent on request.
Market today 7c to 9c, owing to quality.
Orders filled for one bbl and up.
Submit offers on round lots.
TURNLEY & CO.,
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Call this morning and get your fine Thanksgiving dressed turkeys at 11½ cents per pound, for spot cash only. W. F. Stokes & Co., 15 Marietta street, corner Broad.

Look at the Plat of No, 96 Whitehall

In Samuel W. Goode & Co.'s special column today.

Extra Dry Champagne (D. R. & Co.) Quarts $9 per case; pints $11 per case. D. RICH & CO., 2 785 Broadway, New York.

BANANAS.

Bananas from fifty cents to two dollars and a half. Call at CAREY, SAYRE & CO., 35, 37 West Alabama.

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Your toy books for Christmas before the rush. Large stock at John M. Miller's.

Every lady in Atlanta should call at the "White" office, 65 Peachtree, and see their grand display of art work, being our third annual opening, surpassing anything ever shown in this city. Commencing today.

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For Christmas presents at John M. Miller's, 31 Marietta. Buy them now before the rush.

Elevator Wanted.

Second hand, hand elevator wanted. Address J. G. Truitt, LaGrange, Ga.

THE HOME IN DANGER.

Some Serious Evils that are Menacing the Most Valuable Institution in the Land.

Few people realize the value of a home until they are deprived of it. It is a spot upon which centres all the best thoughts, best emotions, and best life of the land. It is the inspiration for the father in the hardest duties of life; the hope of the mother in her many trials and infirmities, and the one spot in which the child can be trained to noble manhood or womanhood. But how often it is overshadowed by a dark cloud! Too often it is a dwelling place of misery, instead of a home of happiness.

When the father comes home weary and careworn at night, exhausted in body, and nervous from the strain that has been brought upon him; when he realizes his sturdy manhood is departing under the influence of some mysterious trouble; when he feels day by day that pain is coming upon him, then the dark shadow rises to obscure the sunlight from the home. Or again, when the mother feels a sense of weakness, mysterious bearing down, and growing infirmity which she cannot avoid; when she sees her skin growing sallow and her youth departing, it is the coming on of a cloud that may be inky in its blackness. At such times as these, the best friend to the home is that which will build up, restore, and bring back wasted energy and life. This must not be accomplished, however, by using unnatural stimulants or questionable drugs, but by observing the laws of nature, and assisting these laws to truly perform their missions. To this most desirable end, nothing has ever been found which can in any way equal Volina Cordial, which is attracting so much attention throughout the land, and is really working a revolution in human strength and happiness

There are thousands of men and women in America to day, who were in far more pitiable condition than that above described, that have been rescued, rejuvenated and restored to their families, so that they are a help rather than a burden to the home. We could instance numerous cases, which would prove this assertion, among them a very prominent one in Charleston, S. C., but it is not required, and we look for grand results in the great increase of health, strength and happiness from the people of this country, from the use in the family of Volina Cordial.

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SOLUBLE GUANO, (highly ammoniated.)
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ASH ELEMENT.
FLOATS.
GERMAN KAINIT.
HIGH GRADE RICE FERTILIZER.
COTTON SEED MEAL.
COTTON SEED HULL ASHES.

Office, Vanderhorst's Wharf.
All orders promptly filled.
oct28 6m R. M. MEANS Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 15th, 1886.

THE FIRM OF J. M. HUNNICUTT & CO. HAS this day been dissolved by mutual consent, C. M. Berry, agent, retiring. The business will be continued by J. M. Hunnicutt and J. J. Pillsbury, under the firm name of J. M Hunnicutt & Co., who assume all liabilities and will collect all accounts due the old firm. J. M HUNNICUTT,
C. M. BERRY, Agent,
J. J. PILLSBURY.

In retiring from the firm of J. M. Hunnicutt & Co., I desire to return thanks to all who have favored us with their patronage, and ask a continuance of the same to the new firm.
nov16 d4t tu 5p C. M. BERRY

NOTICE!

FIVE NOTES, EACH FOR TEN DOLLARS, DUE on 1st of December, January, February, March and April respectively, drawn in favor of John Trammell and signed by Z. Estes, will not be paid, on account of failure of consideration.
Atlanta, November 22, 1886. Z ESTES.
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NONE GENUINE
UNLESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARK, A LIGHT METALLIC SEAL, ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND THE STRING CANVAS, AS IN THE CUT.

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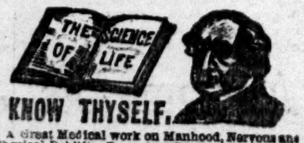

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NEW CRYSTALLIZED LENSES

Have won the admiration of every Spectacle wearer who has used them. They stand unrivalled in their splendid reputation. Our testimonials are from governors, senators, legislators, and from the most distinguished men in all branches of science, who have had their sight improved by their use.

UNPRECEDENTED SALES

Everywhere. Overwhelming testimony in favor of their superiority. They can be worn any length of time at one sitting, and give astonishing clearances of vision, either by candle or by other artificial lights.

Mr. Hawkes not only has the best glasses, but carefully examines the eye of each patient, and gives indispensable advice as to the proper selection of glasses, having had an experience of eighteen years in this branch of science. Every pair warranted.

MORE TESTIMONIALS.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 6, 1886.—Mr. A. K. Hawkes—Dear Sir: I have been wearing Spectacles for about twenty-five years. During the last three years have worn your crystallized lenses, and am happy to say that they have improved my eye sight. They are the best by far, of any glasses I have ever used. In brilliancy and softness of endurance to the eye they are unequalled. Respectfully,
J. M. BROSIUS,
Inventor of the Brosius Patent Adjustable Wagon Axle, Atlanta, Ga.

From Governor S. P. Hughes, of Arkansas

Having used A. K. Hawkes' new Crystallized Lenses for some months, I have found them the finest glasses I have ever used.
SIMON P. HUGHES,
Governor of Arkansas.

Press Reports

From the Christian Advocate, Galveston, Tex.

"Mr. A. K Hawkes has gained a national reputation as a practical optician, and his celebrated spectacles and patent spring eyeglasses are known throughout the United States. We are writing this article with a pair of his new Crystallized Lenses, and they seem to us as transparent as light itself; and with them the finest print is as clear as in youth."

CLARKESDALE, Miss, April 3, 1886.—This isto certify that I have been using Hawkes' Crystalized Spectacles and am convinced they are the most satisfactory glasses I have ever tried. My eyes have been greatly benefited by their use.
E. A. DAVIDSON,
Of Clarksville Banner.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The eyeglasses I purchased from you nearly three years ago have given me perfect satisfaction. I am enabled to read the finest print with them as clearly as the day I procured them. Respectfully,
MARION MARTIN,
Senator from Corsicana.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: About one year ago my sight began to fail with the usual symptoms, viz: After reading for a short time my eyes became confused and there seemed to be a dimness before them also accompanied with the pains in the eyeball. Being satisfied that glasses were imperatively demanded, applied to you for them, and I am happy to say, with wonderful results; for, after having worn them for a short time, my eyes regained their accustomed strength, and I can now read the finest print for hours with perfect ease without glasses. P. S. SPILLER,
Clerk in Land Office.

The following are a few of the leading firms who are handling our glasses in their respective towns:
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Brannon & Carson, druggists, Columbus, Ga.
G. Van Antwerp, druggists, Mobile, Ala.
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M. B. Metcalf, druggist, Montgomery, Ala.
Osceola Butler, druggist, Savannah, Ga.
L. J. Miller & Co., druggist, Augusta, Ga.
Dr. E. S. Harrison, druggist, Thompson, Ga.
M. A. Peteet, druggist, Madison, Ga.
Dr. E. S. Lyndon, druggist, Athens, Ga.
Dr. J. W. Oslin & Son, druggists, Gainesville, Ga.
Dr. E. J. Setzo, druggist, Marietta, Ga.
H. D. Cothran & Co., druggists, Rome, Ga.
Dr. M. C. Martin, druggist, Dalton, Ga.
Berry & Co., druggists, Chattanooga, Tenn.
T. T. Smiley, Barnesville, Ga.
J. J. Crawford, druggist, West Point, Ga.
F. M. Ridley & Co., druggist, LaGrange, Ga.
Collier and Hurt, druggists, Opelika, Ala.
J. A. McClain, general merchandise, Ringgold, Ga.
Thomas Johnson, druggist, Adairsville, Ga.
Hogue & Co., Rockmart, Ga.
J. P. Ballard & Co., druggists, Eatonton, Ga.
Dr. C. Daniel, druggist, Tennille, Ga.
Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, wholesale and retail druggists, Vineville and Albany, Ga.
Crumley & Co., druggists, Montezuma, Ga.
W. E. Sanders, druggist, Forsyth, Ga.
Dr. J. N. Harris & Son, druggists, Griffin, Ga.
Taylor & Jelks, druggists, Hawkinsville, Ga.
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Dr. A. St. C. Tennille, druggist, Troy, Ala.
Dr. C. H. Franklin, druggist, Union Springs, Ala.
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J. F. Matthews, Monroe, Ga.
Dr. S. H. Dillard, druggist, Union Point, Ga.
Dr. R. J. Reid, druggist, Crawfordsville, Ga.
Dr. J. A. Wright, druggist, Covington, Ga.
J. K. Ellis & Co., wholesale and retail druggists, Birmingham, Ala.
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G. F. Carter & Co., druggists, Athens, Tenn.
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Dr. A. S. Murphy, druggist, Eutaw, Ala.
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T. T. Meade & Co., druggists, Brookhaven, Miss.
Sample & Persell, druggists, Summit, Miss.
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W. E. Smith, Grenada, Miss.
L. N. Kiser, druggist, Canton, Miss.
Dr. C. J. Lincoln, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Little Rock, Ark.
J. J. Collins, druggist, Baton Rouge, La.
M. F. Wood, druggists, Cartersville, Ga.
Together with 1,000 others.

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We would caution the public against buying spectacles of irresponsible peddlers traveling through the country and representing them to be A. K. Hawes's, or selling the same class of goods My spectacles are stamped on frame "Hawkes," and none genuine unless stamped on the frame, and are not supplied to peddlers at any price.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED

If these glasses are not sold by a dealer in your town send for large descriptive circular, with explicit directions for fitting the eye.
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Marvelous success. Insane Persons Restored. Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send name, P. O. and express address of afflicted to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.
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OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE!
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WE ARE STILL AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS
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Been selling for the past several seasons, and there is none better.

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FINE MACHINE WORK IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
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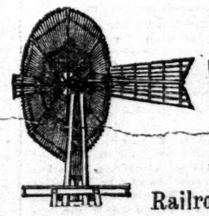

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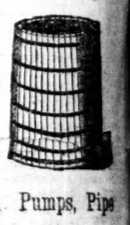

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THE

VOL. XVIII.

THE SMART POLICEMEN.

CLEANING OUT THE FORCE IN WASHINGTON CITY.

The District Commissioners Announce Their Decision in the Matter of the Police Trying to Influence Legislation by Keeping Watch Over Officials' Private Life.

WASHINGTON, November 24.—The district commissioners announced their decision in the matter of the Washington police investigation. Major Walker, chief of police, is allowed to resign; Lieutenant Arnold is dismissed; Lieutenant Kelley is reprimanded and suspended for three months without pay; Sergeant Diggins is reprimanded and reduced to ranks for three months, and Private Edelin is dismissed. Arnold was charged with false statements in reference to his superior officer to the effect that Superintendent Walker had given instructions which amounted to establishing a system of espionage over the private life of public men so the end that the information so gained might be used in influencing legislation, such as the police authorities might desire hereafter. Kelley was witness in the case and his testimony, to some extent, corroborated that of Arnold in his own behalf. He had gained a somewhat similar understanding of Walker's remarks as Arnold had, but the reason assigned for his punishment is that his statements to the commissioners in the prior informal investigation disagreed with his sworn statements upon the official and open investigation.

Sergeant Diggins is the man to whom Arnold gave his version of Walker's remarks to his lieutenants. Diggins's offense was indiscreet speech in repeating Arnold's remarks after being cautioned not to do so. Private Edelin is the man to whom Diggins talked too freely. Edelin has a grudge against Superintendent Walker because Walker had taken him from detective duty and put him on parole. He speedily spread among other disaffected persons Arnold's story, as repeated by Diggins, and it became public very much amplified, necessitating this investigation. Major Walker had tendered his resignation, when the affair became a public scandal. It is accepted, because of suggestions to his men which he admitted to have made, that members of the police force should actively interest themselves to influence legislation.

The specific charge against Lieutenant Arnold, as set forth by the commissioners, was that he had "wilfully misrepresented the superintendent of police and made himself the responsible medium of conveying to the public the false assertion that the superintendent had instructed his officers to note the personal acts of members of congress," (such as their alleged visits to disreputable places) in order to influence legislation for the benefit of the police force.

Lieutenant Arnold's defense was that the superintendent of police did, in point of fact, give such instructions, or suggestions equivalent thereto, at a meeting of police officers held the first of October, 1886, and that although he (Arnold) repeated such instructions or suggestions to his sergeant, Diggins, he did so in confidence, with no intention of creating a public scandal, and he afterwards deeply regretted his action. The commissioners find upon a review of the testimony taken in the case, that it is not sufficient to fully sustain the technical charge or specifications thereunder in the form in which they are prepared, but that it discloses a condition of affairs in the police department which demands the serious attention and prompt application of remedial measures. They decide, first that:

It is untrue that Major Walker made, or contemplated making any such order or suggestion as was attributed to him by Lieutenant Arnold, and therefore falsely not a just basis, whatsoever, for doubt of Major Walker's entire integrity of purpose and sincerity of statement. Major Walker's suggestion to the lieutenants had reference solely to such personal, friendly communication with members of congress as he himself produced to have, and his late error was failing to see that police officials could legitimately commend themselves to the favorable attention of the commissioners and congress by no other means than an intelligent and faithful discharge of their every day duties. While commending generally Major Walker's zeal and industry the commissioners must, therefore, condemn his suggestion, however innocently intended, of the personal intervention of the police in matters of legislation.

2. That Lieutenant Arnold did misrepresent the superintendent to his sergeant, Diggins, who conveyed the purport of the matter to Private Edelin, and he to others, thus creating the scandal.

3. That Lieutenant Arnold therefore stands convicted of communicating an imputation against his superior officers, of making a suggestion which his own prolonged experience in police affairs must have taught him could result only in disaster and disgrace. Furthermore, it appears in evidence, and it is not denied, that Lieutenant Arnold made an assertion conveying an infamous and imposible accusation against a prominent, though unnamed, official of the government. It is useless to speculate upon his purpose in giving utterance to this vile and absurd slander, but the fact that he uttered it is established."

It is therefore ordered:

1. That the resignation of Major Walker, which he has already, with good taste, placed at the disposal of the commissioners, is accepted.

2. That Lieutenant Arnold is dismissed from the service for gross indiscretion, false allegations against public men and false statements to the commissioners.

3. That Lieutenant Kelly is reprimanded and suspended from duty, without pay, for three months for making false statements to the commissioners.

4. That Sergeant Diggins is reprimanded and reduced in rank for three months for repeating to private Edelin the statement of Arnold, after having been ordered to let the matter drop.

5. That Private Edelin is dismissed from the service for false swearing on this trial and for disseminating scandal and tale-bearing after having had the truth of his assertions denied to him by Lieutenant Arnold and been ordered to hold his tongue.

Captain Austin will temporarily assume charge as acting superintendent of the police.

Major Walker has written a long letter to the commissioners in which he says that: "The investigation has not brought to the surface the true history of the case in all its bearings, and that other persons "were associated with him," (Arnold) "in an attempt to break up the discipline and government of the police force in the district of Columbia and to reflect dishonor and discredit upon yourselves." In his letter Major Walker charges James A. McDevitt, member of a former detective force of this city, with an attempt to "wreck the present police administration," by means of a system of espionage, threats, annoying letters, etc., which has finally culminated in the present scandal, and asserts that in this work he was aided and abetted by Lieutenant Arnold.

Further along in his letter Major Walker says:

As to the propriety of my asking the lieutenants to make friends, with members to the end that needful police legislation might be had, it has always been its practice in the department, and my recollection was no departure from the custom, as will be shown by an exhibit accompanying the letter.

The local papers will tomorrow publish interviews with a large number of reputable business men regarding the decision of the commissioners in the case of Lieutenant Arnold. The so exhibit an almost unanimous indorsement of the commissioners' verdict. Out of almost a hundred men interviewed only one was found who believed the verdict to be just. A petition was signed by a number of business men tonight for presentation to the commissioners, protesting against their decision and asking the reinstatement of Lieutenant Arnold.

The Massachusetts Election.

BOSTON, November 24.—The governor and council this morning completed their canvass of the votes cast at the recent state election and have declared the result of the total vote of the state to be 242,769. The plurality for Ames, republican, for governor, is 9 463; Brackett, republican, for lieutenant governor, 4 978. Attorney General Sherman leads the republican state ticket with 124,263 votes or about 12,700 plurality over the democratic candidate.